Protection of All Property from Warrantless Searches Act

March 11, 2021

Section 1. Title

This Act may be cited as "The Protection of All Property from Warrantless Searches Act."

Section 2. Findings

- 1. The people of this State have a right to be free from physical intrusions on their private property.
- 2. The people of this State have a reasonable expectation of privacy in their homes and property, both real and personal.
- 3. This State should protect its residents' homes and property, both real and personal, from warrantless and otherwise illegal searches and seizures.

Section 3. Definitions

For purposes of this Act:

- 1. "Government agent" means any local, state, or federal official who is employed or contracted by government in this state, including any peace officer, inspector, and wildlife official.
- 2. "Home" means any private residence that is owned, leased, used or occupied. It includes private land on which the residence is located.
- 3. "Private land" means land that is owned, leased, used, or occupied by a natural person or a non-government entity.
- 4. "Probable cause" means the presence of facts and circumstances within the government agent's knowledge that would warrant a person of reasonable caution to believe that an offense has been or is being committed. The possession, discharge, or use of one or more items that are legal to possess does not constitute probable cause for a government agent to enter a home or private land.
- 5. "Search warrant" means a warrant that is supported by individualized probable cause and executed by a magistrate or judge.

Section 4. Conditions for Government to Enter Homes and Private Land

- 1. No government agent shall enter a home or private land without a search warrant except:
 - a. After receiving the permission of the property owner, lessee, or occupant;
 - b. To respond to a life-threatening emergency or another immediate threat to public safety that was either reported to the agent or the agent personally observed
 - c. To prevent the imminent unlawful killing of wildlife or the destruction of evidence of such unlawful killing where the agent has probable cause to believe either is about to occur; or
 - d. To dispatch crippled or distressed wildlife the agent has personally observed.
- 2. Upon entering private land, the government agent shall immediately notify the landowner, lessee, or occupant if notice can be reasonably made.
- 3. Unless entering under an exception in subsection (1), a government agent shall show the search warrant to the property owner, lessee, or occupant if they are present.
- 4. If a government agent is equipped with a body-mounted camera while entering a home or private land, the camera must be activated, unobscured, and recording the entire time the agent is on the property.
- 5. If a government agent enters private land pursuant to subsection (1)(d) of this section, the agent shall, prior to and after dispatching the wildlife, show the wildlife to the landowner, lessee, or occupant if the landowner, lessee, or occupant requests to see the wildlife.
- 6. A government agent shall not seize any private property, including currency, vehicles, weapons, tools, or wild game, without individualized probable cause of the commission of a criminal offense.

Section 5. Illegal Searches and Seizures

- 1. Any evidence obtained pursuant to a search or seizure conducted in violation of this Act is inadmissible in any administrative, civil, or criminal proceeding.
- 2. Any arrest made pursuant to a search or seizure conducted in violation of this Act is invalid.
- 3. If a government agent searches or enters a home or private land in violation of this Act, a person who believes his rights have been violated may pursue an action under [insert the state's civil rights act].
- 4. In an action under subsection 3, a prevailing plaintiff may recover declaratory relief, injunctive relief, compensatory damages, nominal damages, and attorney's fees.

Section 6. Effective Date

This Act shall take effect on [date].

For more information, contact:

Meagan Forbes Legislative Counsel Institute for Justice 520 Nicollet Mall, Suite 550 Minneapolis, MN 55402 (612) 435-3451 mforbes@ij.org Lee McGrath Senior Legislative Counsel Institute for Justice 520 Nicollet Mall, Suite 550 Minneapolis, MN 55402 (612) 963-0296 lmcgrath@ij.org