# State Court Remedies for Constitutional Violations by Federal Employees Act

December 3, 2022

A state solution to the problem of blanket immunity that stymies individuals' ability to sue federal officials for violations of constitutional rights.

A bill for an act relating to public safety; enabling state-law damages remedy against federal officials; proposing coding for new law in State Law.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF

#### **Subdivision 1: Definitions**

- Person means an individual employed or contracted by the federal government, deputized by the federal government, incorporated into a task force with the federal government, or working in active cooperation with the federal government.
- 2. Federal government means the executive departments, independent establishments of the United States, corporations acting as instrumentalities or agencies of the United States, and any contractor with the United States.<sup>1</sup>

#### **Subdivision 2:** State Cause of Action

- 1. Any person who, under color of any statute, ordinance, regulation, custom, or usage, of the federal government, violates a right under the laws or constitution of this State or the United States, shall be liable to the party injured in an action at law for money damages.<sup>2</sup>
- 2. The plaintiff bears the burden of proving a violation of a right by a preponderance of the evidence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See 28 U.S. Code § 2671 et seq. , The Federal Tort Claims Act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See 42 U.S. Code § 1983 - The Civil Rights Act of 1871

#### **Subdivision 3:** Jurisdiction in State Court

- 1. An action under this chapter arises out of the laws of this State.
- 2. Jurisdiction is in this State's judicial system pursuant to its laws and rules of civil procedure.

### **Subdivision 4:** Judicial Process

The court's order shall be supported by findings of fact and conclusions of law. The court shall make the findings of facts in a bench trial and the jury shall make them in a jury trial. The court shall make conclusions of law.

## **Subdivision 5:** Attorney Fees

- 1. In any proceeding in which a plaintiff's claim prevails, the federal government shall be liable for reasonable attorney fees and other litigation costs.
- 2. Reasonable attorney fees include those incurred on an hourly or contingency basis, or by an attorney providing services on a pro bono basis.
- 3. The court shall recognize that a plaintiff's claim prevails if the plaintiff obtains any relief the plaintiff seeks in its complaint, whether the relief is obtained via judgment, settlement or the federal government's voluntary change in behavior.
- 4. Under this State's rules of civil procedure, the court may dismiss a frivolous claim and may award reasonable attorney fees and costs to the defendant for defending against a frivolous claim.

# **Subdivision 6:** Public Information

All documents, including complaints, judgments, settlements, and consent decrees, are subject to public disclosure.