

# Return of Organization Exempt From Income Tax

Under section 501(c), 527, or 4947(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (except private foundations) Do not enter social security numbers on this form as it may be made public.

OMB No. 1545-0047

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Go to www.irs.gov/Form990 for instructions and the latest information.

Inspection

Α	For the	$\simeq$ 2022 calendar year, or tax year beginning $$ JUL $$ $$ 1 , $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ 2 $$ $$ 2 $$ $$ and enc	iding J	<u>UN 30, 2023</u>							
В	Check if applicable	C Name of organization		D Employer identifi	cation number						
_	— Addres										
	change Name			52-17443	37						
F	change Initial return	Doing business as 52-1744337  Number and street (or P.O. box if mail is not delivered to street address)  Room/suite  E Telephone number									
	return Final	901 NORTH GLEBE ROAD, STE 900	(703)682								
	Ireturn/ termin- ated	City or town, state or province, country, and ZIP or foreign postal code	G Gross receipts \$	45,425,498.							
	Amend	ARLINGTON, VA 22203	ľ	H(a) Is this a group r							
	Application	F Name and address of principal officer: SCOTT G. BULLOCK		for subordinates							
	pendin	SAME AS C ABOVE		<b>H(b)</b> Are all subordinates i	ncluded? Yes No						
		empt status: X 501(c)(3) 501(c) ( ) (insert no.) 4947(a)(1) or [	527		list. See instructions						
	Websit			H(c) Group exemption							
	Form of art I	organization: X Corporation Trust Association Other  Summary	<b>L</b> Year o	of formation: 1991 I	M State of legal domicile: DC						
		Briefly describe the organization's mission or most significant activities: TO PRO	ንጥፔርጥ	THE CONCT	TITT ON A T.						
9	1 !	Briefly describe the organization's mission or most significant activities: 10 FRO	JIECI	THE CONSTI	TOTTONAL						
Governance	2	Check this box if the organization discontinued its operations or disposed	l of more t	than 25% of its net as	sets						
Ver	3	Number of voting members of the governing body (Part VI, line 1a)		1	9						
တိ	4	Number of independent voting members of the governing body (Part VI, line 1b)			7						
Š	5	Total number of individuals employed in calendar year 2022 (Part V, line 2a)			218						
vitie	6	Total number of volunteers (estimate if necessary)			30						
Activities &	7 a	Total unrelated business revenue from Part VIII, column (C), line 12			0.						
_	b	Net unrelated business taxable income from Form 990-T, Part I, line 11	<u></u>		0.						
e			<u> </u>	Prior Year	Current Year						
	8	Contributions and grants (Part VIII, line 1h)		34,956,143.	33,988,094.						
Revenue	9	Program service revenue (Part VIII, line 2g)		389,016. 3,633,268.	1,300,429. 3,422,745.						
Be	10	Investment income (Part VIII, column (A), lines 3, 4, and 7d) Other revenue (Part VIII, column (A), lines 5, 6d, 8c, 9c, 10c, and 11e)		6,044.	42,115.						
		Total revenue - add lines 8 through 11 (must equal Part VIII, column (A), line 12)		38,984,471.	38,753,383.						
_		Grants and similar amounts paid (Part IX, column (A), lines 1-3)		80,250.	103,348.						
		Benefits paid to or for members (Part IX, column (A), line 4)		0.	0.						
s	45	Salaries, other compensation, employee benefits (Part IX, column (A), lines 5-10)		24,066,153.	27,543,992.						
Expenses	16a	Professional fundraising fees (Part IX, column (A), line 11e)		0.	0.						
X	b b	Total fundraising expenses (Part IX, column (D), line 25) 2,811,974	<u>.                                    </u>								
Ш	''	Other expenses (Part IX, column (A), lines 11a-11d, 11f-24e)		9,087,386.							
		Total expenses. Add lines 13-17 (must equal Part IX, column (A), line 25)		33,233,789.	37,733,069.						
	19	Revenue less expenses. Subtract line 18 from line 12		5,750,682.	1,020,314.						
Net Assets or	<b>1 00</b> .	Tabel accords (Dark V. Para 4.0)	1	ginning of Current Year 18,219,089.	End of Year 144,590,449.						
Asse.	20 ·	Total assets (Part X, line 16) Total liabilities (Part X, line 26)		6,401,849.	30,168,526.						
Net /	22	Total liabilities (Part X, line 26)  Net assets or fund balances. Subtract line 21 from line 20		11,817,240.	114,421,923.						
P	art II	Signature Block			1 111/111/111/111						
Unc	ler pena	lties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this return, including accompanying schedules an	nd statemer	nts, and to the best of m	y knowledge and belief, it is						
true	, correc	t, and complete. Declaration of preparer (other than officer) is based on all information of which	n preparer h	nas any knowledge.							
Sig		Signature of officer		Date							
He	re	SCOTT G. BULLOCK, PRESIDENT									
		Type or print name and title	In	late Check [	PTIN						
Da!	,	Print/Type preparer's name Preparer's signature  DANIEL O'SHEA DANIEL O'SHEA		2/08/23 Check [ if self-emplo							
Pai Pre	o parer	Firm's name COHNREZNICK LLP	<u>                                      </u>		2-1478099						
	Only	Firm's address 7501 WISCONSIN AVENUE, SUITE 400E		FIIIII S EIN Z	<u> </u>						
530	. U.II.y	BETHESDA, MD 20814		Phone no 30	1-652-9100						
Ma	v the IF	RS discuss this return with the preparer shown above? See instructions		1. 110110 110.00	X Yes No						

Pa	Check if Schedule O contains a response or note to any line in this Part III	X
1	Briefly describe the organization's mission: SEE SCHEDULE O	
2	Did the organization undertake any significant program services during the year which were not listed on the	
	prior Form 990 or 990-EZ?	Yes X No
•	If "Yes," describe these new services on Schedule O.	Yes X No
3	Did the organization cease conducting, or make significant changes in how it conducts, any program services?	Yes A No
4	Describe the organization's program service accomplishments for each of its three largest program services, as measured by	expenses.
	Section 501(c)(3) and 501(c)(4) organizations are required to report the amount of grants and allocations to others, the total ex	penses, and
	revenue, if any, for each program service reported.  (Code:) (Expenses \$31,265,704. including grants of \$103,348. ) (Revenue \$1	3/12 5/1/ \
4a	TO PROTECT THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF AMERICANS THROUGH LITIG	
	TO EDUCATE THE PUBLIC ABOUT ISSUES VITAL TO LIBERTY THROUGH MED	IA,
	ACTIVISM, AND OUTREACH, TO APPLY SOCIAL SCIENCE AND POLICY RESE	
	METHODS TO THOSE ISSUES THAT THE ORGANIZATION LITIGATES, AND TO	TRAIN
	LAWYERS AND LAW STUDENTS.	
4b	(Code:) (Expenses \$	)
4c	(Code:) (Expenses \$ including grants of \$ ) (Revenue \$	)
4d	Other program services (Describe on Schedule O.)	
	(Expenses \$ including grants of \$ ) (Revenue \$	)
4e	21 205 704	
		Form <b>990</b> (2022)

# Form 990 (2022) INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE Part IV Checklist of Required Schedules

			Yes	No
1	Is the organization described in section 501(c)(3) or 4947(a)(1) (other than a private foundation)?			
	If "Yes," complete Schedule A	1	Х	
2	Is the organization required to complete Schedule B, Schedule of Contributors? See instructions	2	X	
3	Did the organization engage in direct or indirect political campaign activities on behalf of or in opposition to candidates for			
	public office? If "Yes," complete Schedule C, Part I	3		Х
4	Section 501(c)(3) organizations. Did the organization engage in lobbying activities, or have a section 501(h) election in effect			
	during the tax year? If "Yes," complete Schedule C, Part II	4	Х	
5	Is the organization a section 501(c)(4), 501(c)(5), or 501(c)(6) organization that receives membership dues, assessments, or			
_	similar amounts as defined in Rev. Proc. 98-19? If "Yes," complete Schedule C, Part III	5		х
6	Did the organization maintain any donor advised funds or any similar funds or accounts for which donors have the right to	<u> </u>		
•	provide advice on the distribution or investment of amounts in such funds or accounts? If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part I	6		X
7	Did the organization receive or hold a conservation easement, including easements to preserve open space,	Ť		<del></del>
•	the environment, historic land areas, or historic structures? If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part II	7		x
8	Did the organization maintain collections of works of art, historical treasures, or other similar assets? <i>If</i> "Yes," <i>complete</i>	<b>-</b>		<del></del>
0	, ,	8		x
•	Schedule D, Part III  Did the organization report an amount in Part X, line 21, for escrow or custodial account liability, serve as a custodian for	<b>├°</b>		1
9				
	amounts not listed in Part X; or provide credit counseling, debt management, credit repair, or debt negotiation services?			x
	If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part IV	9		<u> </u>
10	Did the organization, directly or through a related organization, hold assets in donor-restricted endowments		v	
	or in quasi endowments? If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part V	10	X	
11	If the organization's answer to any of the following questions is "Yes," then complete Schedule D, Parts VI, VII, VIII, IX, or X,			
	as applicable.			
а	Did the organization report an amount for land, buildings, and equipment in Part X, line 10? If "Yes," complete Schedule D,			
	Part VI	11a	X	
b	Did the organization report an amount for investments - other securities in Part X, line 12, that is 5% or more of its total			l
	assets reported in Part X, line 16? If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part VII	11b		X
С	Did the organization report an amount for investments - program related in Part X, line 13, that is 5% or more of its total			l
	assets reported in Part X, line 16? If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part VIII	11c		X
d	Did the organization report an amount for other assets in Part X, line 15, that is 5% or more of its total assets reported in			
	Part X, line 16? If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part IX	11d		X
е	Did the organization report an amount for other liabilities in Part X, line 25? If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part X	11e	X	
f	Did the organization's separate or consolidated financial statements for the tax year include a footnote that addresses			
	the organization's liability for uncertain tax positions under FIN 48 (ASC 740)? If "Yes," complete Schedule D, Part X	11f	X	
12a	Did the organization obtain separate, independent audited financial statements for the tax year? If "Yes," complete			
	Schedule D, Parts XI and XII	12a	X	
b	Was the organization included in consolidated, independent audited financial statements for the tax year?			
	If "Yes," and if the organization answered "No" to line 12a, then completing Schedule D, Parts XI and XII is optional	12b		X
13	Is the organization a school described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(ii)? If "Yes," complete Schedule E	13		Х
14a	Did the organization maintain an office, employees, or agents outside of the United States?	14a		Х
b	Did the organization have aggregate revenues or expenses of more than \$10,000 from grantmaking, fundraising, business,			
	investment, and program service activities outside the United States, or aggregate foreign investments valued at \$100,000			
	or more? If "Yes," complete Schedule F, Parts I and IV	14b	X	
15	Did the organization report on Part IX, column (A), line 3, more than \$5,000 of grants or other assistance to or for any			
	foreign organization? If "Yes," complete Schedule F, Parts II and IV	15		Х
16	Did the organization report on Part IX, column (A), line 3, more than \$5,000 of aggregate grants or other assistance to			
	or for foreign individuals? If "Yes," complete Schedule F, Parts III and IV	16		Х
17	Did the organization report a total of more than \$15,000 of expenses for professional fundraising services on Part IX,			
	column (A), lines 6 and 11e? If "Yes," complete Schedule G, Part I. See instructions	17		Х
18	Did the organization report more than \$15,000 total of fundraising event gross income and contributions on Part VIII, lines			
=	1c and 8a? If "Yes," complete Schedule G, Part II	18		х
19	Did the organization report more than \$15,000 of gross income from gaming activities on Part VIII, line 9a? If "Yes,"			
	complete Schedule G, Part III	19		x
20a	Did the organization operate one or more hospital facilities? If "Yes," complete Schedule H	20a		X
	If "Yes" to line 20a, did the organization attach a copy of its audited financial statements to this return?	20b		<del></del> -
21	Did the organization report more than \$5,000 of grants or other assistance to any domestic organization or			$\vdash$
-1	domestic government on Part IX, column (A), line 1? If "Yes," complete Schedule I. Parts I and II	21	Х	
	domocio government orti artix, comuniti (1), mie 1: II 11es. Complete Schedule I, Parts I and II	41	- 42	

Form 990 (2022) INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE

Part IV | Checklist of Required Schedules (continued)

	Continued)		Vaa	Na
22	Did the expenization report more than \$5,000 of grants or other assistance to ay for demostic individuals on		Yes	No
22	Did the organization report more than \$5,000 of grants or other assistance to or for domestic individuals on	22	Х	
23	Part IX, column (A), line 2? If "Yes," complete Schedule I, Parts I and III  Did the organization answer "Yes" to Part VII, Section A, line 3, 4, or 5, about compensation of the organization's current			
23	and former officers, directors, trustees, key employees, and highest compensated employees? If "Yes," complete			
	•	23	х	
24 a	Schedule J  Did the organization have a tax-exempt bond issue with an outstanding principal amount of more than \$100,000 as of the			
	last day of the year, that was issued after December 31, 2002? If "Yes," answer lines 24b through 24d and complete			
	Schedule K. If "No," go to line 25a	24a		Х
b	Did the organization invest any proceeds of tax-exempt bonds beyond a temporary period exception?	24b		-
	Did the organization maintain an escrow account other than a refunding escrow at any time during the year to defease			
	any tax-exempt bonds?	24c		
d	Did the organization act as an "on behalf of" issuer for bonds outstanding at any time during the year?	24d		
25a	Section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), and 501(c)(29) organizations. Did the organization engage in an excess benefit			
	transaction with a disqualified person during the year? If "Yes," complete Schedule L, Part I	25a		X
b	Is the organization aware that it engaged in an excess benefit transaction with a disqualified person in a prior year, and			
	that the transaction has not been reported on any of the organization's prior Forms 990 or 990-EZ? If "Yes," complete			
	Schedule L, Part I	25b		_X_
26	Did the organization report any amount on Part X, line 5 or 22, for receivables from or payables to any current			
	or former officer, director, trustee, key employee, creator or founder, substantial contributor, or 35%			
	controlled entity or family member of any of these persons? If "Yes," complete Schedule L, Part II	26		_X_
27	Did the organization provide a grant or other assistance to any current or former officer, director, trustee, key employee,			
	creator or founder, substantial contributor or employee thereof, a grant selection committee member, or to a 35% controlled			7.7
	entity (including an employee thereof) or family member of any of these persons? If "Yes," complete Schedule L, Part III	27		X
28	Was the organization a party to a business transaction with one of the following parties (see the Schedule L, Part IV,			
	instructions for applicable filing thresholds, conditions, and exceptions):			
а	A current or former officer, director, trustee, key employee, creator or founder, or substantial contributor?     F   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C   C	00-		х
h	"Yes," complete Schedule L, Part IV	28a 28b	Х	
	A family member of any individual described in line 28a? <i>If</i> "Yes," <i>complete Schedule L, Part IV</i>	200	21	
C		28c		х
29	"Yes," complete Schedule L, Part IV  Did the organization receive more than \$25,000 in non-cash contributions? If "Yes," complete Schedule M	29	Х	
30	Did the organization receive contributions of art, historical treasures, or other similar assets, or qualified conservation			
-	contributions? If "Yes," complete Schedule M	30		Х
31	Did the organization liquidate, terminate, or dissolve and cease operations? If "Yes," complete Schedule N, Part I	31		X
32	Did the organization sell, exchange, dispose of, or transfer more than 25% of its net assets? <i>If</i> "Yes," <i>complete</i>			
	Schedule N, Part II	32		Х
33	Did the organization own 100% of an entity disregarded as separate from the organization under Regulations			
	sections 301.7701-2 and 301.7701-3? If "Yes," complete Schedule R, Part I	33		X
34	Was the organization related to any tax-exempt or taxable entity? If "Yes," complete Schedule R, Part II, III, or IV, and			
	Part V, line 1	34		_X_
35a	Did the organization have a controlled entity within the meaning of section 512(b)(13)?	35a		_X_
b	If "Yes" to line 35a, did the organization receive any payment from or engage in any transaction with a controlled entity			
	within the meaning of section 512(b)(13)? If "Yes," complete Schedule R, Part V, line 2	35b		
36	Section 501(c)(3) organizations. Did the organization make any transfers to an exempt non-charitable related organization?			37
	If "Yes," complete Schedule R, Part V, line 2	36		<u> </u>
37	Did the organization conduct more than 5% of its activities through an entity that is not a related organization			37
	and that is treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes? If "Yes," complete Schedule R, Part VI	37		<u> X</u>
38	Did the organization complete Schedule O and provide explanations on Schedule O for Part VI, lines 11b and 19?	20	х	
Par	Note: All Form 990 filers are required to complete Schedule O  **T V   Statements Regarding Other IRS Filings and Tax Compliance	38	17	L
	Check if Schedule O contains a response or note to any line in this Part V			
			Yes	No
1a	Enter the number reported in box 3 of Form 1096. Enter -0- if not applicable 48		. 55	
	Enter the number of Forms W-2G included on line 1a. Enter -0- if not applicable  1b  0			
	Did the organization comply with backup withholding rules for reportable payments to vendors and reportable gaming			
	(gambling) winnings to prize winners?	1c	Х	
_				

022) INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE
Statements Regarding Other IRS Filings and Tax Compliance (continued) Part V

			Yes	No
2a	Enter the number of employees reported on Form W-3, Transmittal of Wage and Tax Statements,			
	filed for the calendar year ending with or within the year covered by this return			
b	If at least one is reported on line 2a, did the organization file all required federal employment tax returns?	2b	Х	
За	Did the organization have unrelated business gross income of \$1,000 or more during the year?	За		X
b	If "Yes," has it filed a Form 990-T for this year? If "No" to line 3b, provide an explanation on Schedule O	3b		
4a	At any time during the calendar year, did the organization have an interest in, or a signature or other authority over, a			
	financial account in a foreign country (such as a bank account, securities account, or other financial account)?	4a	X	
b	If "Yes," enter the name of the foreign country CAYMAN ISLANDS			
	See instructions for filing requirements for FinCEN Form 114, Report of Foreign Bank and Financial Accounts (FBAR).			
5a	Was the organization a party to a prohibited tax shelter transaction at any time during the tax year?	5a		X
b	Did any taxable party notify the organization that it was or is a party to a prohibited tax shelter transaction?	5b		X
С	If "Yes" to line 5a or 5b, did the organization file Form 8886-T?	5c		
6a	Does the organization have annual gross receipts that are normally greater than \$100,000, and did the organization solicit			,,
	any contributions that were not tax deductible as charitable contributions?	6a		X
b	If "Yes," did the organization include with every solicitation an express statement that such contributions or gifts			
_	were not tax deductible?	6b		
7	Organizations that may receive deductible contributions under section 170(c).	_		37
a	Did the organization receive a payment in excess of \$75 made partly as a contribution and partly for goods and services provided to the payor?	7a		X
b	If "Yes," did the organization notify the donor of the value of the goods or services provided?	7b		<del>                                     </del>
С	Did the organization sell, exchange, or otherwise dispose of tangible personal property for which it was required	7.	х	
	to file Form 8282?  If "Yes," indicate the number of Forms 8282 filed during the year  7d  3	7c	Λ	
d		7.		х
e f		7e 7f		X
g	If the organization received a contribution of qualified intellectual property, did the organization file Form 8899 as required?	7g		
9 h	If the organization received a contribution of qualified intellectual property, and the organization file a Form 1098-C?	79 7h	Х	
8	Sponsoring organizations maintaining donor advised funds. Did a donor advised fund maintained by the	711		
•	sponsoring organization have excess business holdings at any time during the year?	8		
9	Sponsoring organizations maintaining donor advised funds.			
а	Did the sponsoring organization make any taxable distributions under section 4966?	9a		
b	Did the sponsoring organization make a distribution to a donor, donor advisor, or related person?	9b		
10	Section 501(c)(7) organizations. Enter:			
а	Initiation fees and capital contributions included on Part VIII, line 12			
b	Gross receipts, included on Form 990, Part VIII, line 12, for public use of club facilities			
11	Section 501(c)(12) organizations. Enter:			
а	Gross income from members or shareholders			
	Gross income from other sources. (Do not net amounts due or paid to other sources against			
	amounts due or received from them.)			
12a	Section 4947(a)(1) non-exempt charitable trusts. Is the organization filing Form 990 in lieu of Form 1041?	12a		
b	If "Yes," enter the amount of tax-exempt interest received or accrued during the year			
13	Section 501(c)(29) qualified nonprofit health insurance issuers.			
а	Is the organization licensed to issue qualified health plans in more than one state?	13a		
_	Note: See the instructions for additional information the organization must report on Schedule O.			
b	Enter the amount of reserves the organization is required to maintain by the states in which the			
	organization is licensed to issue qualified health plans 13b			
	Enter the amount of reserves on hand	44-		v
14a	0 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	14a		X
	If "Yes," has it filed a Form 720 to report these payments? If "No," provide an explanation on Schedule O  Is the organization subject to the section 4960 tax on payment(s) of more than \$1,000,000 in remuneration or	14b		
15	excess parachute payment(s) during the year?	15		X
	If "Yes," see the instructions and file Form 4720, Schedule N.	10		
16	Is the organization an educational institution subject to the section 4968 excise tax on net investment income?	16		х
.0	If "Yes," complete Form 4720, Schedule O.	10		
17	Section 501(c)(21) organizations. Did the trust, or any disqualified or other person engage in any activities			
	that would result in the imposition of an excise tax under section 4951, 4952 or 4953?	17		
	If "Yes," complete Form 6069.			
	, , ,			

INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE 52-1744337 Form 990 (2022) Part VI Governance, Management, and Disclosure. For each "Yes" response to lines 2 through 7b below, and for a "No" response to line 8a, 8b, or 10b below, describe the circumstances, processes, or changes on Schedule O. See instructions. Check if Schedule O contains a response or note to any line in this Part VI Section A. Governing Body and Management Yes No **1a** Enter the number of voting members of the governing body at the end of the tax year If there are material differences in voting rights among members of the governing body, or if the governing body delegated broad authority to an executive committee or similar committee, explain on Schedule O. **b** Enter the number of voting members included on line 1a, above, who are independent Did any officer, director, trustee, or key employee have a family relationship or a business relationship with any other Х officer, director, trustee, or key employee? 2 Did the organization delegate control over management duties customarily performed by or under the direct supervision 3 Х of officers, directors, trustees, or key employees to a management company or other person? 3 X Did the organization make any significant changes to its governing documents since the prior Form 990 was filed? 4 Did the organization become aware during the year of a significant diversion of the organization's assets? 5 Did the organization have members or stockholders? 6 6 Х 7a Did the organization have members, stockholders, or other persons who had the power to elect or appoint one or more members of the governing body? Х 7a **b** Are any governance decisions of the organization reserved to (or subject to approval by) members, stockholders, or persons other than the governing body? X 7b Did the organization contemporaneously document the meetings held or written actions undertaken during the year by the following: Х a The governing body? 8a **b** Each committee with authority to act on behalf of the governing body? Х 8b Is there any officer, director, trustee, or key employee listed in Part VII, Section A, who cannot be reached at the organization's mailing address? If "Yes." provide the names and addresses on Schedule O Section B. Policies (This Section B requests information about policies not required by the Internal Revenue Code.) Yes Nο 10a Did the organization have local chapters, branches, or affiliates? Х 10a b If "Yes," did the organization have written policies and procedures governing the activities of such chapters, affiliates, and branches to ensure their operations are consistent with the organization's exempt purposes? Х Х 11a Has the organization provided a complete copy of this Form 990 to all members of its governing body before filing the form? 11a b Describe on Schedule O the process, if any, used by the organization to review this Form 990. Х 12a Did the organization have a written conflict of interest policy? If "No," go to line 13 12a Х b Were officers, directors, or trustees, and key employees required to disclose annually interests that could give rise to conflicts? 12b c Did the organization regularly and consistently monitor and enforce compliance with the policy? If "Yes." describe Х 12c on Schedule O how this was done Did the organization have a written whistleblower policy? Х 13 13 Did the organization have a written document retention and destruction policy? 14 Х 14 Did the process for determining compensation of the following persons include a review and approval by independent persons, comparability data, and contemporaneous substantiation of the deliberation and decision? The organization's CEO, Executive Director, or top management official Х 15a Other officers or key employees of the organization Х

#### Section C. Disclosure

exempt status with respect to such arrangements?

		מהם	COMBDITE	$\overline{}$
1/	List the states with which a copy of this Form 990 is required to be filed	осс	PCUFDOTE	U

16a Did the organization invest in, contribute assets to, or participate in a joint venture or similar arrangement with a

If "Yes" to line 15a or 15b, describe the process on Schedule O. See instructions.

901 NORTH GLEBE RD, STE 900, ARLINGTON.

Section 6104 requires an organization to make its Forms 1023 (1024 or 1024-A, if applicable), 990, and 990-T (section 501(c)(3)s only) available 18 for public inspection. Indicate how you made these available. Check all that apply.

X Own website X Upon request Another's website \_\_\_ Other (explain on Schedule O)

b If "Yes," did the organization follow a written policy or procedure requiring the organization to evaluate its participation in joint venture arrangements under applicable federal tax law, and take steps to safeguard the organization's

Describe on Schedule O whether (and if so, how) the organization made its governing documents, conflict of interest policy, and financial statements available to the public during the tax year.

taxable entity during the year?

State the name, address, and telephone number of the person who possesses the organization's books and records DANIEL KNEPPER - 703-682-9320

Form **990** (2022)

15b

16a

16h

Х

# Part VII Compensation of Officers, Directors, Trustees, Key Employees, Highest Compensated Employees, and Independent Contractors

Check if Schedule O contains a response or note to any line in this Part VII

#### Section A. Officers, Directors, Trustees, Key Employees, and Highest Compensated Employees

- 1a Complete this table for all persons required to be listed. Report compensation for the calendar year ending with or within the organization's tax year.
- List all of the organization's **current** officers, directors, trustees (whether individuals or organizations), regardless of amount of compensation. Enter -0- in columns (D), (E), and (F) if no compensation was paid.
  - List all of the organization's current key employees, if any. See the instructions for definition of "key employee."
- List the organization's five current highest compensated employees (other than an officer, director, trustee, or key employee) who received reportable compensation (box 5 of Form W-2, box 6 of Form 1099-MISC, and/or box 1 of Form 1099-NEC) of more than \$100,000 from the organization and any related organizations.

Check this box if neither the organization nor any related organization compensated any current officer, director, or trustee.

- List all of the organization's **former** officers, key employees, and highest compensated employees who received more than \$100,000 of reportable compensation from the organization and any related organizations.
- List all of the organization's **former directors or trustees** that received, in the capacity as a former director or trustee of the organization, more than \$10,000 of reportable compensation from the organization and any related organizations. See the instructions for the order in which to list the persons above.

(A)  Name and title	(B) Average hours per week	(do box		Pos heck	ition	than o	one n an	(D) Reportable compensation from	(E) Reportable compensation from related	(F) Estimated amount of other
	(list any hours for related organizations below line)	Individual trustee or director	Institutional trustee	Officer	Key employee	Highest compensated employee	Former	the organization (W-2/1099-MISC/ 1099-NEC)	organizations (W-2/1099-MISC/ 1099-NEC)	compensation from the organization and related organizations
(1) SCOTT G. BULLOCK PRESIDENT AND CHIEF COUNSEL	40.00	х		х				658,378.	0.	52,967.
(2) DANA BERLINER	40.00							030,370.	0.	32,301.
SENIOR VP AND LITIGATION DIRECTOR	40.00	1			Х			567,476.	0.	42,773.
(3) DANIEL KNEPPER	40.00							001,1100		
CFO AND GEN. COUNSEL/SEC. AND TREAS.				х				470,411.	0.	54,338.
(4) DEBORAH SIMPSON	40.00									•
CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER					Х			418,937.	0.	65,135.
(5) JOHN KRAMER	40.00									
VP FOR STRATEGIC RELATIONS						Х		397,761.	0.	68,305.
(6) ROBERT GALL	40.00									
MANAGING VP AND SENIOR ATTORNEY						X		338,976.	0.	63,157.
(7) BETH STEVENS	40.00									
VP FOR DEVELOPMENT					Х			321,545.	0.	56,286.
(8) ROBERT MCNAMARA	40.00								_	
DEPUTY LITIGATION DIRECTOR						X		297,742.	0.	63,334.
(9) ROBERT JOHNSON	40.00	-								
SENIOR ATTORNEY	<u> </u>					X		268,575.	0.	51,925.
(10) ROBERT FROMMER	40.00							0.40 450		44 655
SENIOR ATTORNEY	<u> </u>					X		248,459.	0.	44,655.
(11) WILLIAM MELLOR	40.00	ļ		l				44.050	•	15 000
CHAIRMAN AND FOUNDING GEN. COUNSEL	1 00	Х		Х				44,253.	0.	17,228.
(12) ARTHUR DANTCHIK	1.00	.,							0	0
DIRECTOR	1 00	Х						0.	0.	0.
(13) BOB GELFOND	1.00	<b>.</b> ,							0	0
01RECTOR (14) KENNETH N. LEVY	1.00	Х						0.	0.	0.
DIRECTOR	1.00	Х						0.	0.	0.
(15) JIM LINTOTT	1.00	Δ						0.	0.	<u> </u>
DIRECTOR	1.00	Х						0.	0.	0.
(16) STEPHEN MODZELEWSKI	1.00	-22	$\vdash$		$\vdash$			0.	0.	<u></u>
DIRECTOR	1.00	х						0.	0.	0.
(17) ANDREW D. PRINS	1.00								•	<u>·</u>
DIRECTOR		х						0.	0.	0.
232007 12-13-22									3.0	Form <b>990</b> (2022)

232007 12-13-22

ı uı	Section A. Officers, Directors, Trus		рюу	ees,			gnes	t C		,				
	(A)	(B)			(C Posi		,		(D)	(E)		_	(F)	
	Name and title	Average hours per		not c	heck i	more	than o		Reportable	Reportable			stimate	
		week		, unles cer an					compensation	compensation	ן י		nount	ОТ
		(list any	.o.					Ĺ	from the	from related organizations	,		other pensa	tion
		hours for	direct				_		organization	(W-2/1099-MIS			om the	
		related	3e or	stee			nsate		(W-2/1099-MISC/	1099-NEC)	٠ <i>,</i>		anizati	
		organizations	truste	al tru		yee	m pe		1099-NEC)	,		•	d relate	
		below	Individual trustee or director	Institutional trustee	ie.	Key employee	Highest compensated employee	er	,			orga	anizatio	ons
		line)	Indiv	Instit	Officer	Key e	High	Former						
(18)	MARY E. STIEFEL	1.00												
DIRE	CTOR		Х						0.		0.			0.
			-											
			•											
1b	Subtotal								4,032,513.		0.	58	0,1	
С	Total from continuation sheets to Part VI	I, Section A							0.		0.			0.
d	Total (add lines 1b and 1c)								4,032,513.		0.	58	0,10	03.
2	Total number of individuals (including but n	ot limited to th	ose	liste	d ab	ove	) wh	o re	eceived more than \$100,0	000 of reportable				
	compensation from the organization													79
													Yes	No
3	Did the organization list any <b>former</b> officer,	director, trust	ee, k	ey e	empl	oye	e, or	hig	hest compensated empl	oyee on	ſ			
	line 1a? If "Yes," complete Schedule J for s	uch individual		•	·	•	•	Ū		•		3		Х
4	For any individual listed on line 1a, is the su										···· [			
	and related organizations greater than \$150	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		4	х	
5	Did any person listed on line 1a receive or a	,		•							····			
	rendered to the organization? If "Yes." com	•				•			•	da loi colvicco	- 1	5		х
Sec	tion B. Independent Contractors	ipiete Scrieduit	<del>-</del>	UI SL	<u>ICIT Ļ</u>	JEIS	<u> </u>							
1	Complete this table for your five highest co	mponeated inc	lono	ndor	at co	ntr	actor	rc th	act received more than \$	100 000 of comp	oncat	ion fro		
•											CHSal	ion ire	,,,,	
	the organization. Report compensation for	ine calendar ye	eare	riuii	ig w	itri C	or wi	<u>triiri</u>		ear.				
	<b>(A)</b> Name and business	address							<b>(B)</b> Description of s	ervices	C	<b>(C</b>	ر <b>ز)</b> nsatioı	n
<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	л m.	<u> </u>		4				ompe	isaliUl	-
	LE PRINTING & OFFSET C								PRINTING/MAII	אודר -		2.0	4 0	2.2
	06 46TH AVENUE, HYATTSV							_	SHOP			36	4,82	<u> </u>
OCI	EAN SOLUTIONS LLC, 2013	O LAKEV	ΙE	W	CE]	ŊΤ	ĽR							

(A) Name and business address	(B) Description of services	(C) Compensation
DOYLE PRINTING & OFFSET CO. INCORPORATED	PRINTING/MAILING	
5206 46TH AVENUE, HYATTSVILLE, MD 20781	SHOP	364,822.
OCEAN SOLUTIONS LLC, 20130 LAKEVIEW CENTER		
PLAZA, SUITE 400, ASHBURN, VA 20147	IT CONTRACTORS	309,056.
ENDGAME STRATEGIES, LLC, 1717 K STREET NW,		
SUITE 900, WASHINGTON, DC 20006	POLICY CONSULTANT	120,000.
KORN FERRY HAY GROUP INC, 1900 AVENUE OF	COMPENSATION	
THE STARS, SUITE 1500, LOS ANGELES, CA	CONSULTANTS	119,382.
2 Total number of independent contractors (including but not limited to those listed	d above) who received more than	

Form **990** (2022)

\$100,000 of compensation from the organization

52-1744337

Form 990 (2022) INSTITU
Part VIII Statement of Revenue

			Check if Schedule O contain	ns a response	or note to anv lin	e in this Part VIII			
						(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
						Total revenue	Related or exempt	Unrelated	Revenue excluded from tax under
							function revenue	business revenue	sections 512 - 514
SS	1	_	Federated campaigns	1a					
Contributions, Gifts, Grants and Other Similar Amounts	•			4.					
ij g									
fts, Ar			Fundraising events						
ig ig			Related organizations						
ns, Sim			Government grants (contribution						
utio er (		Ť	All other contributions, gifts, grants,		22 000 004				
듗됨			similar amounts not included above		33,988,094.				
ont od (		-	Noncash contributions included in lines 1a-	1f <b>1g</b> \$	977,961.	22 202 204			
<u>0 g</u>		h	Total. Add lines 1a-1f		I -	33,988,094.			
					Business Code				
e S	2		ATTORNEY FEES		541100	1,291,822.	1,291,822.		
Program Service Revenue		b	HONORARIA		900099	8,607.	8,607.		
S		С							
am		d							
og B		е							
Ā		f	All other program service revenu	ле					
			Total. Add lines 2a-2f			1,300,429.			
	3		Investment income (including di						
						2,575,952.			2575952.
	4		Income from investment of tax-e						
	5		Royalties						
	Ĭ			(i) Real	(ii) Personal				
	6	•	Gross rents 6a	()	( )				
	U		Gross rents 6a 6b						
			Rental income or (loss) 6c						
	_		Net rental income or (loss)	(i) Coourition	(ii) Othor				
	7	а		(i) Securities	(ii) Other				
			assets other than inventory 7a	7,518,908.					
		b	Less: cost or other basis						
Jue			and sales expenses	6,671,579.					
Ş.			Gain or (loss) 7c	847,329.					
her Revenue		d	Net gain or (loss)	<u></u>		846,793.			846,793.
þe	8	а	Gross income from fundraising even	its (not					
₹			including \$	of					
			contributions reported on line 10	c). See					
			Part IV, line 18	8a					
		b	Less: direct expenses	8b					
			Net income or (loss) from fundra						
	9	а	Gross income from gaming activ	vities. See					
			Part IV, line 19	9a					
		b	Less: direct expenses						
			Net income or (loss) from gaming						
	10		Gross sales of inventory, less re						
		_	and allowances						
		h	Less: cost of goods sold	II					
			Net income or (loss) from sales of						
$\neg$			moomo or poody norm dates t		Business Code				
ns	44	_			Duomoso oous				
Miscellaneous Revenue	• • •								
llar		b							
Sce		C	All attenues and		541100	42,115.	/2 11E		
Ξ̈́			All other revenue			,	42,115.		
	۰.		Total. Add lines 11a-11d			42,115.	1 240 544		2420745
	12		<b>Total revenue.</b> See instructions			38,753,383.	1,342,544.	0.	3422745.

# Form 990 (2022) INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE Part IX Statement of Functional Expenses

Total expenses  Program service expenses  Program service expenses  Manage general  Total expenses  Program service expenses  Manage general  Stand other assistance to domestic organizations and domestic governments. See Part IV, line 21  Grants and other assistance to domestic individuals. See Part IV, line 22  Grants and other assistance to foreign organizations, foreign governments, and foreign individuals. See Part IV, lines 15 and 16  Benefits paid to or for members  Compensation of current officers, directors, trustees, and key employees  Compensation not included above to disqualified persons (as defined under section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B)  Other salaries and wages  Program service expenses  Manage general  Stand other assistance to domestic individuals. See Part IV, line 21  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.  22,348,236.  28  28  29,502.  172,673.  29  19,458,074.  16,037,494.  1,96  1,774,102.  1,462,228.  17  Other employee benefits  1,774,102.  1,462,228.  17	(C) ement and expenses	(D)
1 Grants and other assistance to domestic organizations and domestic governments. See Part IV, line 21 2 Grants and other assistance to domestic individuals. See Part IV, line 22 3 Grants and other assistance to foreign organizations, foreign governments, and foreign individuals. See Part IV, lines 15 and 16 4 Benefits paid to or for members 5 Compensation of current officers, directors, trustees, and key employees 6 Compensation not included above to disqualified persons (as defined under section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B) 7 Other salaries and wages 8 Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions) 9 Other employee benefits  1 1,857,315. 1,530,813. 18	èment and	(D)
and domestic governments. See Part IV, line 21  2 Grants and other assistance to domestic individuals. See Part IV, line 22  3 Grants and other assistance to foreign organizations, foreign governments, and foreign individuals. See Part IV, lines 15 and 16  4 Benefits paid to or for members  5 Compensation of current officers, directors, trustees, and key employees  6 Compensation not included above to disqualified persons (as defined under section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B)  7 Other salaries and wages  8 Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions)  9 Other employee benefits  81,090.  81,090.  82,258.  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.		Fundraising expenses
Grants and other assistance to domestic individuals. See Part IV, line 22  Grants and other assistance to foreign organizations, foreign governments, and foreign individuals. See Part IV, lines 15 and 16  Benefits paid to or for members  Compensation of current officers, directors, trustees, and key employees  Compensation not included above to disqualified persons (as defined under section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B)  Other salaries and wages  Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions)  Other employee benefits  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.  22,258.  21,258.  22,258.  21,258.  22,258.  22,258.  23,258.  24,258.  25,258.  26,258.  27,348,236.  28,849,083.  29,502.  172,673.  209,502.  172,673.  209,502.  172,673.  209,458,074.  16,037,494.  1,94.  1774,102.  1,462,228.  178,774,102.  1,462,228.  178,774,102.  1,857,315.  1,530,813.		
individuals. See Part IV, line 22  3 Grants and other assistance to foreign organizations, foreign governments, and foreign individuals. See Part IV, lines 15 and 16  4 Benefits paid to or for members  5 Compensation of current officers, directors, trustees, and key employees  6 Compensation not included above to disqualified persons (as defined under section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B)  7 Other salaries and wages  8 Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions)  9 Other employee benefits  2 2 , 258 . 22 , 258 . 22 , 258 . 22 , 258 . 22 , 258 . 22 , 258 . 23		
Grants and other assistance to foreign organizations, foreign governments, and foreign individuals. See Part IV, lines 15 and 16  Benefits paid to or for members  Compensation of current officers, directors, trustees, and key employees  Compensation not included above to disqualified persons (as defined under section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B)  Other salaries and wages  Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions)  Other employee benefits  Other employee benefits  A 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49 49		
organizations, foreign governments, and foreign individuals. See Part IV, lines 15 and 16  4 Benefits paid to or for members  5 Compensation of current officers, directors, trustees, and key employees  6 Compensation not included above to disqualified persons (as defined under section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B)  7 Other salaries and wages  Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions)  9 Other employee benefits  1 2,849,083		
individuals. See Part IV, lines 15 and 16  4 Benefits paid to or for members  5 Compensation of current officers, directors, trustees, and key employees  6 Compensation not included above to disqualified persons (as defined under section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B)  7 Other salaries and wages  Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions)  9 Other employee benefits  2 , 849 , 083 . 2 , 348 , 236 . 28  2 , 9 49 , 083 . 2 , 348 , 236 . 28  2 , 849		
4 Benefits paid to or for members  5 Compensation of current officers, directors, trustees, and key employees  6 Compensation not included above to disqualified persons (as defined under section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B)  7 Other salaries and wages  Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions)  9 Other employee benefits  2 , 849 , 083 . 2 , 348 , 236 . 28  2 , 849 , 083 .		
5 Compensation of current officers, directors, trustees, and key employees 2,849,083. 2,348,236. 28 6 Compensation not included above to disqualified persons (as defined under section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B) 209,502. 172,673. 2 7 Other salaries and wages 19,458,074. 16,037,494. 1,94 8 Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions) 1,774,102. 1,462,228. 15 9 Other employee benefits 1,857,315. 1,530,813. 18		
trustees, and key employees 2,849,083. 2,348,236. 28  6 Compensation not included above to disqualified persons (as defined under section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B) 209,502. 172,673. 2  7 Other salaries and wages 19,458,074. 16,037,494. 1,94  8 Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions) 1,774,102. 1,462,228. 15  9 Other employee benefits 1,857,315. 1,530,813. 18		
Compensation not included above to disqualified persons (as defined under section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B)  Other salaries and wages  Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions)  Other employee benefits  209,502.  172,673.  29,458,074.  16,037,494.  1,774,102.  1,462,228.  17  1,857,315.  1,530,813.	84,323.	216 524
persons (as defined under section 4958(f)(1)) and persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B)  7 Other salaries and wages  Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions)  9 Other employee benefits  209,502.  172,673.  219,458,074.  16,037,494.  1,94  1,774,102.  1,462,228.  17  1,857,315.  1,530,813.  18	34,323.	216,524
persons described in section 4958(c)(3)(B)  7 Other salaries and wages  Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions)  9 Other employee benefits  209,502. 172,673. 2 19,458,074. 16,037,494. 1,94 1,774,102. 1,462,228. 1 1,857,315. 1,530,813. 18		
7 Other salaries and wages 8 Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions) 9 Other employee benefits 19,458,074. 16,037,494. 1,94 1,774,102. 1,462,228. 1 1,857,315. 1,530,813. 18	20,907.	15,922
8 Pension plan accruals and contributions (include section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions)       1,774,102.       1,462,228.       1         9 Other employee benefits       1,857,315.       1,530,813.       18	41,812.	1,478,768
section 401(k) and 403(b) employer contributions)       1,774,102.       1,462,228.       1         9 Other employee benefits       1,857,315.       1,530,813.       18	,	<u> </u>
9 Other employee benefits 1,857,315. 1,530,813. 18	77,046.	134,828
	85,350.	141,152
	39,305.	106,086
11 Fees for services (nonemployees):	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
a Management		
	43,942.	
	79,595.	
d Lobbying 247,763. 247,763.	,	
e Professional fundraising services. See Part IV, line 17		
f Investment management fees 11,161.		11,161
g Other. (If line 11g amount exceeds 10% of line 25,		
	43,546.	96,579
12 Advertising and promotion 73,243. 68,803.	251.	4,189
	48,235.	144,567
14 Information technology 899,421. 777,118.	13,630.	108,673
15 Royalties		
	33,718.	219,807
17 Travel 935,485. 905,893.	10,905.	18,687
18 Payments of travel or entertainment expenses		
for any federal, state, or local public officials	5 0 4 1	
Conferences, conventions, and meetings 343,787. 337,096.	5,841.	850
20 Interest 4,429.	4,429.	
21 Payments to affiliates	20 240	60 040
100 601 90 300	89,348. 92,211.	68,042
	74,411·	
Other expenses. Itemize expenses not covered above. (List miscellaneous expenses on line 24e. If line 24e amount exceeds 10% of line 25, column (A), amount list line 24e avenues on Schodula (A).		
amount, list line 24e expenses on Schedule 0.) a RESEARCH TOOLS 498,629. 443,664.	23,012.	31,953
b COURT FEES 82,487. 82,237.	250.	
c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c		
d		
	17,735.	14,186
		2,811,974
26 Joint costs. Complete this line only if the organization	55,391.	
reported in column (B) joint costs from a combined	55,391.	
educational campaign and fundraising solicitation.	55,391.	
Check here if following SOP 98-2 (ASC 958-720)	55,391.	

Form 990 (2022)
Part X | Balance Sheet

Par	tΧ	Balance Sheet					
		Check if Schedule O contains a response or not	e to an	y line in this Part X			
					<b>(A)</b> Beginning of year		<b>(B)</b> End of year
	1	Cash - non-interest-bearing			2,518,446.	1	2,337,527.
	2	Savings and temporary cash investments				2	
	3	Pledges and grants receivable, net			1,191,533.	3	1,435,000.
	4	Accounts receivable, net			56,892.	4	1,085,748.
	5	Loans and other receivables from any current or					
		trustee, key employee, creator or founder, subst	antial o	contributor, or 35%			
		controlled entity or family member of any of thes	se pers	ons		5	
	6	Loans and other receivables from other disqualit					
		under section 4958(f)(1)), and persons described	l in sec	tion 4958(c)(3)(B)		6	
ţ	7	Notes and loans receivable, net				7	
Assets	8	Inventories for sale or use				8	
ğ	9	Prepaid expenses and deferred charges			467,777.	9	393,256.
	10a	Land, buildings, and equipment: cost or other					
		basis. Complete Part VI of Schedule D Less: accumulated depreciation	10a	9,159,357.			
	b		3,119,709.		3,081,363.		
	11	Investments - publicly traded securities			107,040,970.	11	112,802,470.
	12	Investments - other securities. See Part IV, line 1			3,667,641.	12	
	13	Investments - program-related. See Part IV, line		13	00 040 650		
	14	Intangible assets	156 101	14	23,342,659.		
	15	Other assets. See Part IV, line 11	156,121.	15	112,426.		
	16	Total assets. Add lines 1 through 15 (must equi			118,219,089.	16	144,590,449.
	17	Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,846,719.	17	3,592,161.		
	18	Grants payable	476,537.	18	249,108.		
	19	Deferred revenue			470,337.	19	249,100.
	20	Tax-exempt bond liabilities				20	
	21 22	Escrow or custodial account liability. Complete I				21	
ies	22	Loans and other payables to any current or form					
Liabilities		trustee, key employee, creator or founder, subst controlled entity or family member of any of thes				22	
Lia	23	Secured mortgages and notes payable to unrela				23	
	24	Unsecured notes and loans payable to unrelated				24	
	25	Other liabilities (including federal income tax, pa					
		parties, and other liabilities not included on lines					
		of Schedule D	-	·	3,078,593.	25	26,327,257.
	26	Total liabilities. Add lines 17 through 25			6,401,849.	26	30,168,526.
		Organizations that follow FASB ASC 958, che	ck her	e X	, ,		, ,
es		and complete lines 27, 28, 32, and 33.					
anc	27	Net assets without donor restrictions			108,550,958.	27	111,051,904.
Bal	28	Net assets with donor restrictions			3,266,282.	28	3,370,019.
pu		Organizations that do not follow FASB ASC 9	58, che	eck here			
F.		and complete lines 29 through 33.					
Net Assets or Fund Balances	29	Capital stock or trust principal, or current funds				29	
set	30	Paid-in or capital surplus, or land, building, or ed	quipme	nt fund		30	
As	31	Retained earnings, endowment, accumulated in	come,	or other funds		31	
Net	32	Total net assets or fund balances			111,817,240.	32	114,421,923.
	33	Total liabilities and net assets/fund balances			118,219,089.	33	144,590,449.

Pa	rt XI Reconciliation of Net Assets					
	Check if Schedule O contains a response or note to any line in this Part XI					
1	Total revenue (must equal Part VIII, column (A), line 12)	1			3,3	
2	Total expenses (must equal Part IX, column (A), line 25)	2			3,0	
3	Revenue less expenses. Subtract line 2 from line 1	3			0,3	
4	Net assets or fund balances at beginning of year (must equal Part X, line 32, column (A))	4	111	, 81	7,2	40.
5	Net unrealized gains (losses) on investments	5	1	, 58	4,3	69.
6	Donated services and use of facilities	6				
7	Investment expenses	7				
8	Prior period adjustments	8				
9	Other changes in net assets or fund balances (explain on Schedule O)	9				0.
10	Net assets or fund balances at end of year. Combine lines 3 through 9 (must equal Part X, line 32,					
	column (B))	10	114	, 42	1,9	23.
Pa	rt XII Financial Statements and Reporting					
	Check if Schedule O contains a response or note to any line in this Part XII					X
			_		Yes	No
1	Accounting method used to prepare the Form 990: Cash X Accrual Other					
	If the organization changed its method of accounting from a prior year or checked "Other," explain on Schedule	Ο.	- 1			
2a	Were the organization's financial statements compiled or reviewed by an independent accountant?			2a		X
	If "Yes," check a box below to indicate whether the financial statements for the year were compiled or reviewed	on a	- 1			
	separate basis, consolidated basis, or both:		- 1			
	Separate basis Consolidated basis Both consolidated and separate basis		- 1			
b	Were the organization's financial statements audited by an independent accountant?			2b	X	
	If "Yes," check a box below to indicate whether the financial statements for the year were audited on a separate	basis,	- 1			
	consolidated basis, or both:		- 1			
	X Separate basis Consolidated basis Both consolidated and separate basis		- 1			
С	If "Yes" to line 2a or 2b, does the organization have a committee that assumes responsibility for oversight of the	audit,				
	review, or compilation of its financial statements and selection of an independent accountant?			2c	X	
	If the organization changed either its oversight process or selection process during the tax year, explain on Scho	edule O.	- 1			
За	As a result of a federal award, was the organization required to undergo an audit or audits as set forth in the					
	Uniform Guidance, 2 C.F.R. Part 200, Subpart F?			3a		X
b	If "Yes," did the organization undergo the required audit or audits? If the organization did not undergo the required	ed audit				
	or audits, explain why on Schedule O and describe any steps taken to undergo such audits			3b		
				Form	990	(2022)

#### SCHEDULE A

(Form 990)

Total

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

### **Public Charity Status and Public Support**

Complete if the organization is a section 501(c)(3) organization or a section 4947(a)(1) nonexempt charitable trust. Attach to Form 990 or Form 990-EZ. Go to www.irs.gov/Form990 for instructions and the latest information.

Open to Public Inspection

Name of the organization

**Employer identification number** 

OMB No. 1545-0047

INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE 52-1744337 Reason for Public Charity Status. (All organizations must complete this part.) See instructions. Part I The organization is not a private foundation because it is: (For lines 1 through 12, check only one box.) A church, convention of churches, or association of churches described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(i). A school described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(ii). (Attach Schedule E (Form 990).) 3 A hospital or a cooperative hospital service organization described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(iii). A medical research organization operated in conjunction with a hospital described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(iii). Enter the hospital's name, city, and state: An organization operated for the benefit of a college or university owned or operated by a governmental unit described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(iv). (Complete Part II.) 6 A federal, state, or local government or governmental unit described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(v). X An organization that normally receives a substantial part of its support from a governmental unit or from the general public described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi). (Complete Part II.) A community trust described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi). (Complete Part II.) An agricultural research organization described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(ix) operated in conjunction with a land-grant college or university or a non-land-grant college of agriculture (see instructions). Enter the name, city, and state of the college or 10 An organization that normally receives (1) more than 33 1/3% of its support from contributions, membership fees, and gross receipts from activities related to its exempt functions, subject to certain exceptions; and (2) no more than 33 1/3% of its support from gross investment income and unrelated business taxable income (less section 511 tax) from businesses acquired by the organization after June 30, 1975. See section 509(a)(2). (Complete Part III.) 11 An organization organized and operated exclusively to test for public safety. See section 509(a)(4). 12 An organization organized and operated exclusively for the benefit of, to perform the functions of, or to carry out the purposes of one or more publicly supported organizations described in section 509(a)(1) or section 509(a)(2). See section 509(a)(3). Check the box on lines 12a through 12d that describes the type of supporting organization and complete lines 12e, 12f, and 12g. Type I. A supporting organization operated, supervised, or controlled by its supported organization(s), typically by giving the supported organization(s) the power to regularly appoint or elect a majority of the directors or trustees of the supporting organization. You must complete Part IV, Sections A and B. Type II. A supporting organization supervised or controlled in connection with its supported organization(s), by having control or management of the supporting organization vested in the same persons that control or manage the supported organization(s). You must complete Part IV, Sections A and C. Type III functionally integrated. A supporting organization operated in connection with, and functionally integrated with, its supported organization(s) (see instructions). You must complete Part IV, Sections A, D, and E. Type III non-functionally integrated. A supporting organization operated in connection with its supported organization(s) that is not functionally integrated. The organization generally must satisfy a distribution requirement and an attentiveness requirement (see instructions). You must complete Part IV, Sections A and D, and Part V. Check this box if the organization received a written determination from the IRS that it is a Type I, Type II, Type III functionally integrated, or Type III non-functionally integrated supporting organization. Enter the number of supported organizations Provide the following information about the supported organization(s). (iv) Is the organization listed n your governing document? (i) Name of supported (ii) EIN (iii) Type of organization (v) Amount of monetary (vi) Amount of other (described on lines 1-10 organization support (see instructions) support (see instructions) No above (see instructions))

(Complete only if you checked the box on line 5, 7, or 8 of Part I or if the organization failed to qualify under Part III. If the organization
fails to qualify under the tests listed below, please complete Part III.)

Sec	ction A. Public Support	71	•	-			
	ndar year (or fiscal year beginning in)	(a) 2018	<b>(b)</b> 2019	(c) 2020	(d) 2021	(e) 2022	(f) Total
	Gifts, grants, contributions, and						
	membership fees received. (Do not						
	include any "unusual grants.")	21267811.	27138233.	31138106.	34956143.	33988094.	148488387
2	Tax revenues levied for the organ-						
	ization's benefit and either paid to						
	or expended on its behalf						
3	The value of services or facilities						
	furnished by a governmental unit to						
	the organization without charge						
4	Total. Add lines 1 through 3	21267811.	27138233.	31138106.	34956143.	33988094.	148488387
5	The portion of total contributions						
	by each person (other than a						
	governmental unit or publicly						
	supported organization) included						
	on line 1 that exceeds 2% of the						
	amount shown on line 11,						
	column (f)						14455578.
6	Public support. Subtract line 5 from line 4.						134032809
Sec	ction B. Total Support				_		
Cale	ndar year (or fiscal year beginning in)	(a) 2018	<b>(b)</b> 2019	(c) 2020	(d) 2021	(e) 2022	(f) Total
7	Amounts from line 4	21267811.	27138233.	31138106.	34956143.	33988094.	148488387
8	Gross income from interest,						
	dividends, payments received on						
	securities loans, rents, royalties,						
	and income from similar sources	1577636.	1622922.	1473498.	2085326.	2575952.	9335334.
9	Net income from unrelated business						
	activities, whether or not the						
	business is regularly carried on						
10	Other income. Do not include gain						
	or loss from the sale of capital						
	assets (Explain in Part VI.)						
11	<b>Total support.</b> Add lines 7 through 10						157823721
12	Gross receipts from related activities	, etc. (see instruction	ons)			12 6	,690,794 <b>.</b>
13	First 5 years. If the Form 990 is for the	he organization's fir	rst, second, third,	fourth, or fifth tax	year as a section 5	01(c)(3)	
	organization, check this box and sto						
Sec	ction C. Computation of Publ	ic Support Per	centage				
	Public support percentage for 2022 (		•	.,,		14	84.93 %
	Public support percentage from 2021					15	86.25 %
16a	33 1/3% support test - 2022. If the						
	stop here. The organization qualifies						
b	33 1/3% support test - 2021. If the						
	and stop here. The organization qua	lifies as a publicly s	supported organiza	ation			
17a	10% -facts-and-circumstances test	-					
	and if the organization meets the fact	ts-and-circumstance	es test, check this	box and stop he	ere. Explain in Part	VI how the organiz	zation
	meets the facts-and-circumstances to	-	•				Ц
b	10% -facts-and-circumstances test	t - 2021. If the org	anization did not o	check a box on line	e 13, 16a, 16b, or <sup>1</sup>	17a, and line 15 is	10% or
	more, and if the organization meets to	he facts-and-circum	nstances test, che	ck this box and s	<b>top here.</b> Explain i	n Part VI how the	
	organization meets the facts-and-circ		-		•		
18	Private foundation. If the organization	on did not check a	box on line 13, 16	a, 16b, 17a, or 17b	o, check this box a		
						Schedule A	(Form 990) 2022

#### Part III | Support Schedule for Organizations Described in Section 509(a)(2)

(Complete only if you checked the box on line 10 of Part I or if the organization failed to qualify under Part II. If the organization fails to qualify under the tests listed below, please complete Part II.)

Sed	etion A. Public Support	clow, picase comp	oicte i art ii.j				
	ndar year (or fiscal year beginning in)	(a) 2018	<b>(b)</b> 2019	(c) 2020	(d) 2021	(e) 2022	(f) Total
	Gifts, grants, contributions, and membership fees received. (Do not					,	
	include any "unusual grants.")						
2	Gross receipts from admissions, merchandise sold or services per- formed, or facilities furnished in any activity that is related to the organization's tax-exempt purpose						
3	Gross receipts from activities that are not an unrelated trade or bus-						
	iness under section 513						
4	Tax revenues levied for the organ- ization's benefit and either paid to or expended on its behalf						
5	The value of services or facilities furnished by a governmental unit to the organization without charge						
6	Total. Add lines 1 through 5						
7 <i>a</i>	Amounts included on lines 1, 2, and 3 received from disqualified persons						
b	Amounts included on lines 2 and 3 received from other than disqualified persons that exceed the greater of \$5,000 or 1% of the amount on line 13 for the year						
c	Add lines 7a and 7b						
8	Public support. (Subtract line 7c from line 6.)						
	ndar year (or fiscal year beginning in)	(a) 2018	<b>(b)</b> 2019	(c) 2020	(d) 2021	(e) 2022	(f) Total
	Amounts from line 6	(4) = 3 : 3	(2) 20:0	(0) = 0 = 0	(4,) = 0 = 1	(0) = 0 = 0	(1) 1010.
	Gross income from interest, dividends, payments received on securities loans, rents, royalties, and income from similar sources						
b	Unrelated business taxable income						
	(less section 511 taxes) from businesses acquired after June 30, 1975						
c	Add lines 10a and 10b						
	Net income from unrelated business activities not included on line 10b, whether or not the business is regularly carried on						
12	Other income. Do not include gain or loss from the sale of capital assets (Explain in Part VI.)						
13	Total support. (Add lines 9, 10c, 11, and 12.)						
14	First 5 years. If the Form 990 is for the	ne organization's fi	irst, second, third,	fourth, or fifth tax	year as a section	501(c)(3) organization	on,
	check this box and stop here						
	ction C. Computation of Publi					<del> </del>	
	Public support percentage for 2022 (I		•	column (f))		15	%
	Public support percentage from 2021					16	%
	ction D. Computation of Inves					T .= I	
	Investment income percentage for 20					17	<u>%</u>
	Investment income percentage from					18	% 7 : t
198	33 1/3% support tests - 2022. If the						
b	more than 33 1/3%, check this box ar 33 1/3% support tests - 2021. If the	organization did r	not check a box or	line 14 or line 19a	a, and line 16 is m	ore than 33 1/3%, a	and
	line 18 is not more than 33 1/3%, che						
20	<b>Private foundation.</b> If the organization	in did not check a	hox on line 14 19	a or 19h check th	ns hox and see in	structions	1 1

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#### Part IV | Supporting Organizations

(Complete only if you checked a box on line 12 of Part I. If you checked box 12a, Part I, complete Sections A and B. If you checked box 12b, Part I, complete Sections A and C. If you checked box 12c, Part I, complete Sections A, D, and E. If you checked box 12d, Part I, complete Sections A and D, and complete Part V.)

#### Section A. All Supporting Organizations

- 1 Are all of the organization's supported organizations listed by name in the organization's governing documents? If "No," describe in Part VI how the supported organizations are designated. If designated by class or purpose, describe the designation. If historic and continuing relationship, explain.
- 2 Did the organization have any supported organization that does not have an IRS determination of status under section 509(a)(1) or (2)? If "Yes," explain in **Part VI** how the organization determined that the supported organization was described in section 509(a)(1) or (2).
- **3a** Did the organization have a supported organization described in section 501(c)(4), (5), or (6)? If "Yes," answer lines 3b and 3c below.
- **b** Did the organization confirm that each supported organization qualified under section 501(c)(4), (5), or (6) and satisfied the public support tests under section 509(a)(2)? If "Yes," describe in **Part VI** when and how the organization made the determination.
- c Did the organization ensure that all support to such organizations was used exclusively for section 170(c)(2)(B) purposes? If "Yes," explain in Part VI what controls the organization put in place to ensure such use.
- **4a** Was any supported organization not organized in the United States ("foreign supported organization")? *If* "Yes," and if you checked box 12a or 12b in Part I, answer lines 4b and 4c below.
- **b** Did the organization have ultimate control and discretion in deciding whether to make grants to the foreign supported organization? If "Yes," describe in **Part VI** how the organization had such control and discretion despite being controlled or supervised by or in connection with its supported organizations.
- c Did the organization support any foreign supported organization that does not have an IRS determination under sections 501(c)(3) and 509(a)(1) or (2)? If "Yes," explain in Part VI what controls the organization used to ensure that all support to the foreign supported organization was used exclusively for section 170(c)(2)(B) purposes.
- 5a Did the organization add, substitute, or remove any supported organizations during the tax year? If "Yes," answer lines 5b and 5c below (if applicable). Also, provide detail in Part VI, including (i) the names and EIN numbers of the supported organizations added, substituted, or removed; (ii) the reasons for each such action; (iii) the authority under the organization's organizing document authorizing such action; and (iv) how the action was accomplished (such as by amendment to the organizing document).
- b Type I or Type II only. Was any added or substituted supported organization part of a class already designated in the organization's organizing document?
- c Substitutions only. Was the substitution the result of an event beyond the organization's control?
- 6 Did the organization provide support (whether in the form of grants or the provision of services or facilities) to anyone other than (i) its supported organizations, (ii) individuals that are part of the charitable class benefited by one or more of its supported organizations, or (iii) other supporting organizations that also support or benefit one or more of the filing organization's supported organizations? If "Yes," provide detail in Part VI.
- 7 Did the organization provide a grant, loan, compensation, or other similar payment to a substantial contributor (as defined in section 4958(c)(3)(C)), a family member of a substantial contributor, or a 35% controlled entity with regard to a substantial contributor? If "Yes," complete Part I of Schedule L (Form 990).
- 8 Did the organization make a loan to a disqualified person (as defined in section 4958) not described on line 7? If "Yes," complete Part I of Schedule L (Form 990).
- 9a Was the organization controlled directly or indirectly at any time during the tax year by one or more disqualified persons, as defined in section 4946 (other than foundation managers and organizations described in section 509(a)(1) or (2))? If "Yes," provide detail in Part VI.
- **b** Did one or more disqualified persons (as defined on line 9a) hold a controlling interest in any entity in which the supporting organization had an interest? If "Yes." provide detail in **Part VI.**
- c Did a disqualified person (as defined on line 9a) have an ownership interest in, or derive any personal benefit from, assets in which the supporting organization also had an interest? If "Yes," provide detail in Part VI.
- 10a Was the organization subject to the excess business holdings rules of section 4943 because of section 4943(f) (regarding certain Type II supporting organizations, and all Type III non-functionally integrated supporting organizations)? If "Yes," answer line 10b below.
  - **b** Did the organization have any excess business holdings in the tax year? (Use Schedule C, Form 4720, to determine whether the organization had excess business holdings.)

	Yes	No
1		
•		
2		
3a		
3b		
OB		
3с		
4a		
4b		
710		
4c		
5a		
5b		
5c		
6		
7		
7		
8		
9a		
9b		
9с		
40-		
10a		
10b		
ule A (Forn	n 990)	2022

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Par	t IV   Supporting Organizations (continued)			
			Yes	No
11	Has the organization accepted a gift or contribution from any of the following persons?			
а	A person who directly or indirectly controls, either alone or together with persons described on lines 11b and			
	11c below, the governing body of a supported organization?	11a		
b	A family member of a person described on line 11a above?	11b		
С	A 35% controlled entity of a person described on line 11a or 11b above? If "Yes" to line 11a, 11b, or 11c, provide			
	detail in Part VI.	11c		
Sect	tion B. Type I Supporting Organizations			
			Yes	No
	Did the governing body, members of the governing body, officers acting in their official capacity, or membership of one or more supported organizations have the power to regularly appoint or elect at least a majority of the organization's officers, directors, or trustees at all times during the tax year? If "No," describe in Part VI how the supported organization(s)			
	effectively operated, supervised, or controlled the organization's activities. If the organization had more than one supported organization, describe how the powers to appoint and/or remove officers, directors, or trustees were allocated among the	1		
	supported organizations and what conditions or restrictions, if any, applied to such powers during the tax year.  Did the organization operate for the benefit of any supported organization other than the supported	•		
	organization(s) that operated, supervised, or controlled the supporting organization? If "Yes," explain in			
	Part VI how providing such benefit carried out the purposes of the supported organization(s) that operated,			
Sect	supervised, or controlled the supporting organization. tion C. Type II Supporting Organizations	2		<u> </u>
000.	tion of Type in cupporting organizations		Vaa	N.
	Mana a majorito af the amount at including the control of the state of the state of the state of		Yes	No
	Were a majority of the organization's directors or trustees during the tax year also a majority of the directors			
	or trustees of each of the organization's supported organization(s)? If "No," describe in Part VI how control			
	or management of the supporting organization was vested in the same persons that controlled or managed	4		
Sact	the supported organization(s). tion D. All Type III Supporting Organizations	1		
000	ion b. 7th Type in Supporting Significations		V	
	Did the constitution and ideals and of the constant of the first back day of the fifth weath of the		Yes	No
	Did the organization provide to each of its supported organizations, by the last day of the fifth month of the			
	organization's tax year, (i) a written notice describing the type and amount of support provided during the prior tax			
	year, (ii) a copy of the Form 990 that was most recently filed as of the date of notification, and (iii) copies of the			
	organization's governing documents in effect on the date of notification, to the extent not previously provided?	1		
	Were any of the organization's officers, directors, or trustees either (i) appointed or elected by the supported			
	organization(s) or (ii) serving on the governing body of a supported organization? If "No," explain in Part VI how			
	the organization maintained a close and continuous working relationship with the supported organization(s).	2		
	By reason of the relationship described on line 2, above, did the organization's supported organizations have a			
	significant voice in the organization's investment policies and in directing the use of the organization's			
	income or assets at all times during the tax year? If "Yes," describe in Part VI the role the organization's			
C1	supported organizations played in this regard. tion E. Type III Functionally Integrated Supporting Organizations	3		
	Check the box next to the method that the organization used to satisfy the Integral Part Test during the year (see instruction	ns).		
a	The organization satisfied the Activities Test. Complete line 2 below.			
b	The organization is the parent of each of its supported organizations. Complete line 3 below.			
C	The organization supported a governmental entity. Describe in Part VI how you supported a governmental entity (see	: instruction		
2	Activities Test. Answer lines 2a and 2b below.		Yes	No
	Did substantially all of the organization's activities during the tax year directly further the exempt purposes of			
	the supported organization(s) to which the organization was responsive? If "Yes," then in <b>Part VI identify</b>			
	those supported organizations and explain how these activities directly furthered their exempt purposes,			
	how the organization was responsive to those supported organizations, and how the organization determined			
	that these activities constituted substantially all of its activities.	2a		
	Did the activities described on line 2a, above, constitute activities that, but for the organization's involvement,			
	one or more of the organization's supported organization(s) would have been engaged in? If "Yes," explain in			
	Part VI the reasons for the organization's position that its supported organization(s) would have engaged in			
	these activities but for the organization's involvement.	2b		
	Parent of Supported Organizations. Answer lines 3a and 3b below.			
	Did the organization have the power to regularly appoint or elect a majority of the officers, directors, or			
	trustees of each of the supported organizations? If "Yes" or "No" provide details in Part VI.	3a		
b	Did the organization exercise a substantial degree of direction over the policies, programs, and activities of each			
	of its supported organizations? If "Voc " describe in Part VI the role played by the organization in this regard	3h	1	I

Pa	rt V Type III Non-Functionally Integrated 509(a)(3) Supporti	ng Organi:	zations	
1	Check here if the organization satisfied the Integral Part Test as a qualify	ing trust on N	ov. 20, 1970 ( <i>explain in</i>	Part VI). See instructions.
	All other Type III non-functionally integrated supporting organizations mu			
Sect	ion A - Adjusted Net Income		(A) Prior Year	(B) Current Year (optional)
1	Net short-term capital gain	1		
2	Recoveries of prior-year distributions	2		
3	Other gross income (see instructions)	3		
4	Add lines 1 through 3.	4		
5	Depreciation and depletion	5		
6	Portion of operating expenses paid or incurred for production or			
	collection of gross income or for management, conservation, or			
	maintenance of property held for production of income (see instructions)	6		
7	Other expenses (see instructions)	7		
8	Adjusted Net Income (subtract lines 5, 6, and 7 from line 4)	8		
	ion B - Minimum Asset Amount		(A) Prior Year	(B) Current Year (optional)
1	Aggregate fair market value of all non-exempt-use assets (see			
	instructions for short tax year or assets held for part of year):			
a	Average monthly value of securities	1a		
b	Average monthly cash balances	1b		
С	Fair market value of other non-exempt-use assets	1c		
d	Total (add lines 1a, 1b, and 1c)	1d		
е	Discount claimed for blockage or other factors			
	(explain in detail in Part VI):			
2	Acquisition indebtedness applicable to non-exempt-use assets	2		
3	Subtract line 2 from line 1d.	3		
4	Cash deemed held for exempt use. Enter 0.015 of line 3 (for greater amount,			
	see instructions).	4		
5	Net value of non-exempt-use assets (subtract line 4 from line 3)	5		
6	Multiply line 5 by 0.035.	6		
7	Recoveries of prior-year distributions	7		
8	Minimum Asset Amount (add line 7 to line 6)	8		
Sect	ion C - Distributable Amount			Current Year
1	Adjusted net income for prior year (from Section A, line 8, column A)	1		
2	Enter 0.85 of line 1.	2		
3	Minimum asset amount for prior year (from Section B, line 8, column A)	3		
4	Enter greater of line 2 or line 3.	4		
5	Income tax imposed in prior year	5		
6	Distributable Amount. Subtract line 5 from line 4, unless subject to			
	emergency temporary reduction (see instructions).	6		
7	Check here if the current year is the organization's first as a non-function	ally integrated	Type III supporting orga	inization (see
	instructions)	, 5	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	•

Schedule A (Form 990) 2022

Par	t V Type III Non-Functionally Integrated 509	(a)(3) Supporting Orga	inizations <sub>(continue</sub>	ed)	
Secti	on D - Distributions				Current Year
_1_	Amounts paid to supported organizations to accomplish exe	mpt purposes		1	
2	Amounts paid to perform activity that directly furthers exemp	ot purposes of supported			
	organizations, in excess of income from activity			2	
3	Administrative expenses paid to accomplish exempt purpose	es of supported organizations	3	3	
4	Amounts paid to acquire exempt-use assets				
5	Qualified set-aside amounts (prior IRS approval required - provide details in Part VI)				
6	Other distributions (describe in Part VI). See instructions.				
7	Total annual distributions. Add lines 1 through 6.				
8	Distributions to attentive supported organizations to which the	ne organization is responsive			
	(provide details in Part VI). See instructions.			8	
9	Distributable amount for 2022 from Section C, line 6		9		
10	Line 8 amount divided by line 9 amount			10	
Secti	on E - Distribution Allocations (see instructions)	(i) Excess Distributions	(ii) Underdistributions Pre-2022	•	(iii) Distributable Amount for 2022
_1_	Distributable amount for 2022 from Section C, line 6				
2	Underdistributions, if any, for years prior to 2022 (reason-				
	able cause required - explain in Part VI). See instructions.				
_3_	Excess distributions carryover, if any, to 2022				
a	From 2017				
b	From 2018				
с	From 2019				
d	From 2020				
е	From 2021				
f	Total of lines 3a through 3e				
g	Applied to underdistributions of prior years				
h	Applied to 2022 distributable amount				
i_	Carryover from 2017 not applied (see instructions)				
j_	Remainder. Subtract lines 3g, 3h, and 3i from line 3f.				
4	Distributions for 2022 from Section D,				
	line 7: \$				
а	Applied to underdistributions of prior years				
b	Applied to 2022 distributable amount				
с	Remainder. Subtract lines 4a and 4b from line 4.				
5	Remaining underdistributions for years prior to 2022, if				
	any. Subtract lines 3g and 4a from line 2. For result greater				
	than zero, explain in Part VI. See instructions.				
6	Remaining underdistributions for 2022. Subtract lines 3h				
	and 4b from line 1. For result greater than zero, explain in				
	Part VI. See instructions.				
7	Excess distributions carryover to 2023. Add lines 3j				
	and 4c.				
8	Breakdown of line 7:				
<u>a</u>	Excess from 2018				
b	Excess from 2019				
c	Excess from 2020				
d	Excess from 2021				
е	Excess from 2022				

Schedule A (Form 990) 2022

Part VI	Supplemental Information. Provide the explanations required by Part II, line 10; Part II, line 17a or 17b; Part III, line 12;
	Supplemental Information. Provide the explanations required by Part II, line 10; Part II, line 17a or 17b; Part III, line 12; Part IV, Section A, lines 1, 2, 3b, 3c, 4b, 4c, 5a, 6, 9a, 9b, 9c, 11a, 11b, and 11c; Part IV, Section B, lines 1 and 2; Part IV, Section C, line 1; Part IV, Section D, lines 2 and 3; Part IV, Section E, lines 1c, 2a, 2b, 3a, and 3b; Part V, line 1; Part V, Section B, line 1e; Part V, Section D, lines 5, 6, and 8; and Part V, Section E, lines 2, 5, and 6. Also complete this part for any additional information.
	(See instructions.)

#### **SCHEDULE C** (Form 990)

### **Political Campaign and Lobbying Activities**

Open to Public

OMB No. 1545-0047

Inspection

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

For Organizations Exempt From Income Tax Under section 501(c) and section 527 Complete if the organization is described below. Attach to Form 990 or Form 990-EZ. Go to www.irs.gov/Form990 for instructions and the latest information.

If the organization answered "Yes," on Form 990, Part IV, line 3, or Form 990-EZ, Part V, line 46 (Political Campaign Activities), then

- Section 501(c)(3) organizations: Complete Parts I-A and B. Do not complete Part I-C.
- Section 501(c) (other than section 501(c)(3)) organizations: Complete Parts I-A and C below. Do not complete Part I-B.
- Section 527 organizations: Complete Part I-A only.

If the organization answered "Yes," on Form 990, Part IV, line 4, or Form 990-EZ, Part VI, line 47 (Lobbying Activities), then

- Section 501(c)(3) organizations that have filed Form 5768 (election under section 501(h)): Complete Part II-A. Do not complete Part II-B.
- Section 501(c)(3) organizations that have NOT filed Form 5768 (election under section 501(h)): Complete Part II-B. Do not complete Part II-A.

If the organization answered "Yes," on Form 990, Part IV, line 5 (Proxy Tax) (See separate instructions) or Form 990-EZ, Part V, line 35c (Proxy Tax) (See separate instructions), then

	Section 501(c)(4), (5), or (6) organizat	ions: Complete Part III.		<u>,                                      </u>	
Nan	ne of organization			Em	ployer identification number
		TE FOR JUSTICE			52-1744337
Pa	art I-A Complete if the org	anization is exempt und	ler section 501(c)	or is a section 527 of	organization.
2	Provide a description of the organiz Political campaign activity expendit Volunteer hours for political campai	ures			
Pa	art I-B Complete if the org	anization is exempt und	ler section 501(c)	(3).	
_	Enter the amount of any excise tax				\$
2	Enter the amount of any excise tax	incurred by organization manag	ers under section 4955	5	\$
3	If the organization incurred a section	n 4955 tax, did it file Form 4720	for this year?		Yes No
	Was a correction made?				
k	If "Yes," describe in Part IV.				
Pa	art I-C Complete if the org	anization is exempt und	ler section 501(c),	except section 501	(c)(3).
1	Enter the amount directly expended	by the filing organization for se	ection 527 exempt func	tion activities	\$
2	Enter the amount of the filing organ		~		
	exempt function activities				\$
3	Total exempt function expenditures				
	line 17b				
4	3 3				
5	Enter the names, addresses and en made payments. For each organiza				
	contributions received that were pro-				·
	political action committee (PAC). If			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9: -9
	(a) Name	(b) Address	(c) EIN	(d) Amount paid from filing organization's funds. If none, enter -0	contributions received and

For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see the Instructions for Form 990 or 990-EZ.

Schedule C (Form 990) 2022

LHA

232041 11-08-22

Schedule C (Form 990) 2022	INSTITUTE F	OR JUSTICE			744337 Page 2
Part II-A Complete if the org section 501(h)).	ganization is exen	npt under sectior	501(c)(3) and file	ed Form 5768 (ele	ction under
A Check if the filing organiza	ation belongs to an affil	liated group (and list in	Part IV each affiliated	group member's name	e, address, EIN,
expenses, and sha	re of excess lobbying e	expenditures).			
B Check if the filing organiza	ation checked box A ar	nd "limited control" pro	visions apply.		
	its on Lobbying Exper ditures" means amou			<b>(a)</b> Filing organization's totals	<b>(b)</b> Affiliated group totals
1a Total lobbying expenditures to infl	uence public opinion (d	arassroots lobbying)		107,741.	
<b>b</b> Total lobbying expenditures to infl				480,773.	
c Total lobbying expenditures (add l	~			588,514.	
<b>d</b> Other exempt purpose expenditur	37,144,555.				
e Total exempt purpose expenditure	37,733,069.				
f Lobbying nontaxable amount. Enter the amount from the following table in both columns.				1,000,000.	
If the amount on line 1e, column (a)	ount is:	, ,			
Not over \$500,000					
Over \$500,000 but not over \$1,00		the amount on line 1e. 00 plus 15% of the exce	ess over \$500,000.		
Over \$1,000,000 but not over \$1,5		00 plus 10% of the exc			
Over \$1,500,000 but not over \$17		00 plus 5% of the exces			
Over \$17,000,000	\$1,000,0	000.			
g Grassroots nontaxable amount (er	nter 25% of line 1f)			250,000.	
h Subtract line 1g from line 1a. If zer	o or less, enter -0-			0.	
i Subtract line 1f from line 1c. If zero	o or less, enter -0-			0.	
j If there is an amount other than ze	ero on either line 1h or l	line 1i, did the organiza	ation file Form 4720		
reporting section 4911 tax for this	year?				Yes No
	4-Year Ave	eraging Period Under	Section 501(h)		
(Some organizations t		01(h) election do not l ate instructions for lir		of the five columns be	low.
	Lobbying Exper	nditures During 4-Yea	r Averaging Period		
Calendar year (or fiscal year beginning in)	(a) 2019	<b>(b)</b> 2020	(c) 2021	( <b>d)</b> 2022	(e) Total
2a Lobbying nontaxable amount	1,000,000.	1,000,000.	1,000,000.	1,000,000.	4,000,000.
<b>b</b> Lobbying ceiling amount (150% of line 2a, column(e))					6,000,000.

350,878.

250,000.

26,028.

388,163.

250,000.

10,821

Schedule C (Form 990) 2022

1,637,324.

1,000,000.

1,500,000.

186,750.

588,514.

250,000.

107,741.

c Total lobbying expenditures

d Grassroots nontaxable amounte Grassroots ceiling amount

(150% of line 2d, column (e))

f Grassroots lobbying expenditures

309,769.

250,000.

42,160.

### Part II-B Complete if the organization is exempt under section 501(c)(3) and has NOT filed Form 5768 (election under section 501(h)).

For e	ach "Yes" response on lines 1a through 1i below, provide in Part IV a detailed description	(a)		(b)	
of the	e lobbying activity.	Yes	No	Amo	ount
1	During the year, did the filing organization attempt to influence foreign, national, state, or				
	local legislation, including any attempt to influence public opinion on a legislative matter				
	or referendum, through the use of:				
а	Volunteers?				
b	Paid staff or management (include compensation in expenses reported on lines 1c through 1i)?				
С	Media advertisements?				
	Mailings to members, legislators, or the public?				
е	Publications, or published or broadcast statements?				
f	Grants to other organizations for lobbying purposes?				
	Direct contact with legislators, their staffs, government officials, or a legislative body?				
h	Rallies, demonstrations, seminars, conventions, speeches, lectures, or any similar means?				
i	Other activities?				
	Total. Add lines 1c through 1i				
	Did the activities in line 1 cause the organization to be not described in section 501(c)(3)?				
	If "Yes," enter the amount of any tax incurred under section 4912				
	If "Yes," enter the amount of any tax incurred by organization managers under section 4912				
d	If the filing organization incurred a section 4912 tax, did it file Form 4720 for this year?	- F04(-)(F)			
Par	t III-A Complete if the organization is exempt under section 501(c)(4), section 504(c)(6)	n 501(c)(5)	, or se	ction	
	501(c)(6).				
				Yes	No
1	Were substantially all (90% or more) dues received nondeductible by members?				
2	Did the organization make only in-house lobbying expenditures of \$2,000 or less?				
Bar	Did the organization agree to carry over lobbying and political campaign activity expenditures from the till-B Complete if the organization is exempt under section 501(c)(4), section	e prior year?	3	otion	
ı aı	501(c)(6) and if either (a) BOTH Part III-A, lines 1 and 2, are answered				3 is
	answered "Yes."	110 011 (1	o, i ai c	A,c	0, 13
1	Dues, assessments and similar amounts from members		1		
2	Section 162(e) nondeductible lobbying and political expenditures (do not include amounts of politic				
_	expenses for which the section 527(f) tax was paid).	,ui			
а	Current year		2a		
	Carryover from last year				
	Total				
	A second of the		·		
	If notices were sent and the amount on line 2c exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3, what portion of the exceeds the amount on line 3.				
-	does the organization agree to carryover to the reasonable estimate of nondeductible lobbying and po				
	expenditures next year?		4		
5	Taxable amount of lobbying and political expenditures. See instructions		. 5		
Par	t IV Supplemental Information			•	
Prov	de the descriptions required for Part I-A, line 1; Part I-B, line 4; Part I-C, line 5; Part II-A (affiliated group	list); Part II-A	, lines 1 a	and 2 (See	
	actions); and Part II-B, line 1. Also, complete this part for any additional information.	•		,	

#### **SCHEDULE D** (Form 990)

Department of the Treasury

Internal Revenue Service

Supplemental Financial Statements
Complete if the organization answered "Yes" on Form 990,
Part IV, line 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11a, 11b, 11c, 11d, 11e, 11f, 12a, or 12b.
Attach to Form 990.

Go to www.irs.gov/Form990 for instructions and the latest information.

OMB No. 1545-0047 Inspection

Name of the organization

INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE

**Employer identification number** 52-1744337

Pai	organizations Maintaining Donor Advised organization answered "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, lin.		r Si	milar Funds o	or Ac	coun	ts. Complete if the
		(a) Donor adv	/ised	I funds	(	<b>b)</b> Fun	ds and other accounts
1	Total number at end of year	. , ,					
2	Aggregate value of contributions to (during year)						
3	Aggregate value of grants from (during year)						
4	Aggregate value at end of year						
5	Did the organization inform all donors and donor advisors in v	writing that the assets	helo	d in donor advise	d fund	ls	
	are the organization's property, subject to the organization's	-					Yes No
6	Did the organization inform all grantees, donors, and donor a						
	for charitable purposes and not for the benefit of the donor or	r donor advisor, or for	any	other purpose co	onferri	ng	
	impermissible private benefit?						Yes No
Par	t II Conservation Easements. Complete if the org	ganization answered "	Yes	" on Form 990, P	art IV,	line 7.	
1	Purpose(s) of conservation easements held by the organization	on (check all that appl	y).				
	Preservation of land for public use (for example, recreated	tion or education)		Preservation of a	a histo	rically	important land area
	Protection of natural habitat			Preservation of a	a certif	fied his	storic structure
	Preservation of open space						
2	Complete lines 2a through 2d if the organization held a qualif	ied conservation cont	ribu	tion in the form o	f a cor	serva	
	day of the tax year.						Held at the End of the Tax Year
а	Total number of conservation easements					2a	
b	Total acreage restricted by conservation easements					2b	
С	Number of conservation easements on a certified historic stru	ucture included in (a)				2c	
d	Number of conservation easements included in (c) acquired a	after July 25,2006, and	d no	t on a			
						2d	
3	Number of conservation easements modified, transferred, rele	eased, extinguished,	or te	rminated by the o	organiz	zation	during the tax
	year						
4	Number of states where property subject to conservation eas	_					
5	Does the organization have a written policy regarding the per		ectio	on, handling of			
	violations, and enforcement of the conservation easements it						Yes No
6	Staff and volunteer hours devoted to monitoring, inspecting,	handling of violations	, and	d enforcing conse	ervatio	n ease	ments during the year
7	Amount of expenses incurred in monitoring, inspecting, hand	lling of violations, and	enfo	orcina conservati	on eas	ement	ts during the year
•		ming or violations, and	Orne	ording deriservan	orr ouc	, ciricin	is during the year
8	Does each conservation easement reported on line 2(d) above	e satisfy the requirem	ents	of section 170(h)	)(4)(B)(	i)	
	and section 170(h)(4)(B)(ii)?						Yes No
9	In Part XIII, describe how the organization reports conservation						d
	balance sheet, and include, if applicable, the text of the footn	ote to the organizatio	n's f	inancial statemer	nts tha	t desc	ribes the
	organization's accounting for conservation easements.						
Par	t III Organizations Maintaining Collections of		rea	sures, or Oth	ier Si	imila	r Assets.
	Complete if the organization answered "Yes" on Form						
1a	If the organization elected, as permitted under FASB ASC 95	•					
	of art, historical treasures, or other similar assets held for pub	•	,			ce of p	Dublic
	service, provide in Part XIII the text of the footnote to its finan						
b	If the organization elected, as permitted under FASB ASC 95						
	art, historical treasures, or other similar assets held for public	exhibition, education	, or	research in furthe	erance	of put	olic service,
	provide the following amounts relating to these items:						_
	(i) Revenue included on Form 990, Part VIII, line 1						
_							\$
2	If the organization received or held works of art, historical trea				gain, p	rovide	•
	the following amounts required to be reported under FASB A						Φ.
а	Revenue included on Form 990, Part VIII, line 1						
b	Assets included in Form 990, Part X						Φ

LHA For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see the Instructions for Form 990.

Schedule D (Form 990) 2022

Sche	dule F	) (Form 990) 2022 INSTITU	re for Just	TICE			52-1	L7 <b>44</b> 33	7 р	age <b>2</b>
	t III	Organizations Maintaining C			asures, or Oth	er Si	milar Asse	ets (conti	nued)	uge
3		g the organization's acquisition, accession items (check all that apply):	on, and other records	s, check any of the f	ollowing that make	signif	icant use of it	ts		
а		Public exhibition	d	Loan or exc	hange program					
b		Scholarly research	e		nange program					
c		Preservation for future generations	Ü							
4	Provi	de a description of the organization's co	allections and explain	how they further th	e organization's ex	-mnt	nurnose in Pa	art XIII		
5		g the year, did the organization solicit o						art Am.		
•		sold to raise funds rather than to be ma						Yes		No
Par	t IV	Escrow and Custodial Arrang							,	
		reported an amount on Form 990, Par		te ii tile organizatio	Transwered res e	// I O	111 000, 1 411 1	v, iii ic 5, 0i		
1a	Is the	e organization an agent, trustee, custodi		ary for contributions	s or other assets no	t incli	ıded			
·u		orm 990, Part X?		•				Yes		No
h		es," explain the arrangement in Part XIII						100		_ 110
		oxplain the arrangement in rate xiii t	and complete the for	owing table.		1		Amour	nt	
c	Regi	nning balance					1c			
	-	tions during the year				- 1	1d			
		butions during the year					1e			
f		ng balance					1f			
		he organization include an amount on Fo						Yes		No
		es," explain the arrangement in Part XIII.				-				j
Par		Endowment Funds. Complete i								
		·	(a) Current year	(b) Prior year	(c) Two years back		Three years ba	ck (e) Fou	r years	back
1a	Beai	nning of year balance	115,599.	136,098.	116,692.		115,68	0.	111,	025.
	-	ributions					•		-	
		nvestment earnings, gains, and losses	7,287.	-16,902.	21,151.		3,48	4.	7,	282.
		ts or scholarships								
		r expenditures for facilities								
		orograms	4,993.	3,597.	1,745.		2,47	2.	2,	627.
f		nistrative expenses					•		-	
g		of year balance	117,893.	115,599.	136,098		116,69	2.	115,	680.
2	Prov	de the estimated percentage of the curr	ent year end balance	e (line 1g, column (a)	) held as:			•		
а	Boar	d designated or quasi-endowment	•	%	•					
b	Perm	ianent endowment $10\overline{0}$	%	_						
С	Term	endowment	<del></del> %							
	The	percentages on lines 2a, 2b, and 2c sho	uld equal 100%.							
За		here endowment funds not in the posse		tion that are held ar	d administered for	the				
	orgai	nization by:							Yes	No
	(i) l	Inrelated organizations						3a(i)	Х	
		Related organizations								X
b		es" on line 3a(ii), are the related organiza								
4	Desc	ribe in Part XIII the intended uses of the		wment funds.						
Par	t VI	$\rfloor$ Land, Buildings, and Equipm	ent.							
		Complete if the organization answered	d "Yes" on Form 990	, Part IV, line 11a. S	ee Form 990, Part >	ر, line	10.			
		Description of property	(a) Cost or o		, ,		mulated ciation	(d) Boo	k valu	e 
1a	Land									
		ings								
		ehold improvements					2,941.	1,66		
d	Equi	oment		3,40	7,434. 2	67	5,053.	73	2,3	81.

Schedule D (Form 990) 2022

684,680.

3,081,363.

e Other

d Equipment

Total. Add lines 1a through 1e. (Column (d) must equal Form 990, Part X. column (B), line 10c.)

684,680.

Schedule D (Form 990) 2022	TNOTITOTE FOR OUDITOR	J 2 -
Dart VII Investments	Other Securities	

Complete if the organization answered "Yes" or	n Form 990, Part IV, line	11b. See Form 990, Part X, line 12.
(a) Description of security or category (including name of security)	(b) Book value	(c) Method of valuation: Cost or end-of-year market value
(1) Financial derivatives		
(2) Closely held equity interests		
(3) Other		
(A)		
(B)		
(C)		
(D)		
(E)		
(F)		
(G)		
(H)		
Total. (Col. (b) must equal Form 990, Part X, col. (B) line 12.)		
Part VIII Investments - Program Related.		

Complete if the organization answered "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, line 11c. See Form 990, Part X, line 13.

(a) Description of investment	(b) Book value	(c) Method of valuation: Cost or end-of-year market value
(1)		
(2)		
(3)		
(4)		
(5)		
(6)		
(7)		
(8)		
(9)		
Total. (Col. (b) must equal Form 990. Part X. col. (B) line 13.)		
Part IX Other Assets.		

Complete if the organization answered "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, line 11d. See Form 990, Part X, line 15.

(a) Description	(b) Book value
(1)	
(2)	
(3)	
(4)	
(5)	
(6)	
(7)	
(8)	
(9)	

Total. (Column (b) must equal Form 990, Part X, col. (B) line 15.)

Other Liabilities.

Complete if the organization answered "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, line 11e or 11f. See Form 990, Part X, line 25.

1. (a) Description of liability	(b) Book value
(1) Federal income taxes	
(2) CHARITABLE GIFT ANNUITIES	643,684.
(3) LEASE LIABILITY	25,670,618.
(4) OTHERS	12,955.
(5)	
(6)	
(8)	
(9)	
Total. (Column (b) must equal Form 990, Part X, col. (B) line 25.)	26,327,257.

2. Liability for uncertain tax positions. In Part XIII, provide the text of the footnote to the organization's financial statements that reports the organization's liability for uncertain tax positions under FASB ASC 740. Check here if the text of the footnote has been provided in Part XIII

Schedule D (Form 990) 2022

Par	Reconciliation of Revenue per Audited Financial Stateme.  Complete if the organization answered "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, line 12a.		Revenue per Re	turn.	
_				1	40,466,406.
1 2	Total revenue, gains, and other support per audited financial statements  Amounts included on line 1 but not on Form 990, Part VIII, line 12:			-	40,400,400
		2a	1,584,369.		
a	Net unrealized gains (losses) on investments		128,118.		
b	Donated services and use of facilities		120,110.		
c d	Recoveries of prior year grants Other (Describe in Part XIII.)				
e e				2e	1 712 487.
3	•			3	1,712,487. 38,753,919.
4	Subtract line <b>2e</b> from line <b>1</b> Amounts included on Form 990, Part VIII, line 12, but not on line 1:			3	30,733,313.
a	Investment expenses not included on Form 990, Part VIII, line 7b	4a			
	Other (Describe in Part XIII.)		-536.		
	Add lines <b>4a</b> and <b>4b</b>			4c	-536.
5	Total revenue. Add lines 3 and 4c. (This must equal Form 990, Part I. line 12.)			5	38,753,383.
	t XII Reconciliation of Expenses per Audited Financial Statemen	ents With	n Expenses per P		n.
	Complete if the organization answered "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, line 12a.				
1	Total expenses and losses per audited financial statements			1	37,861,723.
2	Amounts included on line 1 but not on Form 990, Part IX, line 25:				
а	Donated services and use of facilities	2a	128,118.		
b	Prior year adjustments				
С	Other losses				
d	Other (Describe in Part XIII.)		536.		
е	Add lines 2a through 2d			2e	128,654.
3	Subtract line 2e from line 1			3	37,733,069.
4	Amounts included on Form 990, Part IX, line 25, but not on line 1:				
а	Investment expenses not included on Form 990, Part VIII, line 7b	. 4a			
b	Other (Describe in Part XIII.)	4b			_
С	Add lines 4a and 4b			4c	0.
5	Total expenses. Add lines 3 and 4c. (This must equal Form 990, Part I, line 18.) t XIII Supplemental Information.			5	37,733,069.
		N/ 1: 1b	and Oh. Dart V. line. 4	. Dart	V line O. Dart VI
	de the descriptions required for Part II, lines 3, 5, and 9; Part III, lines 1a and 4; Part 2d and 4b; and Part XII, lines 2d and 4b. Also complete this part to provide any addi			; Part	x, line 2; Part XI,
111103	tu anu 40, anu i art XII, iines 20 anu 40. Also complete tilis part to provide arry addi	itional imon	nation.		
PAF	T V, LINE 4:				
ENI	OWMENT FUNDS ARE MAINTAINED TO PROVIDE A F	PERMAN	ENT SOURCE	OF	INCOME TO
CIII	DODE MIE INCHIMELC OVERNII MICCION ENDO	NATA CERTATA		1117	ID IN
501	PORT THE INSTITUTE'S OVERALL MISSION. ENDO	)MMEII.I.	ASSETS ARE	пь	עד עם
PEF	PETUITY AS DONOR-RESTRICTED GIFTS, WHILE I	NCOME	GENERATED	BY '	THE
ENI	OWMENTS IS UTILIZED BY THE INSTITUTE FOR I	TS GE	NERAL CHARI	TAB	LE
PUF	POSE, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS OF THE	GIFT	INSTRUMENT.		
PΔF	T X, LINE 2:				
	1 11 11 11 11				
MAN	AGEMENT HAS DETERMINED THERE ARE NO UNCERT	TAIN T	AX POSITION	S T	HAT ARE
163.0				20	2022
MA'	ERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE	YEAR .	ENDED JUNE	<b>3U</b> ,	∠U∠3. THE
INS	TITUTE RECOGNIZES INTEREST EXPENSE AND PEN	NALTIE	S ON INCOME	TA	XES
KEI	ATED TO UNCERTAIN TAX POSITIONS IN MANAGEM	1ENT E	XPENSES IN	THE	

Schedule D (Form 990) 2022

# SCHEDULE F (Form 990)

#### Statement of Activities Outside the United States

Complete if the organization answered "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, line 14b, 15, or 16. Attach to Form 990.

Open to Public

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Go to  $\underline{www.irs.gov/Form990}$  for instructions and the latest information.

Inspection

Name of the organization **Employer identification number** INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE 52-1744337

Pai	rt I	General Infor	mation on A	ctivities Out	side the United States. Comple	ete if the organization answered "Y	es" on			
		Form 990, Part IV	/, line 14b.							
1	For g	<b>rantmakers.</b> Does	the organization	n maintain record	ds to substantiate the amount of its gra	nts and other assistance,				
	the g	grantees' eligibility for the grants or assistance, and the selection criteria used to award the grants or assistance? Yes No								
2	For g	rantmakers. Desc	ribe in Part V the	e organization's p	procedures for monitoring the use of its	grants and other assistance outsi	de the			
	Unite	d States.								
3	Activi	ties per Region. (Th	ne following Part	I, line 3 table ca	n be duplicated if additional space is n	eeded.)				
	(a	ı) Region	(b) Number of			(e) If activity listed in (d)	(f) Total			
			offices	employees, agents, and	(by type) (such as, fundraising, pro-	is a program service,	expenditures for and			
			in the region	independent contractors	gram services, investments, grants to	describe specific type of service(s) in the region	investments			
				in the region	recipients located in the region)	or service(s) in the region	in the region			
CENT	RAL A	MERICA AND								
THE	CARIE	BEAN	0	0	INVESTMENTS		0.			
3 a	Subto	otal	0	0			0.			
b	Total	from continuation								
	sheet	s to Part I	0	0			0.			
С	Total	s (add lines 3a								
	and 3		0	0			0.			

LHA For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see the Instructions for Form 990.

Schedule F (Form 990) 2022

1 (a) Name of organization	<b>(b)</b> IRS code section and EIN (if applicable)	(c) Region	(d) Purpose of grant	(e) Amount of cash grant	(f) Manner of cash disbursement	(g) Amount of noncash assistance	(h) Description of noncash assistance	(i) Method of valuation (book, FM\ appraisal, other)

3 Enter total number of other organizations or entities

			tes. Complete i	f the organization answered "Yes'	on Form 990, Part	IV, line 16.	
(a) Type of grant or as:	dditional space is neede	(c) Number of recipients	(d) Amount of cash grant	(e) Manner of cash disbursement	(f) Amount of noncash assistance	(g) Description of noncash assistance	(h) Method of valuation (book, FMV, appraisal, other)

Page 4

#### Schedule F (Form 990) 2022 Part IV Foreign Forms INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE

1	Was the organization a U.S. transferor of property to a foreign corporation during the tax year? If "Yes," the organization may be required to file Form 926, Return by a U.S. Transferor of Property to a Foreign Corporation (see Instructions for Form 926)	Yes	X No
2	Did the organization have an interest in a foreign trust during the tax year? If "Yes," the organization may be required to separately file Form 3520, Annual Return To Report Transactions With Foreign Trusts and Receipt of Certain Foreign Gifts, and/or Form 3520-A, Annual Information Return of Foreign Trust With a U.S. Owner (see Instructions for Forms 3520 and 3520-A; don't file with Form 990)	Yes	X No
3	Did the organization have an ownership interest in a foreign corporation during the tax year? If "Yes," the organization may be required to file Form 5471, Information Return of U.S. Persons With Respect to Certain Foreign Corporations (see Instructions for Form 5471)	Yes	X No
4	Was the organization a direct or indirect shareholder of a passive foreign investment company or a qualified electing fund during the tax year? If "Yes," the organization may be required to file Form 8621, Information Return by a Shareholder of a Passive Foreign Investment Company or Qualified Electing Fund (see Instructions for Form 8621)	Yes	X No
5	Did the organization have an ownership interest in a foreign partnership during the tax year? If "Yes," the organization may be required to file Form 8865, Return of U.S. Persons With Respect to Certain Foreign Partnerships (see Instructions for Form 8865)	Yes	X No
6	Did the organization have any operations in or related to any boycotting countries during the tax year? If "Yes," the organization may be required to separately file Form 5713, International Boycott Report (see Instructions for Form 5713; don't file with Form 990)	Yes	X No

Schedule F (Form 990) 2022

#### SCHEDULE I (Form 990)

Department of the Treasury

**Grants and Other Assistance to Organizations, Governments, and Individuals in the United States** 

Complete if the organization answered "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, line 21 or 22.

Attach to Form 990.

Open to Public

OMB No. 1545-0047

Go to www.irs.gov/Form990 for the latest information.									Inspe	ction
Name of the organization	Employer identification number 52-1744337									
Part I General Information		FOR JUST	ICE						52-174	1433/
						.fatha				
Does the organization ma								ion	X Yes	□ No
criteria used to award the 2 Describe in Part IV the or	grants or assis	ocadures for monit	oring the use of grant	funds in the United	States				_21_ 1e5	INC
						anization answered "\	Yes" on Form 990, Par	t IV line 21	for any	
		-	be duplicated if addit			arnzation arlowered	100 0111 01111 000, 1 01		ioi arry	
1 (a) Name and address of organization or government		(b) EIN	(c) IRC section (if applicable)	(d) Amount of cash grant	(e) Amount of noncash assistance	(f) Method of valuation (book, FMV, appraisal, other)	(g) Description of noncash assistance	(h) Purpose of gra or assistance		•
STATE POLICY NETWORK										
1655 NORTH FORT MYER DRIVE, #360									CONFEREN	CE
ARLINGTON, VA 22209		57-0952531	501(C)(3)	20,000.	0.			SPONSORS	HIP	
AMERICAN LEGISLATIVE EXC										
COUNCIL (ALEC) - 2900 CF								2022 15715		
DRIVE, 6TH FLOOR - ARLINGTON, VA 22202		52-0140979	E01/Q\/3\	17 000	0.			2023 MEM		
22202		32-0140979	501(C)(3)	17,000.	0.			CONTRIBU	LIONS	
MOOR'S BREWING COMPANY I	LLC							CASH PRI	ZE GIVEN '	TO THE
617 EAST BOWEN AVENUE									E 2022 SO	
CHICAGO, IL 60653		86-3202303		10,000.	0.			PITCH FI		
				,						
THE FEDERALIST SOCIETY I	FOR LAW AND							2023 STU	DENT SYMP	OSIUM
PUBLIC POLICY - 1776 I S	STREET NW,							AND STUD	ENT LEADE	RSHIP
SUITE 300 - WASHINGTON,	DC 20006	36-3235550	501(C)(3)	6,500.	0.			CONFEREN	CE SPONSO	RSHIPS
THE RECORD TRACK									ZE GIVEN '	
2804 E. 87TH STREET					_				E 2022 SO	UTH SIDE
CHICAGO, IL 60617				8,000.	0.			PITCH FI	NALIST.	
2 Enter total number of sec	tion 501(c)(3) ar	nd government org	ganizations listed in th	e line 1 table			1			3.
		-							_	

LHA For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see the Instructions for Form 990.

3 Enter total number of other organizations listed in the line 1 table

Schedule I (Form 990) 2022

Schedule I (Form 990) 2022 INSTITUTE FOR J	52-1744337	Page 2				
Part III Grants and Other Assistance to Domestic Individuals Part III can be duplicated if additional space is needed.	. Complete if the	organization answe	ered "Yes" on Form 9	990, Part IV, line 22.		
(a) Type of grant or assistance	(b) Number of recipients	(c) Amount of cash grant	(d) Amount of non- cash assistance	(e) Method of valuation (book, FMV, appraisal, other)	(f) Description of noncash assistance	
LEGAL ASSISTANCE	3	22,258.	0.			
Date Continue to Daily to State Continue	nindia Pada lia	o Doubli och och		Lillian at the formation		
Part IV   Supplemental Information. Provide the information recommendation of Part I, LINE 2:	quired in Part I, lin	e 2; Part III, Column	(b); and any other ac	oditional information.		
THE GRANTS TO THE ORGANIZATIONS DE	SCRIBED A	BOVE ARE C	CONTRIBUTIO	NS TO		
PROVIDE OUTREACH AND TO EDUCATE ON	THOSE IS	SUES THAT	THE INSTIT	UTE		
LITIGATES. SOUTH SIDE PITCH FINAL	ISTS ARE	SELECTED I	HROUGH A C	OMPETITIVE		
PROCESS, AND GRANT AMOUNTS ARE FOR	GENERAL	OPERATIONS	FOR OUR	LEGAL		
ASSISTANCE GRANTS, WE ENTER INTO L	IMITED SC	OPE ENGAGE	MENT LETTE	RS WITH		
COUNSEL, AND COUNSEL APPRISES US O	N STATUS.					

## SCHEDULE J (Form 990)

Department of the Treasury

**Compensation Information** 

For certain Officers, Directors, Trustees, Key Employees, and Highest Compensated Employees

Complete if the organization answered "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, line 23.

Attach to Form 990.

2022

OMB No. 1545-0047

Open to Public Inspection

Internal Revenue Service

Name of the organization

Go to www.irs.gov/Form990 for instructions and the latest information.

INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE

 $Employer\ identification\ number \\ 52-1744337$ 

Pa	art I Questions Regarding Compensation						
			Yes	No			
1a	Check the appropriate box(es) if the organization provided any of the following to or for a person listed on Form 990,						
	Part VII, Section A, line 1a. Complete Part III to provide any relevant information regarding these items.						
	First-class or charter travel Housing allowance or residence for personal use						
	Travel for companions Payments for business use of personal residence						
	Tax indemnification and gross-up payments  Health or social club dues or initiation fees						
	Discretionary spending account Personal services (such as maid, chauffeur, chef)						
b	If any of the boxes on line 1a are checked, did the organization follow a written policy regarding payment or						
	reimbursement or provision of all of the expenses described above? If "No," complete Part III to explain	1b		<u> </u>			
2	Did the organization require substantiation prior to reimbursing or allowing expenses incurred by all directors,						
	trustees, and officers, including the CEO/Executive Director, regarding the items checked on line 1a?	2		<u> </u>			
3	Indicate which, if any, of the following the organization used to establish the compensation of the organization's						
	CEO/Executive Director. Check all that apply. Do not check any boxes for methods used by a related organization to						
	establish compensation of the CEO/Executive Director, but explain in Part III.						
	X Compensation committee Written employment contract						
	X Independent compensation consultant X Compensation survey or study						
	X Form 990 of other organizations X Approval by the board or compensation committee						
4	During the year, did any person listed on Form 990, Part VII, Section A, line 1a, with respect to the filing						
	organization or a related organization:						
а	Receive a severance payment or change-of-control payment?	4a		X			
b	b Participate in or receive payment from a supplemental nonqualified retirement plan?						
С	c Participate in or receive payment from an equity-based compensation arrangement?						
	If "Yes" to any of lines 4a-c, list the persons and provide the applicable amounts for each item in Part III.						
	Out						
_	Only section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), and 501(c)(29) organizations must complete lines 5-9.						
5	For persons listed on Form 990, Part VII, Section A, line 1a, did the organization pay or accrue any compensation						
_	contingent on the revenues of:			v			
a	The organization?	5a		X			
a	Any related organization?  If "Yes" on line 5a or 5b, describe in Part III.	5b					
6	,						
6	For persons listed on Form 990, Part VII, Section A, line 1a, did the organization pay or accrue any compensation						
_	contingent on the net earnings of:	60		х			
	The organization?	6a		X			
D	Any related organization?	6b					
7	If "Yes" on line 6a or 6b, describe in Part III.  For persons listed on Form 990, Part VII, Section A, line 1a, did the organization provide any nonfixed payments						
′	not described on lines 5 and 6? If "Yes," describe in Part III	7	Х				
8	Were any amounts reported on Form 990, Part VII, paid or accrued pursuant to a contract that was subject to the						
3	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 D 1 1 1 D 1 1 1 D 1 1 1 D 1 1 1 D 1 1 1 D 1 1 1 D 1 1 I D	8		х			
9	Initial contract exception described in Regulations section 53.4958-4(a)(3)? If "Yes," describe in Part III  If "Yes" on line 8, did the organization also follow the rebuttable presumption procedure described in						
9	D. 11' 50 (050 0( ))	9					
	Regulations section 53.4958-6(c)?	<u> </u>					

LHA For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see the Instructions for Form 990.

Schedule J (Form 990) 2022

Part II Officers, Directors, Trustees, Key Employees, and Highest Compensated Employees. Use duplicate copies if additional space is needed.

For each individual whose compensation must be reported on Schedule J, report compensation from the organization on row (i) and from related organizations, described in the instructions, on row (ii). Do not list any individuals that aren't listed on Form 990, Part VII.

Note: The sum of columns (B)(i)-(iii) for each listed individual must equal the total amount of Form 990, Part VII, Section A, line 1a, applicable column (D) and (E) amounts for that individual.

	(B) Breakdown of W	/-2 and/or 1099-MIS0 compensation	C and/or 1099-NEC	(C) Retirement and other deferred (D) Nontaxable benefits		(E) Total of columns (B)(i)-(D)	(F) Compensation in column (B)	
(A) Name and Title	(i) Base compensation	(ii) Bonus & incentive compensation	(iii) Other reportable compensation	compensation			reported as deferred on prior Form 990	
(1) SCOTT G. BULLOCK	(i)	528,244.	130,000.	134.	40,600.	12,367.	711,345.	0.
PRESIDENT AND CHIEF COUNSEL	(ii)	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
(2) DANA BERLINER	(i)	465,428.	102,000.	48.	40,600.	2,173.	610,249.	0.
SENIOR VP AND LITIGATION DIRECTOR	(ii)	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
(3) DANIEL KNEPPER	(i)	395,364.	75,000.	47.	40,600.	13,738.	524,749.	0.
CFO AND GEN. COUNSEL/SEC. AND TREAS.	(ii)	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
(4) DEBORAH SIMPSON	(i)	348,792.	70,000.	145.	40,600.	24,535.	484,072.	0.
CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER	(ii)	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
(5) JOHN KRAMER	(i)	347,627.	50,000.	134.	40,600.	27,705.	466,066.	0.
VP FOR STRATEGIC RELATIONS	(ii)	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
(6) ROBERT GALL	(i)	293,929.	45,000.	47.	40,600.	22,557.	402,133.	0.
MANAGING VP AND SENIOR ATTORNEY	(ii)	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
(7) BETH STEVENS	(i)	291,470.	30,000.	75.	39,569.	16,717.	377,831.	0.
VP FOR DEVELOPMENT	(ii)	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
(8) ROBERT MCNAMARA	(i)	296,209.	1,500.	33.	40,600.	22,734.	361,076.	0.
DEPUTY LITIGATION DIRECTOR	(ii)	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
(9) ROBERT JOHNSON	(i)	248,546.	20,000.	29.	34,558.	17,367.	320,500.	0.
SENIOR ATTORNEY	(ii)	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
(10) ROBERT FROMMER	(i)	231,908.	16,500.	51.	31,893.	12,762.	293,114.	0.
SENIOR ATTORNEY	(ii)	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
	(i)							
	(ii)							
	(i)							
	(ii)							
	(i)							
	(ii)							
	(i)							
	(ii)							
	(i)							
	(ii)							
	(i)							
	(ii)							

Part III   Supplemental Information
Provide the information, explanation, or descriptions required for Part I, lines 1a, 1b, 3, 4a, 4b, 4c, 5a, 5b, 6a, 6b, 7, and 8, and for Part II. Also complete this part for any additional information.
PART I, LINE 7:
THE COMPENSATION COMMITTEE DETERMINES, ON AN ANNUAL BASIS, THE BONUSES TO
BE AWARDED TO SIX SENIOR IJ EMPLOYEES: (I) PRESIDENT/GENERAL COUNSEL, (II)
SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT FOR LITIGATION, (III) CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER, (IV)
MANAGING VP AND SENIOR ATTORNEY, (V) VICE PRESIDENT FOR COMMUNICATIONS, AND
(VI) THE MANAGING VP-CFO/SECRETARY AND TREASURER. FOR ALL OTHERS, BONUSES
ARE DETERMINED BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE INSTITUTE ON AN ANNUAL BASIS. ALL
BONUSES ARE BASED ON A BOARD APPROVED BUDGET.

#### **SCHEDULE L**

Department of the Treasury

Internal Revenue Service

(Form 990)

# **Transactions With Interested Persons**

Complete if the organization answered "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, line 25a, 25b, 26, 27, 28a, 28b, or 28c, or Form 990-EZ, Part V, line 38a or 40b.

Attach to Form 990 or Form 990-EZ.

Go to www.irs.gov/Form990 for instructions and the latest information.

OMB No. 1545-0047

2022

Open To Public Inspection

Name of the organization							Em	Employer identification number								
INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE  Part I Excess Benefit Transactions (section 501(c)(3), section 501(c)(4), and section 501(c)(29) organ											443	37				
Par	t I Excess Bene	efit Transac	tions (section 5	601(c)(3	3), sect	ion 501	(c)(4), and se	ction	1 501(c)(29) orga	nizatio	ns on	ly).				
	Complete if the		swered "Yes" on				ne 25a or 25b	o, or	Form 990-EZ, Pa	art V, I	ine 40	b.				
1 (	a) Name of disqualified p	Relationship bet	(	c) De	escription of tran	sactio	n			(d) Corrected?						
	-,		person and organization				(c) = ==================================						<u> </u>	es	No	
													+	$\dashv$		
													+			
													+	$\neg$		
													$\top$			
2	Enter the amount of tax	incurred by the	organization mar	nagers	or disc	qualified	d persons dur	ring t	he year under							
3 I	Enter the amount of tax,	, if any, on line 2	, above, reimburs	sed by	the or	ganizat	ion				\$					
Par	t II Loans to and	d/or From In	terested Per	conc												
ı aı			swered "Yes" on			Dort V	/ line 200 or [		OOO Dort IV lin	- OC: 4	~ :f +b		ni=atic			
	•	•				, rait v	, iii le soa or r	COTT	1990, Part IV, IIII	e 20, t	וו ווו	e orga	IIIZaliO	)		
	reported an amount on Form 990, Part X, line 5, 6, or 22.  (a) Name of (b) Relationship (c) Purpose (d) Loan to or						) Original	(f	(f) Balance due (g) Ir			n (h) Approved (i) Writt			Vritten	
	interested person with organ			from the organization?			principal amount	``					ard or nittee?	alu Ul Lagraamanta		
				То	From					Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	
												Щ				
												<u> </u>			-	
												-				
												├──				
												<u> </u>	L			
Total							\$									
Par			enefiting Inter													
	•		swered "Yes" on			T			/ n =		<u> </u>				,	
(a) Name of interested person		person	(b) Relationship between interested person and the organization				(c) Amount of assistance		(d) Type of assistance			(e) Purpose of assistance				
						1					- 1					

LHA For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see the Instructions for Form 990 or 990-EZ.

Schedule L (Form 990) 2022

(a) Name of interested person	ed "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, line 28a, 28  (b) Relationship between interested	(c) Amount of	(d) Description of	(e) Sha	ring of
	person and the organization	transaction	transaction	organization'	
LISA KNEPPER	CFO'S SPOUSE	180,372.	COMPENSATIO	Yes	No X
Provide additional information for re-	sponses to questions on Schedule L (see in	nstructions).	'		
SCH L, PART IV, BUSINESS			ED PERSONS:		
(A) NAME OF PERSON: LISA					
(D) DESCRIPTION OF TRANSA		S THE INST	TUTE'S SENI	OR	
DIRECTOR OF STRATEGIC RES					
DIRECTOR OF DIRATEGIC RED	BARCII				
_					
					_

### **SCHEDULE M** (Form 990)

# **Noncash Contributions**

OMB No. 1545-0047

Open to Public Inspection

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Name of the organization

Complete if the organizations answered "Yes" on Form 990, Part IV, lines 29 or 30. Attach to Form 990.

Go to www.irs.gov/Form990 for instructions and the latest information.

Employer identification number

		INSTITUTE FO	R JUST	ICE	52-1	52-1744337			
Par	rt I Typ	oes of Property							
	·		(a) Check if applicable	(b) Number of contributions or items contributed	(c) Noncash contribution amounts reported on Form 990, Part VIII, line 1g	(d) Method of de noncash contribu	etermini		s
1	Art - Works	of art							
2	Art - Histori	cal treasures							
3	Art - Fraction	onal interests							
4		publications							
5		nd household goods							
6	Cars and o	ther vehicles	X	4	1,129.	FMV			
7	Boats and	planes							
8	Intellectual	property							
9	Securities -	Publicly traded	X	43	972,019.	FMV			
10	Securities -	Closely held stock							
11	Securities -	Partnership, LLC, or							
	trust interes	sts							
12	Securities -	Miscellaneous							
13	Qualified co	onservation contribution -							
	Historic str	uctures							
14	Qualified co	onservation contribution - Other							
15	Real estate	- Residential							
16	Real estate	- Commercial							
17	Real estate	- Other							
18		S							
19		tory							
20		medical supplies							
21	Taxidermy								
22	Historical a	rtifacts							
23	Scientific s	pecimens							
24		cal artifacts							
25		CRYPTOCURRENCY )	X	29	4,813.	FMV			
26	Other (	)							
27	Other (	)							
28	Other (								
29	Number of	Forms 8283 received by the organiz	zation during	the tax year for co	ontributions				
	for which th	ne organization completed Form 82	83, Part V, D	onee Acknowledg	ement <b>29</b>				
								Yes	No
30a	During the	year, did the organization receive by	y contributio	n any property rep	orted in Part I, lines 1 throug	h 28, that it			
	must hold f	for at least 3 years from the date of	the initial co	ntribution, and whi	ich isn't required to be used	for			
	exempt pui	rposes for the entire holding period	?				30a		X
b	<b>b</b> If "Yes," describe the arrangement in Part II.								
31	Does the o	rganization have a gift acceptance ր	policy that re	equires the review of	of any nonstandard contribut	tions?	31	Х	
32a		rganization hire or use third parties							
	contribution	•		_			32a	Х	
b		scribe in Part II.							
33	If the organ	nization didn't report an amount in c	olumn (c) fo	r a type of property	for which column (a) is chec	cked,			
	describe in		. ,			•			
LHA		erwork Reduction Act Notice, see	the Instruct	tions for Form 990	).	Schedule N	/I (Forn	n 990)	2022

Schedule M (Form 990) 2022

232142 09-09-22 Schedule M (Form 990) 2022

### SCHEDULE O (Form 990)

Department of the Treasury

Internal Revenue Service

Supplemental Information to Form 990 or 990-EZ

Complete to provide information for responses to specific questions on Form 990 or 990-EZ or to provide any additional information. Attach to Form 990 or Form 990-EZ. Go to www.irs.gov/Form990 for the latest information.

Open to Public Inspection

OMB No. 1545-0047

Name of the organization

INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE

**Employer identification number** 52-1744337

FORM 990, PART III, LINE 1, DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION MISSION: THROUGH STRATEGIC LITIGATION, TRAINING, COMMUNICATION, ACTIVISM AND RESEARCH, THE INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE (IJ) ADVANCES A RULE OF LAW UNDER WHICH INDIVIDUALS CAN CONTROL THEIR DESTINIES AS FREE AND RESPONSIBLE MEMBERS OF SOCIETY. IJ LITIGATES TO SECURE ECONOMIC LIBERTY EDUCATIONAL CHOICE, PRIVATE PROPERTY RIGHTS, FREEDOM OF SPEECH AND OTHER VITAL INDIVIDUAL LIBERTIES, AND TO RESTORE CONSTITUTIONAL LIMITS ON THE POWER OF GOVERNMENT. IN ADDITION, IJ TRAINS LAW STUDENTS LAWYERS AND POLICY ACTIVISTS IN THE TACTICS OF PUBLIC INTEREST THROUGH THESE ACTIVITIES, IJ CHALLENGES THE IDEOLOGY OF THE WELFARE STATE AND ILLUSTRATES AND EXTENDS THE BENEFITS OF FREEDOM TO THOSE WHOSE FULL ENJOYMENT OF LIBERTY IS DENIED BY GOVERNMENT.

FORM 990, PART VI, SECTION B, LINE 11B:

THE FORM 990 WAS REVIEWED BY THE INSTITUTE'S AUDIT COMMITTEE IN CONSULTATION WITH THE INSTITUTE'S INDEPENDENT AUDITORS, AS NECESSARY. AFTER THE FORM 990 WAS DISTRIBUTED TO THE FULL REVIEW BY THE AUDIT COMMITTEE, BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

PART VI, SECTION B, LINE 12C:

AN ANNUAL BASIS BOTH THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND EVERY EMPLOYEE REVIEW THE CONFLICT OF INTEREST POLICY AND MUST DISCLOSE ANY CONFLICTS WITH THE THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS REVIEWS THE POLICY AT OR AROUND ITS FINAL MEETING OF THE FISCAL YEAR AND EACH MEMBER PROVIDES WRITTEN ACKNOWLEDGEMENT. EVERY EMPLOYEE RECEIVES AN ELECTRONIC COPY OF THE POLICY.

ANY CONFLICTS OR POTENTIAL CONFLICTS ARE RESOLVED BY THE PRESIDENT OR LHA For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see the Instructions for Form 990 or 990-EZ.

232211 10-28-22

Schedule O (Form 990) 2022

Name of the organization INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE

Employer identification number 52-1744337

OTHERWISE REPORTED BY THE PRESIDENT AND REVIEWED AND RESOLVED BY THE BOARD

OF DIRECTORS, LESS ANY MEMBER THAT MAY HAVE A CONFLICT OR POTENTIAL

CONFLICT.

FORM 990, PART VI, SECTION B, LINE 15:

AT THE FALL BOARD MEETING, THE BOARD DETERMINES THE COMPENSATION OF SIX EMPLOYEES: THE PRESIDENT/CHIEF COUNSEL, THE SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT FOR LITIGATION, THE CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER, THE MANAGING VICE PRESIDENT AND SENIOR ATTORNEY, THE VICE PRESIDENT FOR STRATEGIC RELATIONS, AND THE CFO AND GENERAL COUNSEL/SECRETARY AND TREASURER. IJ PROVIDES THE BOARD'S COMPENSATION COMMITTEE WITH PRESENT AND PAST COMPENSATION AMOUNTS FOR THESE POSITIONS, AS WELL AS COMPARABLE DATA FROM THE MOST RECENTLY AVAILABLE FORM 990 FOR SIMILARLY SITUATED NON-PROFIT ORGANIZATIONS. IJ ALSO ANNUALLY ENGAGES AN OUTSIDE VENDOR TO PROVIDE AN INDEPENDENT COMPENSATION SURVEY. THE COMPENSATION COMMITTEE MAKES A RECOMMENDATION ON COMPENSATION TO THE FULL BOARD (EXCEPT FOR THE PRESIDENT/CHIEF COUNSEL, WHO IS RECUSED), AND THE FULL BOARD THEN VOTES TO DETERMINE COMPENSATION, WHICH DECISION IS CONTEMPORANEOUSLY RECORDED AND COMMUNICATED TO THE CFO BY THE CHAIRMAN AND PLACED IN THE APPLICABLE CONFIDENTIAL EMPLOYMENT FILES. DURING THE SUMMER BOARD MEETING, THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AUTHORIZES FORECASTED COMPENSATION INCREASES FOR OTHER OFFICERS AND KEY EMPLOYEES THROUGH ITS APPROVAL OF THE NEXT FISCAL YEAR'S BUDGET.

FORM 990, PART VI, LINE 17, LIST OF STATES RECEIVING COPY OF FORM 990:

AL,AR,CA,FL,GA,HI,IL,KS,KY,MD,MA,MI,MN,MS,NH,NJ,NM,NY,NC,OR,PA,RI,SC,TN,UT

VA,WV,WI

FORM 990, PART VI, SECTION C, LINE 19:

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IJ'S 990 AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ARE AVAILABLE ON ITS AND OTHER WEBSITES.

IJ'S 990, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, AND OTHER IRS DOCUMENTATION, GOVERNING

DOCUMENTS AND CERTAIN OTHER POLICIES ARE AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC UPON

REQUEST.

CASES IN LITIGATION:

LADD, ET AL. V. REAL ESTATE COMMISSION OF PENNSYLVANIA

SALLY LADD IS AN ENTREPRENEUR WHO MANAGES VARIOUS VACATION PROPERTIES

IN PENNSYLVANIA'S POCONO MOUNTAINS. THOUGH NOT A REAL ESTATE BROKER,

SALLY RECEIVED A CALL FROM THE PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF STATE

INFORMING HER THAT SHE WAS UNDER INVESTIGATION FOR THE UNLICENSED

PRACTICE OF REAL ESTATE. TO CONTINUE, SHE WOULD HAVE TO SPEND THREE

YEARS WORKING FOR AN ESTABLISHED BROKER, PASS TWO EXAMS, AND SET UP HER

OWN BRICK-AND-MORTAR OFFICE IN PENNSYLVANIA. SALLY TEAMED UP WITH IJ IN

JULY 2017 TO CHALLENGE THIS HEAVY-HANDED LICENSING SCHEME. IN OCTOBER

2022, IJ SECURED TOTAL VICTORY WHEN THE PENNSYLVANIA COMMONWEALTH COURT

RULED THAT THE STATE'S LICENSING REQUIREMENTS, AS APPLIED TO SHORT-TERM

PROPERTY MANAGERS LIKE SALLY, ARE UNREASONABLE AND UNDULY OPPRESSIVE.

THE RULING PROTECTS ENTREPRENEURS LIKE SALLY FROM THE STATE'S

OVERBURDENING LICENSING REQUIREMENTS.

JACKSON, ET AL. V. RAFFENSPERGER

MARY JACKSON, A CERTIFIED LACTATION COUNSELOR, AND REACHING OUR SISTERS

EVERYWHERE - A NONPROFIT DEDICATED TO PROVIDING BREASTFEEDING SUPPORT

TO MINORITY COMMUNITIES - JOINED WITH IJ IN JUNE 2018 TO CHALLENGE

GEORGIA'S MANDATE THAT LACTATION CONSULTANTS GET A LICENSE FROM THE

Name of the organization **Employer identification number** 52-1744337 INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE STATE, WHICH THEY COULD ONLY OBTAIN IF THEY WERE CERTIFIED BY A SPECIFIC PRIVATE ORGANIZATION, REQUIRING TWO YEARS OF COLLEGE COURSES AND MORE THAN 300 HOURS OF SUPERVISED CLINICAL WORK. IMPOSING THIS REQUIREMENT WOULD HAVE REDUCED THE NUMBER OF LACTATION CONSULTANTS, ESPECIALLY OUTSIDE OF MAJOR CITIES. IJ'S CLIENTS HAVE YEARS OF EXPERIENCE, AND THERE IS NO PROOF THAT THIS CERTIFICATION IMPROVES CARE. IN A MAJOR VICTORY FOR ECONOMIC FREEDOM IN THE PEACH STATE, IN MAY 2023, THE GEORGIA SUPREME COURT UNANIMOUSLY RULED REQUIRING LACTATION CARE PROVIDERS TO GO THROUGH THIS ORDEAL TO OBTAIN A STATE-ISSUED LICENSE IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL AND VIOLATES GEORGIAN'S RIGHT TO EARN AN HONEST LIVING. THE RULING ENSURES THAT HUNDREDS OF GEORGIAN LACTATION CONSULTANTS CAN CONTINUE TO HELP WOMEN THROUGHOUT THE STATE. THE DECISION ALSO CLEARLY LAID OUT THE GEORGIA CONSTITUTIONAL STANDARD FOR EVALUATING LAWS THAT BURDEN OCCUPATIONS. THOSE LAWS MUST ACTUALLY PROTECT THE PUBLIC, BE SUPPORTED BY ACTUAL EVIDENCE, AND NOT BE UNDULY BURDENSOME. THE RULING HELPS NOT JUST THE HUNDREDS OF AFFECTED LACTATION CONSULTANTS BUT ALSO ENTREPRENEURS IN MANY OTHER OCCUPATIONS.

STATE OF ARIZONA V. JERRY JOHNSON

IJ FILED A LAWSUIT ON BEHALF OF JERRY JOHNSON AFTER OFFICERS

INTERROGATED HIM AT THE PHOENIX AIRPORT AND SEIZED THE ALMOST \$40,000

HE WAS CARRYING. JERRY HAD COMMITTED NO CRIME AND WAS ON HIS WAY TO BUY

A TRUCK FOR HIS SMALL TRUCKING BUSINESS. BUT THE OFFICERS BASELESSLY

ACCUSED HIM OF LAUNDERING MONEY. STATE PROSECUTORS THEN USED CIVIL

FORFEITURE TO TAKE JERRY'S MONEY. JERRY HAD TO PROVE THE MONEY WAS HIS,

BUT THE COURT FOUND THAT JERRY WAS MORE LIKELY TO BE TRANSPORTING THE

PROCEEDS OF DRUG TRAFFICKING THAN TRAVELING WITH THE MONEY ON A

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LEGITIMATE BUSINESS TRIP. THIS EFFECTIVELY REQUIRED JERRY TO PROVE HIS

OWN INNOCENCE. THE COURT ORDERED THE FORFEITURE OF JERRY'S MONEY - BUT

IT VIOLATES DUE PROCESS TO REQUIRE SOMEONE TO PROVE THEIR INNOCENCE TO

SECURE THE RETURN OF THEIR PROPERTY. SO, JERRY PARTNERED WITH IJ TO

APPEAL THE COURT'S DECISION. THE ARIZONA COURT OF APPEALS OVERTURNED

THE TRIAL COURT'S DECISION, AND THEN, IN NOVEMBER 2022, IT GRANTED IJ'S

MOTION TO PUBLISH THE DECISION. ON REMAND, IN APRIL 2023, THE ARIZONA

SUPERIOR COURT FOR MARICOPA COUNTY DISMISSED THE STATE'S CASE WITH

PREJUDICE AND RIGHTFULLY RETURNED THE MONEY TO JERRY. THE RULING HOLDS

THAT PROPERTY OWNERS DO NOT HAVE TO PROVE THEIR OWN INNOCENCE JUST TO

CONTEST A FORFEITURE.

FULL CIRCLE OF LIVING AND DYING, ET AL. V. SANCHEZ, ET AL.

AKHILA MURPHY AND DONNA PEIZER ARE END-OF-LIFE DOULAS, HELPING PLAN
HOME FUNERALS AND PROVIDING EMOTIONAL AND PRACTICAL SUPPORT TO THE

DYING PERSON AND THE FAMILY. IN DECEMBER 2019, THE CALIFORNIA CEMETERY
AND FUNERAL BUREAU RULED THAT AKHILA AND DONNA'S BUSINESS IS AN

UNLICENSED FUNERAL AGENCY, MEANING AKHILA AND DONNA MUST BECOME

LICENSED FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND BUILD A FUNERAL HOME - THUS PROTECTING

FUNERAL HOMES FROM COMPETITION WHILE LIMITING OPTIONS FOR GRIEVING

FAMILIES. SO, AKHILA AND DONNA JOINED WITH IJ TO FILE A LAWSUIT IN

FEDERAL COURT TO DEFEND THEIR FIRST AMENDMENT RIGHT TO FREE SPEECH AND

THEIR 14TH AMENDMENT RIGHT TO EARN AN HONEST LIVING. IN JANUARY 2023,

THE U.S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA RULED

THAT SEVERAL OF THE REGULATIONS VIOLATED AKHILA'S AND DONNA'S FIRST

AMENDMENT AND ECONOMIC LIBERTY RIGHTS. THE RULING PROTECTS THOSE WHO

WANT TO SPEAK AND BRING VALUABLE SERVICES TO THE PUBLIC.

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BEAVER ET AL. V. MOORE ET AL.

IN MARCH 2021, WEST VIRGINIA ENACTED THE HOPE SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM: WEST

VIRGINIA'S FIRST SCHOOL CHOICE PROGRAM AND ONE OF THE MOST EXPANSIVE

EDUCATION SAVINGS ACCOUNT PROGRAMS IN THE NATION. THE HOPE SCHOLARSHIP

PROGRAM DOES NOT USE ANY FUNDS MEANT FOR WEST VIRGINIA'S PUBLIC

SCHOOLS, BUT IN JANUARY 2022, THE GROUP PUBLIC SCHOOLS PUBLIC FUNDS

CHALLENGED THE PROGRAM'S CONSTITUTIONALITY. IJ HELPED TWO PARENTS

INTERVENE TO COUNTER THE LAWSUIT. AFTER A TRIAL COURT JUDGE ENJOINED

THE PROGRAM, UPENDING THOUSANDS OF FAMILIES' SCHOOL YEAR PLANS, IJ

APPEALED TO THE STATE SUPREME COURT. IN NOVEMBER 2022, THE WEST

VIRGINIA SUPREME COURT AFFIRMED THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE HOPE

SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM, PAVING THE WAY FOR FAMILIES THROUGHOUT THE STATE

TO USE SCHOLARSHIPS TO SUPPORT THEIR CHILDREN'S EDUCATION.

GARRETT AND HELD V. TEXAS STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY, ET AL.

IN 45 STATES AND THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, DOCTORS CAN DISPENSE

MEDICINE DIRECTLY TO THEIR PATIENTS, SAVING PATIENTS TIME AND MONEY AND

MAKING IT MORE LIKELY THEY WILL FILL THEIR PRESCRIPTIONS. TEXAS,

HOWEVER, LARGELY BANS DOCTORS FROM DISPENSING MEDICATION AND ONLY

ALLOWS IT IN CERTAIN RURAL AREAS WHERE THE DOCTOR IS MILES AWAY FROM

ANY PHARMACY. THE BAN SERVES ONLY TO PROTECT THE PROFITS OF PHARMACIES,

SO IJ IS REPRESENTING TEXAS DOCTORS IN A LAWSUIT CHALLENGING THIS BAN

ON DOCTOR DISPENSING. IN DECEMBER 2020, A DISTRICT COURT UPHELD THE

STATE'S BAN, AND IN JANUARY 2023, TEXAS' 3RD COURT OF APPEALS AFFIRMED

THAT RULING. WE FILED FOR REVIEW AT THE STATE SUPREME COURT IN APRIL

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Schedule O (Form 990) 2022 Name of the organization **Employer identification number** 52-1744337 INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE AND STAND READY TO BRING OUR CHALLENGE TO THE STATE'S HIGHEST COURT. OPTERNATIVE, INC. V. SOUTH CAROLINA BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS TECHNOLOGY ALLOWS CONSUMERS TO TAKE A ROUTINE VISION TEST IN THE COMFORT OF THEIR OWN HOME USING THEIR PERSONAL COMPUTER AND SMARTPHONE. AN OPHTHALMOLOGIST REVIEWS THE RESULTS AND WRITES A PRESCRIPTION. DEVELOPED BY HEALTHCARE STARTUP VISIBLY (FORMERLY OPTERNATIVE), THESE TESTS ARE INEXPENSIVE AND ENABLE MORE PEOPLE TO GET EYEGLASS PRESCRIPTIONS MORE QUICKLY AND EASILY THAN EVER BEFORE. BUT OPTOMETRISTS HAVE GONE TO EXTRAORDINARY LENGTHS TO PROTECT THEMSELVES FROM ONLINE COMPETITORS LIKE VISIBLY. IN SOUTH CAROLINA, THE GOVERNMENT MADE IT A CRIME FOR ANY OPHTHALMOLOGIST TO DISPENSE AN EYEGLASS

AFFIRMED A COURT OF APPEALS RULING THAT VISIBLY HAS STANDING TO CHALLENGE THE LAW BANNING THE USE OF THEIR TECHNOLOGY IN THE STATE, ALLOWING OUR CASE TO PROCEED IN THE TRIAL COURT.

PRESCRIPTION USING VISIBLY'S TECHNOLOGY. IJ FILED SUIT IN OCTOBER 2016

TO STAMP OUT THIS BLATANT ECONOMIC PROTECTIONISM AND PROTECT BOTH THE

RIGHTS OF ENTREPRENEURS TO EARN AN HONEST LIVING AND THE RIGHTS OF

DOCTORS AND PATIENTS TO BENEFIT FROM MODERN TECHNOLOGY. DESPITE AN

INITIAL SETBACK, IN AUGUST 2022, THE SOUTH CAROLINA SUPREME COURT

N'DA AND DIGNITY NON-EMERGENCY MEDICAL TRANSPORTATION, INC., V. HYBL, ET AL.

MARC N'DA RUNS A HOME HEALTH AGENCY, AND WHEN HE SAW HIS PATIENTS GETTING BAD SERVICE FROM NON-EMERGENCY MEDICAL TRANSPORTATION

COMPANIES, HE DECIDED TO START HIS OWN COMPANY TO PROVIDE BETTER

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SERVICE. TO DO SO, HE NEEDS A "CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY" (CON) FROM THE GOVERNMENT. SUCH LAWS PROTECT ESTABLISHED

BUSINESSES BY SHUTTING OUT NEW COMPETITION, RAISING PRICES, AND

LOWERING SERVICE. AMONG OTHER REQUIREMENTS, MARC MUST GET PERMISSION

FROM HIS COMPETITORS BEFORE HE CAN BEGIN OPERATING. NOT SURPRISINGLY,

THOSE COMPETITORS SAID "NO." MARC TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO PROTECT HIS

CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO EARN AN HONEST LIVING. THOUGH NEBRASKA PASSED A

LAW REPEALING SOME CON REQUIREMENTS IN AUGUST 2020, IT DID NOT REPEAL

THE ONE PREVENTING MARC'S BUSINESS. IJ ARGUED IN THE STATE DISTRICT

COURT IN JANUARY 2023.

SINGLETON AND SINGLETON VISION CENTER V. NORTH CAROLINA DEP'T OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, ET AL.

NORTH CAROLINA MAKES IT ILLEGAL FOR DOCTORS TO OFFER NEW HEALTH CARE

SERVICES, BUILD NEW FACILITIES OR BUY NEW EQUIPMENT WITHOUT OBTAINING A

CERTIFICATE OF NEED FROM A BOARD DOMINATED BY REGULATORS AND INDUSTRY

INSIDERS. IF THE BOARD DETERMINES THAT THERE ARE ALREADY "ENOUGH"

PROVIDERS IN A COMMUNITY, DOCTORS ARE FORBIDDEN FROM OFFERING SERVICES

TO PATIENTS WHO NEED THEM. IN APRIL 2020, IJ JOINED UP WITH DR. JAY

SINGLETON, AN OPHTHALMOLOGIST FROM NEW BERN, TO FILE A CHALLENGE TO

NORTH CAROLINA'S CON LAW. DR. SINGLETON OWNS A STATE-OF-THE-ART

OUTPATIENT OPERATING FACILITY BUT CANNOT START THE CON APPLICATION

PROCESS TO PERFORM SURGERIES THERE BECAUSE A FORMULA PUT IN PLACE BY

STATE REGULATORS HAS ALREADY DETERMINED THAT HIS COMMUNITY DOES NOT

"NEED" ANOTHER SURGERY CENTER. IN JUNE 2022, THE NORTH CAROLINA COURT

OF APPEALS HELD THAT THE STATE'S ANTI-COMPETITIVE LAW IS

CONSTITUTIONAL, AFFIRMING A LOWER COURT'S DECISION AND DISMISSING THE

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SUIT. IJ IS APPEALING THE DECISION TO THE STATE SUPREME COURT.

TIWARI, ET AL. V. MEIER, ET AL.

DIPENDRA TIWARI AND KISHOR SAPKOTAARE ARE NEPALI IMMIGRANTS WHO WANTED

TO START A HOME HEALTH AGENCY THAT CATERS TO THE LARGE NEPALI-SPEAKING

POPULATION IN LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY. THEIR FUTURE COMPETITOR - A \$2

BILLION HEALTH CARE CONGLOMERATE - ARGUED THAT THEIR NEW AGENCY WAS

UNNEEDED, AND THE STATE OF KENTUCKY REFUSED TO ISSUE DIPENDRA AND

KISHOR'S BUSINESS A CERTIFICATE OF NEED THAT WOULD ALLOW THEM TO

OPERATE. THE CONSTITUTION PROTECTS THE RIGHT TO EARN AN HONEST LIVING

FREE FROM UNREASONABLE GOVERNMENT INTERFERENCE, AND IT IS UNREASONABLE

FOR KENTUCKY TO PICK WINNERS AND LOSERS IN THE MARKETPLACE. SO

DIPENDRA, KISHOR, AND IJ CHALLENGED KENTUCKY'S CON REQUIREMENT FOR HOME

HEALTH AGENCIES IN FEDERAL COURT. UNFORTUNATELY, THE 6TH CIRCUIT COURT

OF APPEALS UPHELD IN FEBRUARY 2022 THE SUMMARY-JUDGMENT LOSS WE

RECEIVED IN A LOWER COURT, AND U.S. SUPREME COURT DECLINED TO TAKE THE

CASE.

N'DAKPRI, ET AL. V. LOUISIANA STATE BOARD OF COSMETOLOGY, ET AL.

IJ REPRESENTS THREE NATURAL HAIR BRAIDERS - ASHLEY N'DAKPRI, LYNN

SCHOFIELD, AND MICHELLE ROBERTSON - WHO WANT TO EARN AN HONEST LIVING

BUT FACE ENORMOUS AND IRRATIONAL OCCUPATIONAL LICENSING HURDLES.

ALTHOUGH HAIR BRAIDING IS NOT A THREAT TO PUBLIC SAFETY, THE LOUISIANA

STATE BOARD OF COSMETOLOGY REQUIRES ANYONE SEEKING A BRAIDING LICENSE

TO COMPLETE 500 HOURS OF UNNECESSARY AND IRRELEVANT TRAINING. THIS RUNS

AFOUL OF THE LOUISIANA CONSTITUTION, WHICH DOES NOT ALLOW THE

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GOVERNMENT TO LICENSE SOMETHING AS SAFE AND COMMON AS BRAIDING HAIR. IN

OCTOBER 2019, A JUDGE IN BATON ROUGE DENIED THE BOARD'S MOTION TO

DISMISS. WE ARE NOW PREPARING FOR TRIAL AT THE DISTRICT COURT.

SHAZIA ITTIQ AND SEEMA PANJWANI V. OKLAHOMA STATE BOARD OF COSMETOLOGY
AND BARBERING, ET AL.

SHAZIA ITTIQ AND SEEMA PANJWANI ARE EYEBROW THREADERS IN OKLAHOMA WHO

ARE SUBJECTED TO ONEROUS AND IRRELEVANT REGULATIONS BY THE OKLAHOMA

BOARD OF COSMETOLOGY. THE BOARD REQUIRES THREADERS TO COMPLETE AT LEAST

600 HOURS OF COSMETOLOGY SCHOOLING, NOT A MINUTE OF WHICH ADDRESSES

THREADING. THEY ALSO MUST PASS TWO EXAMS THAT ONLY TEST PRACTICES

THREADERS NEVER USE. SHAZIA AND SEEMA HAVE PRACTICED THREADING SINCE

THEY WERE TEENAGERS AND SPENT YEARS DEVELOPING THEIR BUSINESSES FROM

THE GROUND UP. BOTH PARTNERED WITH IJ IN FEBRUARY 2021. AFTER IJ FILED

ITS SUIT, THE LICENSING BOARD CREATED A SPECIALTY LICENSE FOR THREADERS

AND GRANTED A THREADING LICENSE TO SHAZIA'S EMPLOYEE, THUS PAVING THE

WAY FOR SHAZIA TO LEGALLY OPERATE HER BUSINESS WITHOUT REQUIRING HER

OTHER EMPLOYEES TO COMPLETE UNRELATED CLASSES.

DAVIS V. OKLAHOMA STATE BOARD OF COSMETOLOGY AND BARBERING, ET AL.

BRANDY DAVIS' LIVELIHOOD WAS STRIPPED AWAY FROM HER IN JANUARY 2022. A

PROFESSIONAL, LICENSED EYELASH-EXTENSION SPECIALIST IN TEXAS, BRANDY

HAD A THRIVING BUSINESS IN THE LONE STAR STATE. BUT WHEN SHE MOVED TO

OKLAHOMA, HER STATE LICENSE, PRIVATE CERTIFICATE, AND EXPERTISE MEANT

NOTHING TO THE OKLAHOMA STATE BOARD OF COSMETOLOGY AND BARBERING, WHICH

FORBIDS HER FROM APPLYING EYELASH EXTENSIONS WITHOUT A COSMETOLOGY OR

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ESTHETICIAN LICENSE. BUT BRANDY JUST WANTS TO DO EYELASH EXTENSIONS,

NOT OTHER COSMETOLOGY PRACTICES. OKLAHOMANS HAVE A RIGHT TO EARN AN

HONEST LIVING AND ENJOY THE GAINS OF THEIR INDUSTRY WITHOUT FACING

OVERBEARING LICENSING DEMANDS. THAT IS WHY BRANDY TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO

FILE A LAWSUIT TO ENFORCE HER CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO EARN A LIVING IN

HER TRADE.

360 VIRTUAL DRONE SERVICES LLC AND MICHAEL JONES V. RITTER, ET AL.

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IN MARCH 2021, IJ SUED ON BEHALF OF MICHAEL JONES AFTER THE NORTH CAROLINA BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS THREATENED HIM WITH CIVIL AND CRIMINAL CONSEQUENCES. MICHAEL USES A DRONE TO TAKE PHOTOS OF LAND AND CREATE MAPS FOR CUSTOMERS TO MONITOR PROPERTY. MICHAEL DOES NOT PRACTICE SURVEYING, A MORE FORMAL PROFESSION THAT MARKS THE LEGAL BOUNDARIES OF PROPERTY. EVEN SO, THE BOARD ACCUSED HIM OF PROVIDING UNLICENSED SURVEYING SERVICES. IN RESPONSE TO THE BOARD'S THREATS, MICHAEL SHUT DOWN HIS BUSINESS. THE STATE'S LICENSING LAWS STIFLE INNOVATION, AND THEY ALSO UNCONSTITUTIONALLY RESTRICT FREE SPEECH BY REQUIRING THE GOVERNMENT'S PERMISSION TO CREATE AND DISSEMINATE IMAGES AND DATA. MICHAEL PARTNERED WITH IJ TO SUE THE BOARD IN FEDERAL COURT TO DISASSEMBLE THE STATE'S UNCONSTITUTIONAL RESTRICTIONS AND OPEN THE DOOR FOR OTHER ENTREPRENEURS TO CREATIVELY USE TECHNOLOGY TO PROVIDE CHEAPER, MORE CONVENIENT SERVICES. IN MARCH 2023, A DISTRICT COURT JUDGE UPHELD THE RESTRICTION THAT PREVENTS MICHAEL FROM CREATING MAPS WITH HIS DRONES. IJ WILL APPEAL THE DECISION TO THE 4TH U.S. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS.

CROWNHOLM, ET AL. V. MOORE, ET AL.

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RYAN CROWNHOLM IS THE FOUNDER OF A BUSINESS CALLED MYSITEPLAN.COM. RYAN USES PUBLICLY AVAILABLE INFORMATION FROM THE INTERNET TO MAKE A DIGITAL DRAWING THAT SHOWS THE CUSTOMER'S LOT LINES AND THE BUILDINGS, DRIVEWAYS, FENCES, ETC. ON THE PROPERTY. BUT THE CALIFORNIA BOARD FOR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS, AND GEOLOGISTS CLAIMED THAT RYAN WAS ILLEGALLY PRACTICING LAND SURVEYING WITHOUT A LICENSE. IF ALL IT TAKES TO BE ILLEGALLY PRACTICING LAND SURVEYING IS TO DEPICT PROPERTY LINES AND SOME FEATURES OF A PROPERTY WITHIN THOSE LINES, ANYONE WHO HAS EVER DRAWN AN INFORMAL MAP IS A CRIMINAL. THE SUPREME COURT HAS MADE CLEAR THAT THE CREATION AND DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION ARE SPEECH WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE FIRST AMENDMENT. NOW, WITH BOTH THE FIRST AMENDMENT AND IJ BY HIS SIDE, RYAN IS FIGHTING BACK IN FEDERAL COURT TO SAVE HIS BUSINESS AND PROTECT THE RIGHT OF ALL ENTREPRENEURS TO PROVIDE USEFUL INFORMATION TO THE PUBLIC. IN DECEMBER 2022, THE FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT DENIED RYAN'S MOTION FOR A PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION, AND IN JANUARY 2023, THE COURT DISMISSED THE CASE. IJ IS APPEALING TO THE 9TH CIRCUIT.

HIGHT V. U.S. DEP'T OF HOMELAND SECURITY

YEARS. HE DECIDED TO WORK TOWARD GETTING HIS LICENSE TO PILOT

COMMERCIAL VESSELS ON THE SAINT LAWRENCE SEAWAY AND LAKE ONTARIO.

CAPTAIN HIGHT WAS REQUIRED BY THE COAST GUARD TO TRAIN WITH THE SAINT

LAWRENCE SEAWAY PILOTS' ASSOCIATION, A FOR-PROFIT BUSINESS. AFTER

DISAGREEMENTS OVER THE FINANCIAL PRACTICES OF THE ASSOCIATION'S

LEADERSHIP, THE ASSOCIATION SUDDENLY INFORMED THE COAST GUARD THAT IT

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THEN REFUSED TO ALLOW HIGHT TO TAKE THE EXAM TO BECOME A REGISTERED

PILOT. WITH NO MEANINGFUL WAY TO CONTEST THE RECOMMENDATION WITH THE

COAST GUARD, HIGHT TEAMED UP WITH IJ, AND IN MARCH 2021, A FEDERAL

COURT ORDERED THE COAST GUARD TO LET HIM TAKE THE EXAM HE NEEDS TO

BECOME A REGISTERED PILOT, WHICH HE PASSED. AFTER A LONG DELAY, THE

COAST GUARD THEN DENIED HIGHT'S APPLICATION, SO WE ARE BACK IN COURT TO

HOLD THE GOVERNMENT TO ACCOUNT FOR ITS UNCONSTITUTIONAL BEHAVIOR.

ELIZABETH BROKAMP V. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA; ELIZABETH BROKAMP V. JAMES, ET A

IN DECEMBER 2020, IJ FILED A CASE ON BEHALF OF ELIZABETH BROKAMP, A PROFESSIONAL COUNSELOR LOCATED AND LICENSED IN VIRGINIA. ACROSS THE POTOMAC RIVER, WASHINGTON, D.C. LAW DOES NOT ALLOW ELIZABETH TO PROVIDE TELETHERAPY TO CLIENTS LOCATED IN D.C., EVEN THOUGH ELIZABETH COULD MEET IN PERSON WITH THOSE SAME CLIENTS AT AN OFFICE IN VIRGINIA. AS A RESULT, SINCE MOVING HER PRACTICE ONLINE DURING THE PANDEMIC, ELIZABETH HAS BEEN FORCED TO TURN AWAY NEW CLIENTS FROM THE DISTRICT. IN APRIL 2021, IJ FILED ANOTHER SUIT ON BEHALF OF ELIZABETH, THIS TIME CHALLENGING A SIMILAR RESTRICTION IN NEW YORK. D.C.'S AND NEW YORK'S RESTRICTIONS ARE UNCONSTITUTIONAL BECAUSE TELETHERAPY IS SPEECH AND THE GOVERNMENT CANNOT REQUIRE A LICENSE TO TALK. WE ARGUE THAT THE TECHNOLOGY THAT ALLOWS OUR CLIENT TO HELP PATIENTS ACROSS STATE LINES SHOULD NOT BE SUBJECT TO RESTRICTIONS THAT VIOLATE FIRST AMENDMENT RIGHTS. IN MARCH 2022, A JUDGE DENIED D.C.'S MOTION TO DISMISS THE SUIT. IN NEW YORK, A JUDGE GRANTED THE GOVERNMENT'S MOTION TO DISMISS IN LATE 2021, AND THE 2ND CIRCUIT AFFIRMED THE DISTRICT COURT'S DECISION. WE ARE CONSIDERING A PETITION TO THE U.S. SUPREME COURT.

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WAYNE NUTT V. NORTH CAROLINA BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ENGINEERS AND

SURVEYORS

WAYNE NUTT PRACTICED ENGINEERING FOR FOUR DECADES. BECAUSE HE WORKED FOR BIG MANUFACTURERS THROUGHOUT HIS WHOLE CAREER, HE WAS EXEMPT FROM NORTH CAROLINA'S LICENSING REQUIREMENTS FOR ENGINEERS. NOW THAT WAYNE IS RETIRED, HE NO LONGER WANTS TO PRACTICE ENGINEERING. HE ONLY WANTS TO TALK ABOUT IT. HE HAS FOUND HIMSELF DEPLOYING HIS HARD-WON EXPERTISE TO TESTIFY AT TOWN COUNCIL MEETINGS AND WRITE LETTERS TO GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS. HE ALSO WANTS TO TESTIFY IN OTHER LAWSUITS RELATED TO HIS AREA OF EXPERTISE - HYDRAULICS. THE TROUBLE IS THAT ALL OF THIS IS A CRIME ACCORDING TO THE NORTH CAROLINA BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS. IN THE GOVERNMENT'S VIEW, ONLY LICENSED ENGINEERS CAN TALK ABOUT ENGINEERING, EVEN IF THOSE SAME UNLICENSED ENGINEERS CAN DO ACTUAL ENGINEERING. WAYNE CAN EITHER GET A LICENSE OR STOP TALKING. BUT WAYNE DOES NOT WANT TO BECOME A LICENSED ENGINEER BECAUSE, IN HIS LATER 70S, HE IS NOT LOOKING TO START A BRAND NEW CAREER. SO, HE TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO FILE A FEDERAL LAWSUIT TO STRIKE DOWN THIS UNCONSTITUTIONAL RESTRICTION ON PROFESSIONAL SPEECH.

SANCHEZ V. OFFICE OF THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION

IJ JOINED WITH ALTAGRACIA YLUMINADA "ILUMI" SANCHEZ IN APRIL 2018 TO

FIGHT THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA'S OFFICE OF THE STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF

EDUCATION'S REGULATIONS REQUIRING MANY OF THE CITY'S DAY CARE PROVIDERS

TO GO TO COLLEGE OR LOSE THEIR JOBS. THESE REGULATIONS WOULD HAVE

CAREER-ENDING CONSEQUENCES FOR ILUMI, WHO RUNS A DAY CARE IN HER HOME

**Employer identification number** Name of the organization 52-1744337 INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE IN NORTHEAST D.C. AND HAS WORKED WITH CHILDREN FOR OVER 20 YEARS. TO COMPLY WITH THE NEW REGULATIONS AND RETURN TO SCHOOL FOR A DEGREE IRRELEVANT TO CHILDCARE IS TOO MUCH OF A STRAIN ON ILUMI'S TIME AND MONEY. FOR PARENTS, THE REGULATIONS WOULD RAISE PRICES AND LOWER OPTIONS. IN JANUARY 2021, THE U.S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA DISMISSED THE LAWSUIT, AND THE U.S. COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE D.C. CIRCUIT AFFIRMED THAT DECISION IN DECEMBER 2022. IN JANUARY 2023, THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES DENIED OUR PETITION FOR REVIEW. THAT SAID, THE REQUIREMENT WAS SET TO TAKE EFFECT IN 2020 FOR MOST PROVIDERS WHEN WE FIRST FILED. THAT START DATE WAS DELAYED AT LEAST TO THE END OF 2023. D.C. ALSO DECIDED TO EXEMPT HOME PROVIDERS WITH TEN YEARS OF EXPERIENCE, INCLUDING OUR CLIENT ILUMI. WITHOUT IJ, ILUMI'S DAY CARE WOULD BE CLOSED, BUT SHE AND OTHER HOME PROVIDERS NOW CAN CONTINUE TO OPERATE.

ABDALLAH BATAYNEH ET AL. V. COLORADO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION ET AL.

IJ AND OUR CLIENT ABDALLAH BATAYNEH FILED A LAWSUIT AGAINST COLORADO'S

MONOPOLISTIC SCHEME THAT PREVENTED HIM FROM LAUNCHING A SHUTTLE SERVICE

BUSINESS. ABDALLAH WORKS AT A HOT SPRINGS RESORT AND HEARD NUMEROUS

COMPLAINTS THAT EXISTING SERVICES WERE TOO EXPENSIVE AND HAD POOR

CUSTOMER SERVICE, SO HE DECIDED TO CREATE HIS OWN COMPANY THAT WOULD

PROVIDE BETTER SERVICE. UNFORTUNATELY, COLORADO LAW ALLOWS POWERFUL

INDUSTRY INSIDERS TO DENY NEW COMPETITION BY REQUIRING NEW WOULD-BE

BUSINESSES TO OBTAIN PERMISSION FROM EXISTING MONOPOLIES. EXISTING

SHUTTLE COMPANIES USED THIS LAW TO THWART ABDALLAH IN STARTING HIS

BUSINESS BY ARGUING THAT HIS SERVICES WERE NOT "NEEDED." THE GOVERNMENT

SHOULD NOT BE ALLOWED TO PICK WINNERS AND LOSERS, AND EXISTING

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COMPANIES SHOULD NOT HAVE THE POWER TO KEEP WOULD-BE COMPETITORS OUT OF

BUSINESS. ABDALLAH PARTNERED WITH IJ IN MARCH 2021 TO SUE THE STATE

REGULATORY AGENCY. IN MARCH 2023, THE COLORADO COURT OF APPEALS

DISMISSED ABDALLAH'S CASE. NOW HE IS ASKING THE COLORADO SUPREME COURT

TO OVERTURN THAT RULING SO HE CAN FINALLY HAVE HIS DAY IN COURT.

SURFVIVE, ET AL. V. CITY OF SOUTH PADRE ISLAND

IN SOUTH PADRE ISLAND, TEXAS, THE CITY GOVERNMENT CAPS FOOD TRUCK PERMITS AT 12 AND REQUIRES FOOD TRUCKS TO GET A RESTAURANT OWNER'S APPROVAL ON THEIR APPLICATION. THIS MEANS LESS CHOICE AND HIGHER PRICES FOR SOUTH PADRE ISLAND RESIDENTS AND VISITORS, AND IT VIOLATES THE TEXAS CONSTITUTION, WHICH FORBIDS LAWS THAT SERVE ONLY TO PROTECT BUSINESSES FROM COMPETITION. IJ TEAMED UP WITH SURFVIVE - A LOCAL NONPROFIT'S FOOD TRUCK - AND FOOD TRUCK OWNERS ANUBIS AND RAMSES AVALOS TO CHALLENGE SOUTH PADRE ISLAND'S LAW. IN DECEMBER 2020, A DISTRICT COURT JUDGE STRUCK DOWN THE FOOD TRUCK PERMIT CAP. ASTONISHINGLY, THE ISLAND CHOSE TO DEFY THE ORDER BEFORE IT EVEN FILED AN APPEAL. THEN, AFTER THE CITY DID APPEAL, IN JUNE 2022, TEXAS' 13TH COURT OF APPEALS REVERSED THE TRIAL COURT DECISION, HELD THAT THE LAW WAS A REASONABLE WAY TO PROMOTE THE ECONOMY, AND SAID THE GOVERNMENT WAS IMMUNE FROM SUIT BECAUSE THE CLAIMS WERE NOT VIABLE. IJ APPEALED TO THE TEXAS SUPREME COURT, WHICH REQUESTED MERITS BRIEFING; WE AWAIT A FINAL DECISION ON OUR PETITION.

PROCTOR, ET AL. V. CITY OF JACKSONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

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SHE'D LIKE TO HOST A FOOD TRUCK ALONGSIDE HER GENERAL GOODS STORE

THERE. ANTHONY PROCTOR ("TONY") AND OCTAVIUS RAYMOND ("RAY") ARE BOTH

MARINE VETERANS AND FOOD TRUCK ENTREPRENEURS WHO WANT TO PARTNER WITH

PROPERTY OWNERS LIKE NICOLE TO SET UP AND SELL THEIR FOOD TO HUNGRY

RESIDENTS. BUT CITY ORDINANCES SQUASH FOOD TRUCK FREEDOM WITH PROXIMITY

AND SIGNAGE RESTRICTIONS, PLUS A HIGH PERMIT FEE. THAT'S WHY NICOLE,

TONY, AND RAY HAVE TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO FIGHT THE CITY'S

UNCONSTITUTIONAL ECONOMIC PROTECTIONISM. PEOPLE HAVE THE RIGHT TO USE

WISCONSIN COTTAGE FOODS ASSOCIATION V. WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, ET AL.

THEIR PRIVATE PROPERTY AND EARN THEIR HONEST LIVING WITHOUT THE

THEM EXCESSIVE AND UNREASONABLE PERMIT FEES.

GOVERNMENT SUPPRESSING THEIR TRUTHFUL AND ACCURATE SPEECH OR CHARGING

WISCONSIN BANS THE SALE OF MANY HOMEMADE FOODS, INCLUDING COMMON AND
SHELF-STABLE FOODS LIKE CANDIES, CHOCOLATES, GRANOLA, AND ROASTED

COFFEE BEANS. FOR THOSE WHO WOULD DARE SELL, SAY, A PIECE OF FUDGE MADE
IN THEIR HOME KITCHEN, THE PUNISHMENT COULD BE UP TO \$1,000 IN FINES OR
SIX MONTHS IN JAIL. WISCONSIN'S BAN HAS NOTHING TO DO WITH SAFETY. SO,
IN FEBRUARY 2021, SEVEN WISCONSINITES AND THE WISCONSIN COTTAGE FOODS
ASSOCIATION JOINED WITH IJ IN A LAWSUIT TO ALLOW THE SALE OF
HOME-PREPARED, SAFE, NON-BAKED FOODS. IN DECEMBER 2022, A TRIAL COURT
DECISION ALLOWED HOME BAKERS IN WISCONSIN TO SELL SHELF-STABLE FOODS
DIRECTLY TO CONSUMERS. BUT AN APPELLATE COURT IN MAY 2023 RULED TO
TEMPORARILY ALLOW THE STATE TO ENFORCE THE BAN ON THE SALE OF CERTAIN
HOMEMADE FOODS WHILE THE CASE PROCEEDS ON APPEAL.

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GURROLA AND HERRERA V. DUNCAN ET AL.

DARIO GURROLA LEARNED HOW TO FIGHT FIRES IN CALIFORNIA'S WELL-KNOWN INMATE FIREFIGHTING PROGRAM. WHEN HE TURNED HIS LIFE AROUND, HE THOUGHT HE COULD TURN THE SKILLS HE LEARNED WHILE INCARCERATED INTO A CAREER SERVING THE PUBLIC AS A FIREFIGHTER. BUT CALIFORNIA, DESPITE USING THOUSANDS OF INMATES TO FIGHT ITS WILDFIRES, PERMANENTLY BANS THOSE SAME PEOPLE FROM RECEIVING THE EMT CERTIFICATION NEEDED TO BECOME A CAREER FIREFIGHTER IF THEY HAVE MORE THAN ONE FELONY ON THEIR RECORD. SO, ALTHOUGH HE HAS ALL THE NECESSARY SKILLS AND TRAINING, DARIO CAN ONLY WORK AS A VOLUNTEER OR SEASONAL FIREFIGHTER. DARIO AND IJ CHALLENGED THIS UNJUST RESTRICTION TO VINDICATE THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO EARN AN HONEST LIVING. AND, IN SEPTEMBER 2020, IJ PARTNERED WITH A NEW PLAINTIFF, FERNANDO HERRERA, WHO IS SIMILARLY PREVENTED FROM BECOMING A CERTIFIED FIRST RESPONDER BECAUSE OF HIS RECORD. SINCE THEN, CALIFORNIA PARTIALLY REFORMED THE LAW, ALLOWING SOME FORMER INMATES TO RECEIVE EMT CERTIFICATION. DARIO'S CASE WAS DISMISSED BY THE DISTRICT COURT AND THE 9TH CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS UPHELD THE DECISION. BANNING DARIO FROM EMT CERTIFICATION DOESN'T PROTECT CALIFORNIANS; IT JUST DEPRIVES THEM OF A COMMITTED AND QUALIFIED FIREFIGHTER.

CAREY V. LAND

RUDY CAREY HAD A LONG BATTLE WITH ADDICTION AND SPENT TIME IN PRISON

BEFORE TURNING HIS LIFE AROUND. HIS FIRST-HAND EXPERIENCE MAKES HIM

WELL-SUITED TO GUIDE OTHERS THROUGH RECOVERY, AND HE WORKED

SUCCESSFULLY FOR FIVE YEARS AS A COUNSELOR AT A FREDERICKSBURG,

VIRGINIA, TREATMENT FACILITY - UNTIL HE DISCOVERED HIS CAREER WAS

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Schedule O (Form 990) 2022 **Employer identification number** Name of the organization 52-1744337 INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE ILLEGAL. THE STATE BANS PEOPLE WITH CONVICTIONS FOR ANY OF 176 "BARRIER CRIMES" (RANGING FROM RECKLESS BOAT DRIVING TO BURGLARY) FROM BEING EMPLOYED IN A "DIRECT CARE" POSITION. IN SEPTEMBER, IJ TEAMED UP WITH RUDY IN FEDERAL COURT TO VINDICATE A SIMPLE TRUTH: VIRGINIA SHOULD JUDGE WHO PEOPLE ARE TODAY, NOT WHO THEY WERE TWO DECADES AGO. THE DISTRICT COURT DISMISSED THE CASE AND THEN DENIED OUR MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION IN AUGUST 2022, HOLDING THAT THE POSSIBILITY OF A PARDON PREVENTS RUDY FROM CHALLENGING THE LAW, EVEN THOUGH THE GOVERNOR OF VIRGINIA HAS NOT COMMITTED TO RULING ON HIS APPLICATION ANY TIME SOON.

#### IN RE ARM & RAGE LLC

JOE ARMSTRONG OWNS WJBE, KNOXVILLE'S ONLY RADIO STATION FOCUSED ON THE BLACK COMMUNITY. BUT THE FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION IS THREATENING TO SHUT IT DOWN; NOT FOR ANYTHING WJBE DID, BUT BECAUSE JOE WAS CONVICTED OF MAKING A FALSE STATEMENT ON HIS 2008 PERSONAL TAX RETURN, FOUR YEARS BEFORE HE EVEN BOUGHT THE STATION. THE U.S. CONSTITUTION PROTECTS AMERICANS FROM THIS TYPE OF IRRATIONAL GOVERNMENT INTERFERENCE. IJ WILL DEFEND JOE AT AN ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING AND, IF NECESSARY, FIGHT FOR HIS CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS IN COURT.

DAVID AND PEGGY SCHROEDER V. CITY OF WILMINGTON, ET AL.

AFTER RETIRING, DAVID AND PEG SCHROEDER BOUGHT A TOWNHOME IN WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA, TO STAY AT WHEN THEY VISITED FAMILY. TO AFFORD THE TOWNHOME, THEY PLANNED ALSO TO OFFER IT AS A VACATION RENTAL WHEN THEY WERE NOT LIVING THERE. BUT AFTER \$75,000 IN RENOVATIONS, THE

Schedule O (Form 990) 2022 Page 2 **Employer identification number** Name of the organization 52-1744337 INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE CITY PASSED A ZONING ORDINANCE THAT CREATED A HARD CAP ON HOW MANY PROPERTIES WERE ALLOWED TO ENGAGE IN VACATION RENTALS. ANY PROPERTY THAT FELL WITHIN 400 FEET OF ANOTHER VACATION RENTAL WOULD BE PROHIBITED FROM OPERATING AS A VACATION RENTAL. TO DECIDE WHICH PROPERTY OWNERS WOULD RETAIN THEIR RIGHT TO OFFER VACATION RENTALS, THE CITY DEVISED A RANDOMIZED LOTTERY PROCESS THAT THE SCHROEDERS LOST. THEN THE CITY GAVE PROPERTIES THAT DID NOT WIN THE LOTTERY ONE YEAR TO "RECOUP THEIR LOSSES". THIS, ACCORDING TO THE CITY, WOULD ABSOLVE THE CITY OF HAVING TO PAY THE SCHROEDERS ANY COMPENSATION FOR DESTROYING THEIR RENTAL BUSINESS. BUT IF THE CITY WANTS TO TAKE THE SCHROEDERS' PROPERTY RIGHTS, IT HAS TO PAY THEM. IJ PARTNERED WITH DAVID AND PEG TO SUE THE CITY, ARGUING THAT THE STATE CONSTITUTION PROTECTS THEIR RIGHT TO RENT, AND IT PROHIBITS THE CITY FROM GRANTING EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGES AND CREATING RENTAL MONOPOLIES THAT PROHIBIT EVERYONE ELSE FROM RENTING. IN SEPTEMBER 2020, A SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE RULED THE CITY'S ORDINANCE VIOLATED A STATEWIDE LAW, AND IN APRIL 2022, AN APPEALS COURT

HOMELESS CHARITY, ET AL. V. AKRON BOARD OF ZONING APPEALS

FEES AND \$2,055.26 IN COSTS RECOVERED.

IN RESPONSE TO A SOARING HOMELESS POPULATION IN AKRON, OHIO, SAGE LEWIS STEPPED UP TO PROVIDE REAL SUPPORT TO THOSE IN NEED BY ALLOWING A FEW HOMELESS MEN AND WOMEN TO PITCH THEIR TENTS IN THE BACK LOT OF HIS BUILDING. THIS INFORMAL ARRANGEMENT EVOLVED INTO A COMMUNITY DESIGNED

AFFIRMED THAT RULING - ESTABLISHING PRECEDENT THAT WILL PREVENT OTHER

NORTH CAROLINA CITIES FROM PASSING SIMILAR RESTRICTIONS. IJ RECEIVED

FROM THE CITY OF WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA, \$304,564.20 IN ATTORNEYS'

TO HELP HOMELESS MEN AND WOMEN TRANSITION BACK TO INDEPENDENCE. BUT

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WHILE AKRON OFFICIALS DO NOT OFFER ADEQUATE SOLUTIONS TO THE CITY'S

HOMELESS PROBLEM, THEY WERE QUICK TO USE ZONING LAWS TO SHUT DOWN

SAGE'S CHARITY. IJ JOINED WITH SAGE IN OCTOBER 2018 TO VINDICATE THE

RIGHT TO CARRY ON THIS WORK BY KEEPING VULNERABLE PEOPLE OFF THE

STREETS. IN MAY 2022, A STATE APPELLATE COURT UPHELD THE ZONING BOARD'S

REFUSAL TO ALLOW SAGE TO OPERATE HIS SHELTER ON PRIVATE PROPERTY. WE

WERE UNSUCCESSFUL IN OUR APPEALS TO THE STATE SUPREME COURT AND THE

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

THORNTON V. CITY OF BULLHEAD CITY, ARIZONA

IN BULLHEAD CITY, ARIZONA, YOUR KINDNESS MIGHT COST YOU YOUR FREEDOM.

IT NEARLY DID FOR NORMA THORNTON, A 78-YEAR-OLD GRANDMOTHER WHO WAS

ARRESTED AND CRIMINALLY CHARGED FOR FEEDING THOSE IN NEED IN BULLHEAD

CITY. UNDER A NEW ORDINANCE, THE CITY DEEMED IT A CRIMINAL MISDEMEANOR

- PUNISHABLE BY FINES AND EVEN IMPRISONMENT - TO SHARE PREPARED FOOD IN

A PUBLIC PARK FOR CHARITABLE PURPOSES. HOMELESSNESS IS A COMPLICATED

AND SERIOUS PROBLEM, BUT CRIMINALIZING ACTS OF CHARITY ISN'T THE

SOLUTION. WHAT'S MORE, IT'S UNCONSTITUTIONAL. THAT'S WHY NORMA JOINED

IJ IN A FEDERAL LAWSUIT AGAINST BULLHEAD CITY TO STRIKE DOWN THIS

ORDINANCE AND ALLOW NORMA, AND OTHERS LIKE HER, TO USE CHARITY TO HELP

THOSE IN NEED.

SHAW, ET AL. V. METRO. GOV'T OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE, IS THE CENTER OF COUNTRY MUSIC. YET, INCREDIBLY,
THE CITY BANNED MUSICIANS FROM MAKING MUSIC IN THEIR OWN HOMES.

NASHVILLE OUTLAWED HOME-BASED BUSINESSES THAT SERVE CLIENTS, PREVENTING

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LOCAL MUSICIANS, HAIR STYLISTS, AND OTHER BUDDING ENTREPRENEURS FROM BUILDING THEIR OWN AMERICAN DREAM. NASHVILLE RESIDENTS, LIKE IJ CLIENTS LIJ SHAW AND PAT RAYNOR, FACE STEEP FINES IF ANY CUSTOMERS PHYSICALLY COME TO THEIR HOMES TO DO BUSINESS. AT THE SAME TIME, NASHVILLE ALLOWS OTHER TYPES OF HOME-BASED BUSINESSES. IJ AND THE BEACON CENTER OF TENNESSEE TEAMED UP TO VINDICATE THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO USE YOUR OWN HOME TO EARN AN HONEST LIVING. IN OCTOBER 2019, A NASHVILLE COURT DISMISSED THE SUIT. WE APPEALED THAT RULING TO THE STATE SUPREME COURT, AND IN AUGUST 2022, THE HIGH COURT VACATED THE DISMISSAL, ALLOWING OUR CLIENTS TO CONTINUE THEIR LAWSUIT. THE CASE HAS NOW RETURNED TO THE CHANCERY COURT OF DAVIDSON COUNTY FOR FURTHER PROCEEDINGS.

BEN AND HANK BRINKMANN, AND MATTITUCK 12500 LLC., V. TOWN OF SOUTHOLD, NEW YORK

THE FAMILY OWNERS OF BRINKMANN'S HARDWARE THOUGHT THEY HAD FOUND THE PERFECT LOCATION FOR A NEW STORE IN SOUTHOLD, NEW YORK. BUT EVEN THOUGH THEY FOLLOWED ALL THE RULES, THE TOWN OF SOUTHOLD IS TRYING TO USE EMINENT DOMAIN TO TAKE THEIR PROPERTY FOR A "PARK" (BY WHICH THE TOWN MEANS THAT IT WILL LEAVE THE LAND AS AN UNIMPROVED LOT). IT IS AN EXTREME AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL TACTIC TO PREVENT AN ENTIRELY LEGAL BUSINESS FROM SERVING THE COMMUNITY. THE TOWN, WHERE THEY PURCHASED A COMMERCIAL-ZONED LOT, HAS DONE EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO STOP THE BRINKMANNS: IT SLOW-PLAYED THE PERMITTING PROCESS, IMPOSED EXORBITANT FEES, AND THEN ENACTED A TARGETED MORATORIUM ON BUILDING PERMITS ALONG A ONE-MILE STRETCH OF ROAD WITH THE BRINKMANNS' PROPERTY IN THE CENTER. THE BRINKMANNS HAVE TEAMED UP WITH IJ IN FEDERAL COURT TO END THE TOWN'S UNCONSTITUTIONAL ATTEMPTS TO USE EMINENT DOMAIN TO STOP A

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COMPLETELY LEGAL USE OF PROPERTY TO BUILD A BUSINESS. AFTER A LOSS IN

THE TRIAL COURT, WE ARE NOW UP ON APPEAL IN THE 2ND CIRCUIT.

KING V. CITY OF LAKEWAY, TEXAS, ET AL.

BIANCA KING IS A SINGLE MOTHER TO TWO SMALL CHILDREN. SHE WATCHES A FEW

OF HER NEIGHBORS' CHILDREN AT HER HOME, WHICH BACKS UP TO THE

NEIGHBORHOOD GOLF COURSE IN LAKEWAY, TEXAS. THE SIGHT AND SOUND OF

CHILDREN IN HER PRIVATE BACKYARD LED SEVERAL GOLFERS, INCLUDING THE

FORMER TOWN MAYOR, TO COMPLAIN ABOUT BIANCA'S BUSINESS AT A PERMIT

HEARING. LAKEWAY REQUIRES HOME BUSINESSES MEET VIRTUALLY IMPOSSIBLE

CRITERIA, AND THE TOWN DENIED BIANCA A PERMIT FOR HER HOME DAY CARE.

BUT BIANCA IS PROVIDING A VALUABLE SERVICE, AND THE TEXAS CONSTITUTION

PROHIBITS OVERLY OPPRESSIVE LAWS THAT BURDEN A PERSON'S ECONOMIC OR

PROPERTY RIGHTS. SO, BIANCA AND IJ ASKED THE TEXAS STATE COURTS TO

REVERSE LAKEWAY'S DENIAL OF HER PERMIT AND TO RULE THAT LAKEWAY CANNOT

PREVENT HARMLESS HOME BUSINESSES LIKE BIANCA'S DAY CARE. IN JUNE 2023,

THE LAKEWAY CITY COUNCIL GRANTED A PERMIT ALLOWING BIANCA TO KEEP HER

HOME DAY CARE BUSINESS OPEN.

AZAEL SEPULVEDA V. CITY OF PASADENA, TEXAS, ET AL.

AZAEL SEPULVEDA, ALSO KNOWN AS OZ, HAS RUN A CAR REPAIR SHOP FOR TEN

YEARS. IN SUMMER 2021, HE BOUGHT A STOREFRONT IN HIS HOMETOWN OF

PASADENA, TEXAS. BUT THE CITY DEMANDED HE BUILD 23 PARKING SPACES,

SOMETHING HIS ONE-MAN SHOP DIDN'T NEED AND COULDN'T AFFORD. IJ AND OZ

FILED A LAWSUIT ASKING TEXAS STATE COURTS TO STRIKE DOWN PASADENA'S

AUTO-SHOP PARKING REQUIREMENTS. IJ SECURED AN EARLY INJUNCTION THAT

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PREVENTED THE CITY FROM ENFORCING ITS LAW WHILE THE CASE WAS PENDING.

IN MAY 2022, THE CITY APPROVED A CONFIDENTIAL SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT THAT

PAVES THE WAY FOR OZ TO OPEN HIS SHOP. SINCE THAT TIME, CITY OFFICIALS

HAVE DRAGGED THEIR FEET ON ALLOWING HIM TO OPEN HIS NEW SHOP. SO, IN

MARCH 2023, OZ FILED A MOTION TO ENFORCE THE AGREEMENT.

BAKER V. CITY OF MCKINNEY, TEXAS

IN SUMMER 2020, THE MCKINNEY, TEXAS, SWAT TEAM USED TEAR GAS GRENADES,

EXPLOSIVES, AND AN ARMORED VEHICLE TO BOMBARD VICKI BAKER'S HOME TO

PURSUE A FUGITIVE WHO HAD HIDDEN INSIDE. THE CITY THEN REFUSED TO PAY

ANY OF THE MORE THAN \$50,000 IN DAMAGE THEY CAUSED. YET WHEN THE

GOVERNMENT DELIBERATELY DESTROYS AN INNOCENT OWNER'S PROPERTY IN

SERVICE OF THE PUBLIC GOOD - IN THIS CASE, PUBLIC SAFETY - IT MUST

COMPENSATE THAT OWNER. UNFORTUNATELY, SOME LOWER COURTS IN RECENT YEARS

HAVE HELD THAT THE CONSTITUTION DOES NOT REQUIRE THE GOVERNMENT TO

REIMBURSE OWNERS FOR PROPERTY DAMAGED BY POLICE ACTIONS. IJ FILED SUIT

IN MARCH 2021 ON VICKI'S BEHALF. IN APRIL 2022, FOR THE FIRST TIME

EVER, A FEDERAL COURT RULED THE CONSTITUTION REQUIRES COMPENSATION WHEN

POLICE INTENTIONALLY DESTROY AN INNOCENT PERSON'S PROPERTY. THANKS TO

THAT VICTORY, A JURY AWARDED VICKI \$59,656.59 IN DAMAGES IN JUNE 2022.

BUT THE CITY APPEALED. IN JUNE 2023, IJ DEFENDED ITS CLIENT AND THE

JURY'S VERDICT BEFORE THE 5TH CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS.

SARK, ET AL. V. CITY OF MAULDIN, SOUTH CAROLINA, ET AL.

JEREMY SARK AND MARIE DOUGHERTY ARE CLASSIC SMALL-TOWN ENTREPRENEURS
WHO OWN AN AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR SHOP AND U-HAUL RENTAL BUSINESS IN

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MAULDIN, SOUTH CAROLINA. BUT MAULDIN OFFICIALS DECIDED THAT U-HAUL
TRUCKS AND TRAILERS ARE SIMPLY TOO UGLY FOR THE NEW DOWNTOWN THEY
ENVISION. THE MAULDIN CITY COUNCIL AMENDED THE CITY'S ZONING ORDINANCE
TO OUTLAW U-HAUL RENTALS ALMOST EVERYWHERE, FORCING JEREMY AND MARIE TO
CLOSE THIS IMPORTANT PART OF THEIR SMALL BUSINESS. BUT THAT VIOLATES
SOUTH CAROLINA LAW - THE GOVERNMENT CAN'T PROHIBIT SOMEONE FROM
CONTINUING A SAFE, REASONABLE, PREEXISTING USE OF PRIVATE PROPERTY.
THAT'S WHY JEREMY AND MARIE JOINED IJ TO FIGHT BACK. IN DECEMBER 2022,
THE CITY COUNCIL VOTED TO CHANGE ITS ZONING CODE TO ALLOW JEREMY AND
MARIE'S U-HAUL RENTAL BUSINESS TO CONTINUE.

IN RE: SANDERSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY'S PETITION FOR APPROVAL TO ACQUIRE REAL ESTATE BY CONDEMNATION

TO BRING RAIL SERVICE TO ONE PRIVATELY HELD ROCK QUARRY, THE

SANDERSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY WANTS TO DRIVE A TRACK STRAIGHT THROUGH

THE HEART OF SEVERAL PARCELS OF PROPERTY IN THE SMALL TOWN OF SPARTA,

GEORGIA - INCLUDING PARCELS THAT HAVE BEEN IN THE GARRETT AND SMITH

FAMILIES FOR GENERATIONS. UNDER GEORGIA LAW, PRIVATE RAILROAD COMPANIES

CAN USE THE POWER OF EMINENT DOMAIN ONLY FOR A PUBLIC USE - BUT

GRABBING LAND THAT BELONGS TO OTHERS TO BUILD A TRACK TO SERVICE

PRIVATE INTERESTS IS NOT A PUBLIC USE. THAT'S WHY THE GARRETTS AND THE

SMITHS HAVE JOINED WITH IJ TO STAND UP TO SANDERSVILLE RAILROAD'S

ATTEMPT TO WIELD THE STATE'S POWER OF EMINENT DOMAIN TO TAKE THEIR

GENERATIONAL LAND. THEY ARE ASKING THE COMMISSION TO DENY SANDERSVILLE

RAILROAD'S REQUEST FOR AUTHORITY TO TAKE THEIR LAND TO BUILD THE TRACK

BECAUSE IT IS NOT A PUBLIC USE.

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PUNXSUTAWNEY HUNTING CLUB, INC., ET AL. V. PENNSYLVANIA GAME COMMISSION, ET AL.

LIKE MANY STATES, PENNSYLVANIA GRANTS ITS WILDLIFE OFFICERS VIRTUALLY

UNLIMITED POWER TO ENTER PRIVATE LAND WHENEVER THEY PLEASE TO SNOOP

AROUND FOR POTENTIAL HUNTING VIOLATIONS. KNOWING THAT, WILDLIFE

OFFICERS HAVE REPEATEDLY ENTERED HUNTING CLUBS' PROPERTIES WITHOUT

CONSENT OR WARRANTS TO SPY ON MEMBERS AND INTERROGATE THEM ABOUT THEIR

COMPLIANCE WITH HUNTING LAWS. IN 2007, THE STATE SUPREME COURT SAID

THAT WAS LEGAL. BUT THE PENNSYLVANIA CONSTITUTION HAS UNIQUE TEXT

PROTECTING PRIVATE LAND FROM WARRANTLESS SEARCHES, AND THE TIME HAS

COME FOR THE COURT TO HONOR THAT TEXT. THE PUNXSUTAWNEY AND PITCH PINE

HUNTING CLUBS, REPRESENTED BY IJ, ARE SUING IN STATE COURT TO RESTORE

ALL PENNSYLVANIANS' RIGHT TO BE SECURE ON THEIR LAND.

FICKEN V. CITY OF DUNEDIN, FLORIDA, ET AL.

IJ JOINED WITH JIM FICKEN OF DUNEDIN, FLORIDA, TO CHALLENGE THE CITY'S

ATTEMPT TO FORECLOSE HIS HOME SIMPLY BECAUSE HIS GRASS WAS TOO LONG.

WHILE JIM WAS OUT OF TOWN TENDING TO HIS LATE MOTHER'S ESTATE, CITY

CODE ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS FINED HIM FOR HIS LONG GRASS, TO THE TUNE OF

\$500 PER DAY. BY THE TIME HE GOT BACK AND BECAME AWARE THAT HE WAS

BEING FINED, THE FINES HAD ALREADY ACCRUED TO NEARLY \$30,000. THE CITY

TOLD JIM HE HAD 15 DAYS TO PAY, OR THEY WOULD GET THEIR MONEY BY

FORECLOSING ON HIS HOME. UNFORTUNATELY, A DISTRICT COURT JUDGE RULED

AGAINST JIM BY UPHOLDING THE CITY'S OUTRAGEOUS FINE. THE U.S. COURT OF

APPEALS FOR THE 11TH CIRCUIT REJECTED JIM'S APPEAL. DURING THE

LITIGATION, HOWEVER, THE CITY ADOPTED A FINE-REDUCTION PROCESS FOR

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PEOPLE, LIKE JIM, FACING EXORBITANT FINES FOR SMALL VIOLATIONS. WITH

IJ'S ASSISTANCE, JIM AVAILED HIMSELF OF THAT PROCESS AND OBTAINED AN 80

PERCENT REDUCTION IN HIS ORIGINAL FINE. JIM PAID THE FINE - ALONG WITH

AN ADDITIONAL (AND CONTROVERSIAL) \$15,000 FOR THE CITY'S LEGAL FEES 
AND THE CITY RELEASED ITS CODE ENFORCEMENT LIEN AGAINST JIM.

THOMAS, ET AL. V. COUNTY OF HUMBOLDT, CALIFORNIA, ET AL.

HUMBOLDT COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, IMPOSES A DAILY CIVIL PENALTY OF UP TO \$10,000 PER VIOLATION, FOR UP TO 90 DAYS, FOR ANY CODE VIOLATION IT SAYS IS RELATED TO CANNABIS. SHOCKINGLY, HUMBOLDT WILL FINE NEW HOMEBUYERS MILLIONS OF DOLLARS BECAUSE, BEFORE THEY BOUGHT THE PLACE, THE PRIOR PROPERTY OWNER ALLEGEDLY GREW MARIJUANA ILLEGALLY. WHILE THESE INNOCENT OWNERS HAVE ALL OF TEN DAYS TO WEIGH THEIR OPTIONS UNDER THE THREAT OF MILLIONS IN FINES, THE COUNTY TYPICALLY OFFERS A COMPLIANCE AGREEMENT, UNDER WHICH OWNERS WAIVE THEIR RIGHTS IN EXCHANGE FOR A SINGLE DAY'S WORTH OF FINES. THESE TACTICS HAVE PUT HUNDREDS OF INNOCENT PROPERTY OWNERS UNDER IMMENSE PRESSURE AND LEGAL UNCERTAINTY. THEY NEVER GREW CANNABIS - BUT THEY ALSO CAN'T GET THEIR DAY IN COURT -THEY FACE CRIPPLING FINES AND CAN'T DEVELOP THEIR LAND. THE EXCESSIVE FINES CLAUSE REQUIRES THAT ANY FINES MUST BE PROPORTIONAL TO THE ALLEGED OFFENSE, AND THE SEVENTH AMENDMENT ENTITLES EVERYONE TO A JURY OF THEIR PEERS IN CIVIL CASES. THAT'S WHY FOUR HUMBOLDT RESIDENTS HAVE JOINED WITH IJ TO FILE A CLASS ACTION AGAINST THE COUNTY. IN MAY 2023, A FEDERAL JUDGE GRANTED THE COUNTY'S MOTION TO DISMISS; IJ WILL APPEAL THE DECISION.

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IN APRIL 2019, IJ FILED A CLASS ACTION LAWSUIT CHALLENGING CHICAGO'S

MASSIVE AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL VEHICLE IMPOUND PROGRAM. IN A CITY THAT

RUNS A CHRONIC BUDGET DEFICIT OF MORE THAN \$100 MILLION, IMPOUNDING

VEHICLES HAS BECOME AN EASY AND SIGNIFICANT SOURCE OF CASH. THE LEAD

PLAINTIFFS IN OUR CLASS ACTION ARE INNOCENT OWNERS JEROME DAVIS AND

VERONICA WALKER-DAVIS. THE CITY IMPOUNDED THEIR CAR AFTER AN AUTO-SHOP

EMPLOYEE TOOK IT FOR A JOY RIDE WHILE IT WAS IN THE SHOP FOR REPAIRS.

AFTER FIGHTING THE CITY FOR NEARLY A YEAR AND BEING CHARGED THOUSANDS

OF DOLLARS IN FINES AND FEES, THE DAVISES ARRIVED TO PICK UP THEIR

VEHICLE - ONLY TO FIND THAT CITY HAD ALREADY DESTROYED IT. IN JUNE

2020, THE MAYOR OF CHICAGO PROPOSED REFORMS TO THE IMPOUND PROGRAM THAT

WOULD FIX SOME OF THE GLARING CONSTITUTIONAL PROBLEMS. THEN, IN AUGUST

2020, A FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT JUDGE REJECTED THE CITY'S REQUEST TO

DISMISS SEVERAL CLAIMS IN THE CASE, SO THE CASE CONTINUES.

LOZANO, ET AL. V. ZION, ET AL.

IN ZION, ILLINOIS, THE CITY REQUIRES LANDLORDS TO FORCE TENANTS TO OPEN
THE DOORS OF THEIR HOMES TO CITY INSPECTORS WITHOUT A WARRANT. IF A
TENANT REFUSES TO CONSENT TO AN INSPECTION, THE CITY THREATENS THEIR
LANDLORD WITH RUINOUS FINES. THE CITY REFUSES TO ACQUIRE SEARCH
WARRANTS IN RESPONSE TO TENANT OBJECTIONS. YOUR HOME IS YOUR CASTLE,
WHETHER YOU RENT OR OWN, SO IN SEPTEMBER 2019, JOSEFINA LOZANO AND
THREE OF HER TENANTS JOINED WITH IJ TO FILE A FEDERAL LAWSUIT TO SHUT
DOWN ZION'S WARRANTLESS INSPECTION PROGRAM. THE CITY AMENDED THE
ORDINANCE IN APRIL 2022 IN RESPONSE TO THE LAWSUIT SO THAT IT WILL NO
LONGER PUNISH TENANTS OR LANDLORDS WHO REFUSE WARRANTLESS INSPECTIONS.

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THEN, IN JANUARY 2023, A JUDGE RATIFIED A CONSENT DECREE THAT MANDATES

THAT ZION NO LONGER PUNISH RENTERS AND LANDLORDS FOR DECLINING

WARRANTLESS INSPECTIONS. IJ RECEIVED FROM THE TOWN OF ZION, ILLINOIS,

\$15,000 IN ATTORNEYS' FEES.

DOROTHY RIVERA ET AL. V. BOROUGH OF POTTSTOWN AND KEITH A. PLACE

POTTSTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA, HAS A SIMILAR RENTAL INSPECTION LAW THAT

FORCES LANDLORDS AND TENANTS TO OPEN THEIR PROPERTIES AND HOMES TO

SUBMIT TO INTRUSIVE INSPECTIONS SEARCHING FOR HOUSING CODE VIOLATIONS

EVEN IF A LANDLORD OR TENANT OBJECTS. THE U.S. CONSTITUTION AND

PENNSYLVANIA CONSTITUTION GUARANTEE PROPERTY RIGHTS AND THE RIGHT TO

PRIVACY IN THE HOME. THAT IS WHY IJ TEAMED UP WITH A POTTSTOWN LANDLORD

AND HIS TENANTS TO CHALLENGE THE GOVERNMENT'S USE OF ADMINISTRATIVE

WARRANTS TO SEARCH HOMES WITHOUT VOLUNTARY CONSENT OR A WARRANT BASED

UPON TRADITIONAL PROBABLE CAUSE. IN MAY 2020, THE COMMONWEALTH COURT OF

PENNSYLVANIA VACATED AND REMANDED A LOWER COURT'S RULING IN FAVOR OF

POTTSTOWN AND ORDERED THE TOWN TO PRODUCE RECORDS RELATING TO THE

RENTAL ORDINANCE, SO THE CASE IS ONGOING.

AMANDA WINK, ET AL. V. CITY OF ORANGE CITY, ET AL.

ORANGE CITY, IOWA, ALSO FORCES LANDLORDS AND TENANTS TO OPEN THEIR

PROPERTIES AND HOMES TO SUBMIT TO INTRUSIVE INSPECTIONS. THE ORDINANCE

ALLOWS THE GOVERNMENT TO ENTER THE MOST INTIMATE CONFINES OF TENANTS'

HOMES, EVEN WHEN LANDLORDS AND TENANTS OBJECT. ORDINARILY, WHEN A

PERSON DOES NOT WANT THE GOVERNMENT TO ENTER THEIR HOME, THEY CAN

REQUEST A WARRANT SUPPORTED BY SOME EVIDENCE THAT A VIOLATION OF THE

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LAW HAS OCCURRED. BUT IN ORANGE CITY, THE GOVERNMENT CAN GO TO COURT

AND READILY OBTAIN AN "ADMINISTRATIVE" WARRANT, WHICH DOES NOT REQUIRE

ANY EVIDENCE THAT ANYTHING IS WRONG WITH THE HOME. THE U.S. AND IOWA

CONSTITUTIONS GUARANTEE STRONG PROPERTY RIGHTS AND THE RIGHT TO PRIVACY

IN THE HOME, MEANING THAT THE GOVERNMENT NEEDS VOLUNTARY CONSENT OR

PROBABLE CAUSE TO ENTER YOUR HOME. ORANGE CITY'S INSPECTION SCHEME

DEFIES THESE CONSTITUTIONAL PRINCIPLES, SO IN MAY 2021, WE TEAMED UP

WITH ORANGE CITY TENANTS AMANDA WINK, BRYAN SINGER, AND ERIKA NORDYKE,

AND THEIR LANDLORDS, TO FILE A LAWSUIT CHALLENGING THE GOVERNMENT'S USE

OF ADMINISTRATIVE WARRANTS. IN FALL 2021, A JUDGE DENIED THE CITY'S

MOTION TO DISMISS THE SUIT.

### BRUMIT V. CITY OF GRANITE CITY

CITY OFFICIALS IN GRANITE CITY, ILLINOIS, TRIED TO KICK ANDY SIMPSON

AND DEBI BRUMIT (ALONG WITH DEBI'S GRANDCHILDREN) OUT OF THEIR HOME AS

PUNISHMENT FOR A CRIME EVERYONE AGREES THEY DID NOT COMMIT. WHY?

BECAUSE DEBI'S DAUGHTER (WHO DID NOT LIVE WITH HER) STOLE A VAN

ELSEWHERE IN TOWN. GRANITE CITY HAS WHAT IT CALLS A "CRIME-FREE"

HOUSING ORDINANCE THAT AMOUNTS TO A COMPULSORY EVICTION LAW. UNDER THE

LAW, IF ANY MEMBER OF YOUR HOUSEHOLD OR EVEN A GUEST COMMITS A CRIME

ANYWHERE IN THE CITY THEN YOUR LANDLORD IS REQUIRED TO EVICT YOU. BUT

DEBI AND ANDY'S LANDLORD DID NOT WANT TO EVICT THEM. THAT IS WHY DEBI

AND ANDY TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO SUE GRANITE CITY TO AFFIRM THAT AMERICANS

CANNOT BE RENDERED HOMELESS AS PUNISHMENT FOR OTHER PEOPLE'S CRIMES. IN

OCTOBER 2019, A FEDERAL JUDGE AGREED, ENTERING A RESTRAINING ORDER THAT

KEPT DEBI AND ANDY SAFELY IN THEIR HOME WHILE THE LAWSUIT PROCEEDED

THROUGH DISCOVERY AND SUMMARY JUDGMENT BRIEFING. HOWEVER, IN SEPTEMBER

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2022, A JUDGE FROM THE U.S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF

ILLINOIS UPHELD THE ORDINANCE. IJ APPEALED THE DECISION AND ARGUED THAT

APPEAL IN MAY 2023.

HOHENBERG AND HANSON V. SHELBY COUNTY, TENNESSEE, ET AL.

WHEN A COURT PROCEEDING MAY RESULT IN A PERSON LOSING THEIR HOME, THE U.S. CONSTITUTION DEMANDS A FAIR PROCESS WITH RIGOROUS SAFEGUARDS. FOR DEFENDANTS IN MEMPHIS' ENVIRONMENTAL COURT, THE PROCESS IS ANYTHING BUT FAIR. SARAH HOHENBERG AND JOSEPH HANSON BOTH ENDED UP IN ENVIRONMENTAL COURT AFTER TREES FELL ON THEIR HOUSES. BOTH ENDED UP LOSING THEIR HOMES AFTER A YEARS-LONG PROCESS IN A COURT WHERE WITNESSES ARE NOT SWORN IN, EVIDENCE IS NOT AUTHENTICATED, AND PROCEEDINGS ARE NOT RECORDED, MAKING DECISIONS ALL BUT IMPOSSIBLE TO APPEAL. SARAH AND JOSEPH HAVE PARTNERED WITH IJ IN A LAWSUIT TO ENSURE THAT THE ENVIRONMENTAL COURT, AND SIMILAR HOUSING COURTS ACROSS THE COUNTRY, PROVIDE THE DUE PROCESS THAT THE CONSTITUTION REQUIRES AND THAT THE COURT BE HELD ACCOUNTABLE FOR MAKING BOTH OF THEM HOMELESS. AFTER A VICTORY IN THE 6TH CIRCUIT IN MAY 2023 RECOGNIZING FEDERAL COURTS HAVE AUTHORITY TO HEAR CHALLENGES AGAINST LOCAL GOVERNMENTS WHEN THEY CREATE JUDICIAL SYSTEMS THAT VIOLATE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS, SARAH AND JOSEPH WILL CARRY ON THEIR FIGHT; THE CASE IS NOW REMANDED TO THE DISTRICT COURT FOR FURTHER DISCOVERY AND BRIEFING.

ADAMS V. CITY OF SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

SEATTLE, LIKE MANY CITIES, IS EXPERIENCING A HOUSING SHORTAGE. THEIR
ATTEMPT TO ADDRESS IT ONLY MAKES MATTERS WORSE. IN 2019, THE CITY

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CREATED THE MANDATORY HOUSING AFFORDABILITY (MHA) PROGRAM, WHICH PLACES

UNIQUE BURDENS ON ANYONE BUILDING IN CERTAIN ZONES THROUGHOUT THE CITY.

LONGTIME CENTRAL DISTRICT HOMEOWNER ANITA ADAMS WANTS TO BUILD A MODEST

ADDITION TO HOUSE HER TWO ADULT CHILDREN. BUT BEFORE SHE CAN GET A

BUILDING PERMIT, THE CITY DEMANDS THAT SHE EITHER BUILD ADDITIONAL

AFFORDABLE HOUSING UNITS OR PAY NEARLY \$77,000 INTO THE MHA PROGRAM.

THOSE FEES MAKE ANITA'S PLANS IMPOSSIBLE - AND LEAVE THE CITY WITH

FEWER AFFORDABLE HOUSING UNITS. ACROSS THE CITY, ANYONE WISHING TO

CONSTRUCT A HOME MUST FACE INCOMPREHENSIBLY HIGH FEES OR BURDENSOME AND

INTRUSIVE NEW HOUSING MANDATES LEVIED IN THE NAME OF "AFFORDABLE

HOUSING." ANITA HAS PARTNERED WITH IJ TO CHALLENGE SEATTLE'S

DECKER, ET AL. V. CITY OF MERIDIAN, IDAHO, ET AL.

COUNTERPRODUCTIVE AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL MHA PROGRAM.

CHASIDY DECKER, A NATIVE OF THE TREASURE VALLEY IN IDAHO, HAD A SAVVY

SOLUTION TO OWNING A HOME AFTER BEING PRICED OUT OF THE GENERAL BOISE

REAL ESTATE MARKET: SHE BOUGHT A BEAUTIFUL 252-SQUARE FOOT TINY HOUSE

ON WHEELS AND FOUND A LOCAL MERIDIAN HOMEOWNER WHO WOULD LET HER PARK

IT ON HIS PROPERTY FOR \$600 PER MONTH. BUT THE DAY AFTER CHASIDY MOVED

IN, THE CITY THREATENED BOTH CHASIDY AND THE HOMEOWNER WITH CRIMINAL

PROSECUTION AND FINES OF \$1,000 PER DAY UNLESS SHE MOVED OUT OF HER

TINY HOUSE. CITIES LIKE MERIDIAN SHOULD PROMOTE RATHER THAN DISCOURAGE

THEIR RESIDENTS' PRIVATE EFFORTS TO FIND AFFORDABLE HOUSING DURING A

HOUSING CRISIS. BUT MERIDIAN'S BAN ON TINY HOMES ON WHEELS IS NOT JUST

BAD POLICY - IT IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL. WITH IJ, CHASIDY FILED A

CONSTITUTIONAL LAWSUIT AGAINST MERIDIAN'S IRRATIONAL BAN ON LIVING IN

TINY HOMES. IN NOVEMBER 2022, A STATE DISTRICT COURT ALLOWED CHASIDY'S

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CASE TO MOVE FORWARD.

TINY HOUSE HAND UP, INC. V. CITY OF CALHOUN, GEORGIA, ET AL.

CINDY TUCKER RUNS TINY HOUSE HAND UP, OR THHU, TO FILL A NICHE FOR

SMALLER, LESS COSTLY HOMES. THEY'RE READY TO BUILD A COMMUNITY OF

SOUTHERN-STYLE COTTAGES WITH 540 TO 600 SQUARE FEET OF LIVING SPACE

EACH IN CALHOUN, GEORGIA, BUT THE CITY DEMANDS HOUSES HAVE OVER 1,000

SQUARE FEET. GEORGIA'S CONSTITUTION REQUIRES ZONING LAWS TO BE

SUBSTANTIALLY RELATED TO PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY, MORALITY, OR GENERAL

WELFARE. CALHOUN'S BAN ON SMALLER HOMES IS NOT RELATED TO ANYTHING

OTHER THAN EXCLUDING PEOPLE WITH LOWER INCOMES AND FORCING PEOPLE TO

LIVE IN HOMES THAT ARE LARGER THAN THEY WANT. SO, CINDY AND THHU HAVE

TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO FIGHT FOR THEIR RIGHT TO BUILD MODESTLY SIZED

HOMES. IN OCTOBER 2021, WE FILED A PETITION ASKING THE COURT TO FIND

THAT THE CITY'S BAN VIOLATES THE GEORGIA CONSTITUTION.

DUNCKEL, ET AL. V. CITY OF WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

TO GIVE NEGLECTED AND SPECIAL-NEEDS FARM ANIMALS A "HAPPILY EVER

AFTER." BUT IN EARLY 2023, THE CITY TOLD KIMBERLY THE SANCTUARY COULD

NOT CONTINUE TO SERVE THE COMMUNITY. AFTER A BACKLASH, THE CITY BACKED

DOWN, BUT IT STILL PLACED HARSH LIMITS ON THE SANCTUARY, INCLUDING A

BAN ON EVENTS AND CAPPING HOW MANY VOLUNTEERS CAN WORK AT A TIME. THE

CITY WILL NOT EVEN ALLOW LOCAL GIRL SCOUT TROOPS TO VISIT. TOO OFTEN,

ZONING CODES STRIP PEOPLE OF THEIR PROPERTY RIGHTS, MAKING THEIR

OWNERSHIP LITTLE MORE THAN A NAME ON A DEED. KIMBERLY TEAMED UP WITH IJ

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TO PROTECT PROPERTY RIGHTS AND THE RIGHTS OF INDIVIDUALS TO PURSUE

THEIR CHOSEN OCCUPATION, INCLUDING AT NONPROFITS LIKE THE SANCTUARY.

SHAHEED, ET AL. V. CITY OF WILMINGTON, DELAWARE, ET AL.

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE, ISSUES A LOT OF PARKING TICKETS AND THEN ALLOWS

PRIVATE COMPANIES TO TOW ANY CAR WITH MORE THAN \$200 IN OUTSTANDING

FINES. RATHER THAN PAY MONEY TO THOSE COMPANIES FOR THEIR SERVICES, THE

CITY CONTRACTUALLY EMPOWERS THE TOWING COMPANIES TO KEEP AND SCRAP

CARS. THE TOW COMPANIES GET TO KEEP THE FULL VALUE OF THE CARS - THE

VALUE DOES NOT EVEN OFFSET THE OWNER'S OUTSTANDING TICKETS.

WILMINGTON'S ENTIRE SYSTEM IS FUNDAMENTALLY UNCONSTITUTIONAL FOR BEING

WOEFULLY DEFICIENT OF DUE PROCESS AND REPEATEDLY DEMANDING GROSSLY

DISPROPORTIONATE FINES. IN NOVEMBER 2022, A FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT

RULED AGAINST THE CITY'S ATTEMPT TO DISMISS THE CASE, ALLOWING IJ'S

SUIT TO CONTINUE.

MEADE AND SOOKRAM V. BONIN AND ETOH MONITORING, LLC

THE U.S. CONSTITUTION REQUIRES JUDGES TO BE OBJECTIVE WHEN DECIDING
WHETHER TO DEPRIVE A PERSON OF HER LIBERTY OR PROPERTY. WHEN JUDGES
HAVE A PERSONAL, POLITICAL, OR FINANCIAL INTEREST IN A CASE, THEY
VIOLATE THE 14TH AMENDMENT'S GUARANTEE OF DUE PROCESS. HAKEEM MEADE,
MARSHALL SOOKRAM, AND TOO MANY OTHERS IN NEW ORLEANS WERE ORDERED TO
SUBMIT TO ANKLE MONITORING BY A JUDGE WHO HAD PERSONAL, POLITICAL, AND
FINANCIAL TIES TO THE COMPANY THAT PROVIDED AND CHARGED FOR THIS
SERVICE. NOW, HAKEEM AND MARSHALL ARE FIGHTING TO ENSURE THAT ANKLE
MONITORING DECISIONS IN ORLEANS PARISH AND ELSEWHERE ARE MADE WITHOUT

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BIAS OR THE APPEARANCE OF BIAS. IN MAY 2020, THEY TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO

FILE A CIVIL RIGHTS CLASS ACTION LAWSUIT SEEKING AN ORDER DECLARING

THAT JUDICIAL DECISIONS INFLUENCED BY A JUDGE'S TIES TO A PRIVATE PARTY

VIOLATE THE CONSTITUTION AND REQUIRING THE COMPANY TO DISGORGE THE FEES

IT HAS COLLECTED FROM DEFENDANTS APPEARING BEFORE THE JUDGE AND CANCEL

ANY REMAINING FEES. IN SEPTEMBER 2021, A JUDGE DISMISSED THE LAWSUIT,

AND IJ ARGUED OUR APPEAL TO THE 5TH U.S. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS IN

AUGUST 2022.

DEVILLIER, ET AL. V. STATE OF TEXAS

RICHIE DEVILLIER IS A FARMER WHO HAS LIVED ON HIS FAMILY'S LAND IN
WINNIE, TEXAS, FOR GENERATIONS. FOR AS LONG AS ANYONE CAN REMEMBER, THE
DEVILLIERS' LAND HAS NEVER FLOODED - THAT IS, UNTIL THE EARLY 2000S,
WHEN THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RENOVATED A NEARBY HIGHWAY.

NOW, WHENEVER A MAJOR STORM HITS, THE DEVILLIER FAMILY FARM AND MANY OF
THE SURROUNDING PROPERTIES ARE INUNDATED. THE EFFECTS HAVE BEEN

DEVASTATING. EVEN THOUGH THE CONSTITUTION GUARANTEES JUST COMPENSATION
FOR TAKINGS, SHOCKINGLY, THE 5TH CIRCUIT SIDED WITH TEXAS, HOLDING THAT
PROPERTY OWNERS WHOSE LAND IS TAKEN BY THE STATE DON'T HAVE ANY FEDERAL

REMEDY AT ALL. THAT RULING IS WRONG, AND IT CONFLICTS WITH RULINGS OF
BOTH THE SUPREME COURT AND OTHER COURTS NATIONWIDE, WHICH IS WHY IJ

ASKED THE SUPREME COURT TO REVIEW AND AFFIRM STATES CANNOT IGNORE THE
CONSTITUTION.

VALANCOURT BOOKS, LLC V. CLAGGETT, ET AL.

VALANCOURT IS A SMALL PUBLISHING COMPANY OPERATING OUT OF THE RICHMOND,

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24/7. THE TENNESSEE CONSTITUTION PROHIBITS STATE OFFICIALS FROM BARGING

IN WHENEVER THEY WISH. TERRY AND HUNTER TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO SUE TWRA

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IN TENNESSEE STATE COURT TO VINDICATE THE RIGHT OF ALL TENNESSEANS TO

BE FREE FROM UNCONSTITUTIONAL SEARCHES. IN MARCH 2022, A THREE-JUDGE

TRIAL COURT PANEL DECLARED THE WARRANTLESS ENTRY STATUTE

"UNCONSTITUTIONAL, UNLAWFUL, AND UNENFORCEABLE." THE STATE HAS

APPEALED, AND WE ARGUED THE APPEAL IN JUNE 2023.

TAYLOR ET AL. V. NOCCO

USING A CRUDE COMPUTER ALGORITHM, THE PASCO, FLORIDA, SHERIFF'S OFFICE

CREATES A LIST OF PEOPLE THEY THINK ARE LIKELY TO COMMIT CRIMES. THEN,

DEPUTIES ROUTINELY SHOW UP UNANNOUNCED AT THEIR HOMES TO INTERROGATE

THEM AND, ESPECIALLY, THEIR FAMILY AND FRIENDS. TO INTIMIDATE THEIR

TARGETS AND FAMILY MEMBERS INTO SUBMISSION, COUNTY DEPUTIES

AGGRESSIVELY ISSUE CITATIONS FOR INNOCUOUS OFFENSES LIKE MISSING HOUSE

NUMBERS. IN THE WORDS OF A FORMER PASCO COUNTY DEPUTY, THEY WERE UNDER

ORDERS TO "[M]AKE THEIR LIVES MISERABLE UNTIL THEY MOVE OR SUE." SO, IN

MARCH 2021, THAT'S EXACTLY WHAT IJ DID. THIS CASE WILL SEND A MESSAGE

TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS ACROSS THE COUNTRY THAT FINES AND FEES

SHOULD BE USED ONLY TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC, NOT TO FORCE UNDESIRABLE

RESIDENTS OUT OF TOWN. IN AUGUST 2021, A JUDGE DENIED THE SHERIFF'S

MOTION TO DISMISS, MEANING OUR CLIENTS WILL HAVE THEIR DAY IN COURT.

THE CASE AIMS TO END BOTH PRETEXTUAL CODE ENFORCEMENT AND HARASSMENT OF

PEOPLE THAT POLICE THINK MIGHT COMMIT CRIMES IN THE FUTURE.

MORALES V. CITY OF INDIO, ET AL.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS IN INDIO, CALIFORNIA, TEAMED UP WITH A
PRIVATE LAW FIRM TO CHARGE PROPERTY OWNERS THE COSTS OF THEIR OWN

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PROSECUTIONS. UNDER THIS OUTRAGEOUS SCHEME, THE LAW FIRM PROVIDED INDIO AND SEVERAL OTHER CALIFORNIA CITIES WITH "COST-NEUTRAL" CODE ENFORCEMENT SERVICES. THIS MEANS THAT EVERY TICKET THE CITY ISSUED FOR VIOLATIONS SUCH AS UN-MOWED GRASS OR SUN-DAMAGED ADDRESS NUMBERS WAS MONEY IN THE BANK FOR THE CITY AND THE LAW FIRM, WHICH THEN BILLED PROPERTY OWNERS THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS FOR "PROSECUTION FEES." IF OWNERS DARED TO CONTEST THE FEES, THEIR LEGAL BILLS SIMPLY GREW LARGER. IJ FILED A CLASS ACTION LAWSUIT AGAINST THE CITY IN FEBRUARY 2018 TO PUT A STOP TO THIS EGREGIOUS FORM OF POLICING FOR PROFIT. AND THAT DECEMBER, WE WON A RESOUNDING VICTORY WHEN THE CITY OF INDIO AGREED TO RETURN THE MONEY OF EVERYONE WHO WAS VICTIMIZED BY THE CITY'S SCHEME. BUT THEN, AFTER THE CASE HAD SETTLED AND SUBSTANTIVELY CONCLUDED, A TRIAL JUDGE NONETHELESS GRANTED SUMMARY JUDGMENT IN FAVOR OF THE PRIVATE LAW FIRM THAT HAD ISSUED THESE FEES - EVEN THOUGH THE ACTUAL GOVERNMENT DEFENDANTS HAD LONG SINCE FIRED THE FIRM AND IT WAS NOT A PARTY TO THE CASE. IJ HAS APPEALED THAT RULING TO ESTABLISH THAT FORMER GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS DO NOT HAVE STANDING TO OBJECT TO SETTLEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY THEIR ERSTWHILE EMPLOYERS.

SUN VALLEY ORCHARDS, INC. V. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR, ET AL.

THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR FINED SUN VALLEY ORCHARDS, A

FOURTH-GENERATION FAMILY FARM IN SOUTHERN NEW JERSEY, OVER \$550,000,

THE BULK OF WHICH WAS BECAUSE OF A SINGLE PAPERWORK VIOLATION. THE TWO

BROTHERS WHO OWN THE ORCHARD SPENT THE NEXT FIVE YEARS TRYING TO FIGHT

THE AGENCY'S DECISION IN THE AGENCY'S IN-HOUSE ADMINISTRATIVE COURTS.

IN EVERY HEARING, THE AGENCY SERVED AS PROSECUTOR, JUDGE, AND JURY, AND

THE AGENCY WON EVERY TIME. IN SEPTEMBER 2021, THE BROTHERS JOINED WITH

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IJ TO FIGHT FOR THEIR RIGHT, AND THE RIGHT OF ALL AMERICANS, TO HAVE

PROCEEDINGS BY THE GOVERNMENT TO IMPOSE SIGNIFICANT MONETARY PENALTIES

HEARD BY A REAL COURT.

### C.S. LAWN & LANDSCAPE V. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

WHEN THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR (DOL) DECIDED TO FINE CHUCK SAINE TENS OF
THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS, CHUCK DID NOT GET TO MAKE HIS CASE TO A JURY OF
HIS PEERS - OR EVEN A REAL FEDERAL JUDGE. INSTEAD, THE AGENCY'S OWN
EMPLOYEES SERVED AS PROSECUTOR, JUDGE, AND JURY. CHUCK'S ADMINISTRATIVE
ODYSSEY BEGAN IN 2015, WHEN DOL INVESTIGATORS FIRST SHOWED UP AT HIS
BUSINESS, AND ENDED IN 2022, WHEN DOL'S IN-HOUSE AGENCY JUDGES IMPOSED
ALMOST \$55,000 IN LIABILITY. NOW CHUCK IS JOINING WITH IJ TO FILE A
CHALLENGE IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF
COLUMBIA. UNDER THE U.S. CONSTITUTION, CHUCK SHOULD HAVE BEEN ENTITLED
TO MAKE HIS DEFENSE IN A REAL FEDERAL COURT, WITH A REAL FEDERAL JUDGE,
AND MAKE HIS DEFENSE BEFORE A JURY OF HIS PEERS. IF THE GOVERNMENT
WANTS TO TAKE YOUR PROPERTY, YOU SHOULD GET YOUR DAY IN COURT - NOT
YOUR DAY BEFORE A BUREAUCRAT.

# JOSEPH CORSINI V. CITY OF NEW YORK

THE NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS (DOB) IMPOSES FINES FOR

VIOLATIONS TO ENSURE THE SAFETY OF THE CITY AND ITS INHABITANTS. TOO

OFTEN, THOUGH, IT PENALIZES PROPERTY OWNERS OVER TRIVIAL ISSUES AND

LEAVES THEM OWING THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS, AS IT DID WITH JOE CORSINI. JOE

IS A PIGEON KEEPER - A COMMON HOBBY IN THE CITY. HE DECIDED TO BUILD A

SMALL PIGEON COOP ON THE ROOF OF HIS HOME BUT DID NOT REALIZE HE NEEDED

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TO OBTAIN A BUILDING PERMIT. HE SOON RECEIVED \$3,000 IN FINES AND AN ORDER THAT HE BRING HIS COOP INTO COMPLIANCE BY OBTAINING A PERMIT. WHILE ENGAGING WITH THE DOB, HE AMASSED APPROXIMATELY \$11,000 IN FINES. EVENTUALLY, HE CONCEDED AND TOOK DOWN THE COOP. BUT THIS PROCESS DID NOT SIT WELL WITH JOE, AND HE TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO FIGHT BACK. PENALIZING A HOMEOWNER WITH FINES THAT CAN RANGE UP TO \$25,000 PER VIOLATION AND FAILING TO PROVIDE A RECOURSE TO APPEAL SIMPLY RAISES MONEY FOR THE GOVERNMENT AND DEPRIVES PROPERTY OWNERS OF DUE PROCESS. JOE IS FIGHTING TO CHANGE THIS SYSTEM AND ENSURE THAT HOMEOWNERS ARE TREATED WITH DIGNITY AND DUE PROCESS. IN JANUARY 2022, A DISTRICT COURT DISMISSED THE SUIT ON STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS GROUNDS. WE FILED AN AMENDED COMPLAINT.

#### TOTH V. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

UNDER THE BANK SECRECY ACT OF 1970, AMERICANS WITH FOREIGN BANK ACCOUNTS CONTAINING MORE THAN \$10,000 ARE REQUIRED TO FILE A ONE-PAGE FOREIGN BANK AND FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS REPORTING (FBAR) FORM WITH THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT. UNTIL 2010, MONICA TOTH WAS UNAWARE OF THE NEED TO FILE FBARS, SO SHE CAUGHT UP ON HER FILINGS, AND WAS ASSESSED A RELATIVELY MODEST AMOUNT OF BACK TAXES AND PENALTIES THAT SHE PAID PROMPTLY AND IN FULL. HOWEVER, BECAUSE THE IRS CAN IMPOSE CIVIL PENALTIES, THEY LEVIED THE MAXIMUM PENALTY OF \$2,173,703 FOR HER FAILURE TO TIMELY FILE THE FBARS. A DISTRICT COURT AND THEN THE 1ST CIRCUIT REJECTED HER EIGHTH AMENDMENT DEFENSE ON STARTLING GROUNDS -THEY RULED THE PENALTY OF OVER \$2 MILLION IS NOT A "FINE," SO THE EIGHTH AMENDMENT DOES NOT APPLY. WORKING WITH IJ ON HER APPEAL, MONICA ASKED THE SUPREME COURT TO INTERVENE AND CONFIRM WHAT SHOULD BE

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OBVIOUS: A DEBILITATING CIVIL PENALTY, WHICH COMPENSATES NO FINANCIAL

LOSS TO THE GOVERNMENT, IS JUST THE SORT OF PUNISHMENT THE EXCESSIVE

FINES CLAUSE EXISTS TO CHECK. UNFORTUNATELY, THE SUPREME COURT DENIED

### KATERGARIS V. CITY OF NEW YORK

REVIEW.

SERAFIM KATERGARIS BOUGHT A HOME IN HARLEM IN 2014. A TITLE REPORT

CONFIRMED THE PROPERTY WAS FREE AND CLEAR OF ANY ENCUMBRANCES. BUT

SEVEN YEARS LATER, WHEN HE WENT TO SELL THE PROPERTY, HE LEARNED THAT

THE NEW YORK CITY DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS HAD FINED HIM \$1,000 WAY BACK

IN 2014 - ALL BECAUSE A PRIOR OWNER ALLEGEDLY FAILED TO FILE PAPERWORK

IN 2013 CERTIFYING THE HOME'S BOILER WAS INSPECTED THAT YEAR. NOT ONLY

DID SERAFIM NOT OWN THE HOUSE AT THE TIME, BUT THE OWNER FROM WHOM HE

PURCHASED THE PROPERTY HAD REMOVED THE BOILER BEFORE SERAFIM BOUGHT THE

PLACE, SO, THERE WAS NO BOILER FOR SERAFIM TO INSPECT. THE FAILURE TO

CERTIFY A BOILER INSPECTION IS ONE OF THE DEPARTMENT'S MANY

UNREVIEWABLE FINES. SERAFIM HAS TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO SUE THE CITY IN

FEDERAL COURT AND TAKE A STAND ON BEHALF OF ALL NEW YORKERS. HE HAS

ASKED THE COURT TO DECLARE THAT UNREVIEWABLE FINES ARE UNCONSTITUTIONAL

AND ORDER DOB TO AFFORD PEOPLE THEIR RIGHT TO BE HEARD AS DUE PROCESS

REQUIRES.

BRITTANY COLEMAN V. TOWN OF BROOKSIDE, ALABAMA, ET AL.

SINCE 2018, THE TINY TOWN OF BROOKSIDE, ALABAMA, HAS BEEN A

REVENUE-GENERATING FIEFDOM. HUNDREDS OF RESIDENTS - MOST INNOCENT OF

ANY WRONGDOING - WERE PULLED OVER AND THE POLICE SEIZED AND TOWED THEIR

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CARS. TO GET THEIR CARS BACK, THEY WERE FORCED TO PAY HUNDREDS OR EVEN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS FOR TOWING FEES, COURT COSTS, AND TRUMPED-UP TICKETS. TOWN OFFICIALS OPENLY DISCUSSED THEIR DESIRE TO EXTRACT REVENUE FROM THEIR CONSTITUENTS. IJ FILED A SWEEPING CLASS ACTION AGAINST THE TOWN IN APRIL 2022. WHILE A FEW LOCAL ATTORNEYS HAVE CHALLENGED THE TOWN'S ACTIONS, IJ'S CASE IS THE ONLY COMPREHENSIVE CLASS ACTION LAWSUIT TO END THIS REGIME OF SYSTEMIC ABUSE. IN OCTOBER 2022, A FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT DENIED QUALIFIED IMMUNITY, AND IN MARCH 2023, A FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT REJECTED BROOKSIDE'S EFFORTS TO DISMISS THE CASE.

#### AMANDA ROOT ET AL. V. CITY OF SIERRA VISTA

INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE

AMANDA ROOT HAS CALLED SIERRA VISTA, IN SOUTHEAST ARIZONA, HOME FOR MORE THAN 20 YEARS. IN THE LATE '90S, AMANDA ACQUIRED A SMALL LOT IN THE THEN CLOUD 9 MOBILE HOME PARK. SADLY, IN 2016, AMANDA'S MOBILE HOME BURNED TO THE GROUND, LEAVING HER TEMPORARILY HOMELESS. BUT IN 2017, AMANDA WAS GIVEN A PARK TRAILER TO PUT ON HER PROPERTY AND LIVE IN. THEN IN JULY 2020 - DURING THE MIDDLE OF THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC - THE CITY TRIED TO KICK AMANDA AND HER NEIGHBORS OUT OF THEIR HOMES AND OFF THEIR PROPERTY. THE CITY GAVE THEM JUST 30 DAYS TO LEAVE. THERE WAS NO HEARING OR APPEAL OFFERED. THE CITY SAYS THAT AMANDA LIVES IN AN "RV" INSTEAD OF A "MANUFACTURED HOME." TO BE CLEAR, IT IS PERFECTLY LEGAL TO LIVE IN AN RV IN SIERRA VISTA. THE CITY JUST SAYS AMANDA CANNOT HAVE AN RV ON THE PROPERTY SHE OWNS BECAUSE OF THE TECHNICALITIES OF THE CITY'S ZONING LAWS. NO ONE SHOULD BE MADE HOMELESS IN THE NAME OF ZONING, SO AMANDA AND HER NEIGHBORS TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO SUE THE CITY AND PROTECT THEIR RV HOMES. A JUDGE DISMISSED THE LAWSUIT IN SEPTEMBER 2021, AND

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THE APPEALS COURT RULED THEY COULD NOT EVEN APPEAL THAT DECISION. BUT

IN JANUARY 2023, THE ARIZONA SUPREME COURT OVERTURNED THE APPEALS COURT

DECISION AND ASKED THE JUDGES TO RECONSIDER THE CASE CONSIDERING

ANOTHER RECENT VICTORY BY IJ.

ZENAIDA "SANDY" MARTINEZ V. CITY OF LANTANA, FLORIDA, ET AL.

THE CITY OF LANTANA, FLORIDA, FINED SANDY MARTINEZ MORE THAN \$165,000 FOR MINOR PROPERTY CODE VIOLATIONS - INCLUDING A \$100,000 FINE FOR PARKING HER CARS IN HER DRIVEWAY IN SUCH A WAY THAT THE TIRES ON ONE SIDE OF THE CAR WERE ON THE EDGE OF THE LAWN INSTEAD OF ON THE PAVED DRIVEWAY. THE CITY ALSO FINED HER FOR A STORM-DAMAGED FENCE AND CRACKS IN HER DRIVEWAY. THE FINES ADD UP TO MORE THAN HALF THE VALUE OF HER HOME. EVEN AFTER SANDY MOVED HER CAR, THE CITY CONTINUED TO ASSESS DAILY FINES BECAUSE, SUPPOSEDLY, SHE DID NOT INFORM SOMEONE SHE HAD MOVED HER CAR'S WHEELS SO THAT THEY WERE NO LONGER ON ANY GRASS IN HER FRONT YARD. BUT THE GOVERNMENT CANNOT LOCK YOU INTO A LIFETIME OF DEBT AND CRIPPLE YOU FINANCIALLY BECAUSE YOUR DRIVEWAY IS TOO NARROW AND YOUR FENCE FELL IN A HURRICANE. BY TRYING TO IMPOSE RUINOUS FINES ON SANDY FOR SUCH MINOR INFRACTIONS, LANTANA IS VIOLATING SANDY'S CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO BE FREE FROM EXCESSIVE FINES. TO FIGHT BACK, SHE TEAMED UP WITH IJ IN FEBRUARY 2021 TO FILE A LAWSUIT IN FLORIDA STATE COURT TO HOLD THE CITY ACCOUNTABLE FOR THIS UNCONSTITUTIONAL BEHAVIOR. THAT JULY, A COURT REJECTED LANTANA'S ATTEMPT TO DISMISS THE LAWSUIT.

LONG LAKE TOWNSHIP V. MAXON, ET AL.

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TODD AND HEATHER MAXON LIVE ON A FIVE-ACRE PROPERTY IN RURAL LONG LAKE TOWNSHIP, IN NORTHERN MICHIGAN. LONG LAKE USED A DRONE TO REPEATEDLY SURVEIL THEIR HOME WITHOUT A WARRANT FOR OVER TWO YEARS - TAKING INTRUSIVE, HIGH-RESOLUTION PHOTOGRAPHS AND VIDEOS OF THEIR HOME AND BACKYARD THAT COULD NOT BE CAPTURED WITHOUT A DRONE. NOW, THE GOVERNMENT WANTS TO USE THOSE PHOTOS AND VIDEOS AS EVIDENCE IN A ZONING ENFORCEMENT LAWSUIT MEANT TO PUNISH THE COUPLE FOR ALLEGED CODE VIOLATIONS ON THEIR PROPERTY. SHOCKINGLY, THE MICHIGAN COURT OF APPEALS RULED THE FOURTH AMENDMENT'S PROTECTION AGAINST WARRANTLESS SEARCHES DID NOT APPLY HERE. IF LONG LAKE CAN VIOLATE THE MAXONS' FOURTH AMENDMENT RIGHTS WITHOUT CONSEQUENCE, ANYONE CAN EXPECT TO SEE A DRONE HOVERING OVER THEIR BACKYARD SOON. TODD AND HEATHER MAXON ARE TEAMING UP WITH IJ TO APPEAL THIS DANGEROUS RULING TO THE MICHIGAN SUPREME COURT - IN MAY 2023, THE STATE'S HIGH COURT AGREED TO HEAR THE MAXONS' CASE.

HIGHLANDER V. VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES

THE 30 ACRES JOSH HIGHLANDER (AN AVID HUNTER) OWNS OUTSIDE RICHMOND, VIRGINIA, IS PRIVATE LAND. AFTER AN INCIDENT WHERE HIS FAMILY NOTICED SOMEONE WEARING A CAMOUFLAGE LEAFY JACKET IN THEIR WOODS, JOSH SOON DISCOVERED THAT A CAMERA HE USED TO MONITOR GAME ON HIS PROPERTY WAS MISSING. HE CALLED POLICE TO REPORT THE THEFT, WHO SAID THE CAMERA WAS IN THE POSSESSION OF THE VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF WILDLIFE RESOURCES (DWR). IN THE WEEKS FOLLOWING, JOSH DID NOT RECEIVE A WARRANT NOR WAS HE GIVEN ANY HUNTING CITATIONS. VIRGINIA IS ONE OF MANY STATES WHERE GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS CONDUCT WARRANTLESS SEARCHES OF "OPEN FIELDS" UNDER A CENTURY-OLD U.S. SUPREME COURT PRECEDENT, LEAVING MOST PRIVATE

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Schedule O (Form 990) 2022 Name of the organization **Employer identification number** 52-1744337 INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE PROPERTY IN THE U.S. UNPROTECTED BY THE FOURTH AMENDMENT'S PROHIBITION AGAINST UNREASONABLE SEARCHES AND SEIZURES. BUT THE DWR DID MORE THAN TRESPASS ON HIS PROPERTY AND OBSERVE HIS FAMILY. IT TOOK JOSH'S CAMERA TO SPY ON HIM. NOW, JOSH AND IJ ARE SUING IN STATE COURT TO GET HIS CAMERA BACK, TO PROTECT HIS HOME, AND TO RESTORE THE RIGHT OF ALL VIRGINIANS TO BE SECURE ON THEIR LAND. QUINONEZ V. 5 UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE AND UNITED STATES POSTAL INSPECTION SERVICE OFFICIALS IN THE SPRING OF 2020, LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENTS WORKING FOR THE UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE BASELESSLY SEIZED A SET OF FOUR ORDINARY BOXES CONTAINING THOUSANDS OF COVID-19 FACE MASKS WITH POLITICAL SLOGANS. THE MASKS BELONGED TO RENE QUINONEZ, WHO OPERATES OAKLAND-BASED MOVEMENT INK LLC. BLACK LIVES MATTER ORGANIZERS HIRED RENE TO PRINT AS MANY FACE MASKS AS POSSIBLE TO DISTRIBUTE TO PROTESTORS. HE WORKED NEARLY NONSTOP TO PRINT AND SHIP THE MASKS. BUT THEY DIDN'T ARRIVE IN TIME BECAUSE OFFICIALS SEIZED THE PLAIN BROWN BOXES WITHOUT A WARRANT, CLAIMING THEY LOOKED LIKE OTHER BOXES FROM OTHER CITIES THAT HAD CONTAINED DRUGS. RENE'S BUSINESS TOOK SERIOUS DAMAGE. IN JUNE 2022, RENE AND MOVEMENT INK PARTNERED WITH IJ TO FILE A FEDERAL LAWSUIT TO VINDICATE HIS FOURTH AMENDMENT RIGHTS. IN JUNE 2023, A FEDERAL DISTRICT JUDGE PARTIALLY GRANTED AND PARTIALLY DENIED THE GOVERNMENT'S MOTIONS TO DISMISS.

BROWN AND ROLIN V. TRANSPORTATION SECURITY ADMINISTRATION, ET AL.

WHEN TRAVELERS GO ONLINE TO FIND OUT WHETHER IT IS LEGAL TO FLY WITH CASH, THE GOVERNMENT TELLS THEM THAT THERE ARE NO RESTRICTIONS ON

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TRAVELING WITH ANY AMOUNT OF MONEY ON DOMESTIC FLIGHTS. WHAT IT DOES

NOT TELL FLYERS IS THAT, UPON SEEING CASH, TRANSPORTATION SECURITY

ADMINISTRATION (TSA) SCREENERS WILL DETAIN THEM AND TURN THEM OVER TO

LAW ENFORCEMENT, WHO WILL TAKE THEIR MONEY WITHOUT ANY CAUSE FOR

SUSPICION AND WITHOUT FILING ANY CRIMINAL CHARGES. THAT IS WHAT

HAPPENED TO IJ CLIENT TERRY ROLIN AND HIS DAUGHTER REBECCA BROWN, WHO

HAD TERRY'S LIFE SAVINGS OF \$82,000 SEIZED AT THE PITTSBURGH AIRPORT BY

THE TSA AND DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION WHEN REBECCA WAS TRYING TO

TAKE THE MONEY HOME WITH HER TO BOSTON TO DEPOSIT INTO A NEW JOINT BANK

ACCOUNT. TO END THESE UNCONSTITUTIONAL PRACTICES, IJ HAS FILED A FOURTH

AMENDMENT CLASS ACTION LAWSUIT ON BEHALF OF TERRY, REBECCA, AND OTHER

TRAVELERS. IN MARCH 2021, IJ WON A FIRST-ROUND VICTORY WHEN A FEDERAL

JUDGE REJECTED THE GOVERNMENT'S MOTION TO DISMISS THE CASE.

LARA V. STATE OF NEVADA, ET AL.

KICKBACKS FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.

DAUGHTERS IN CALIFORNIA IN THE WINTER OF 2021 WHEN THE NEVADA HIGHWAY

PATROL (NHP) PULLED HIM OVER ON A FLIMSY PRETEXT AND SEIZED HIS LIFE

SAVINGS, DESPITE HAVING NO EVIDENCE OF ANY CRIME. THEY HANDED HIS MONEY

OVER TO THE U.S. DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION, IN THE ANTICIPATION

THAT THE AGENCY WOULD KICK BACK A PORTION TO THE HIGHWAY PATROL. SO,

STEPHEN TEAMED UP WITH IJ. ONE DAY AFTER FILING THE LAWSUIT, AND ONLY

HOURS AFTER A TOP WASHINGTON POST STORY ON THE CASE, THE DEA AGREED TO

RETURN STEPHEN'S MONEY. BUT STEPHEN'S CASE IS NOT OVER. WE ALSO SUED

THE NHP IN NEVADA STATE COURT TO HOLD THE GOVERNMENT TO ACCOUNT AND TO

STOP THE NHP FROM VIOLATING NEVADA LAW IN EXCHANGE FOR LUCRATIVE

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INGRAM, ET AL. V. WAYNE COUNTY

FOR DECADES, RESIDENTS OF DETROIT AND WAYNE COUNTY, MICHIGAN, HAVE LIVED UNDER CONSTANT THREAT OF HAVING THEIR CARS TAKEN AWAY AND RANSOMED BACK TO THEM FOR \$1,000 OR MORE. THE PERPETRATORS ARE POLICE AND PROSECUTORS WHO USE CIVIL FORFEITURE TO SEIZE HUNDREDS OF CARS EACH YEAR. DETROITERS MELISA INGRAM AND ROBERT REEVES BOTH LOST THEIR CARS WHEN WAYNE COUNTY SEIZED THEM BASED ON OTHER PEOPLE'S ALLEGED MISBEHAVIOR. SO, THEY HAVE PARTNERED WITH IJ IN A MAJOR FEDERAL CLASS ACTION LAWSUIT CHALLENGING THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF WAYNE COUNTY'S FORFEITURE PROGRAM. WE ARE ALSO FIGHTING FOR THE RETURN OF OUR CLIENT STEPHANIE WILSON'S CAR. AN APPEALS COURT OVERTURNED OUR WIN IN STEPHANIE'S FORFEITURE CASE IN A LOWER COURT, AND NOW, THE MICHIGAN SUPREME COURT ACCEPTED REVIEW OF THE MID-LEVEL COURT DECISION THAT REVERSED OUR WIN. OUR GOAL WITH THIS CASE IS TO ENFORCE THE FEDERAL CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO DUE PROCESS AND THE RIGHT TO BE FREE FROM UNREASONABLE SEIZURES AND EXCESSIVE FINES, THUS DISMANTLING MUCH OF DETROIT'S CAR FORFEITURE SYSTEM.

NWAORIE V. U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION

ANTHONIA NWAORIE IS A REGISTERED NURSE AND AN AMERICAN CITIZEN WHO WAS

ON HER WAY TO NIGERIA IN OCTOBER 2017 WITH \$41,377 SHE HAD SAVED TO

OPEN A MEDICAL CLINIC. BUT AT HOUSTON'S GEORGE BUSH INTERCONTINENTAL

AIRPORT, U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION (CBP) AGENTS DISCOVERED HER

MONEY AND TOOK EVERY PENNY - EVEN THOUGH SHE OBTAINED THE MONEY LEGALLY

AND PLANNED TO USE IT LEGALLY. CBP STATED IT WOULD RETURN HER MONEY

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ONLY IF SHE SIGNED AN AGREEMENT WAIVING HER RIGHT TO INTEREST ON THE

SEIZED PROPERTY AND HER RIGHTS TO SUE CBP OVER ANYTHING RELATED TO THE

CONFISCATION OF HER MONEY. ANTHONIA TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO FILE A FEDERAL

CLASS ACTION LAWSUIT AGAINST CBP, AND WITHIN JUST ONE MONTH, SHE

RECEIVED HER MONEY BACK. YET, IJ FORGED AHEAD WITH THE LAWSUIT TO END

CBP'S UNCONSTITUTIONAL AND UNLAWFUL BEHAVIOR. IN AUGUST 2019, A

DISTRICT COURT DISMISSED THE CASE; IN APRIL 2023, THE U.S. COURT OF

APPEALS FOR THE 5TH CIRCUIT AFFIRMED THE DISMISSAL. NOW, IJ SEEKS

REHEARING IN ANTHONIA'S CASE TO ADDRESS THE INCORRECT FACTUAL AND LEGAL

BASIS OF THE DISMISSAL, AND TO ENSURE THAT THE RIGHTS OF ALL PROPERTY

OWNERS SUBJECTED TO CBP'S UNCONSTITUTIONAL PRACTICES ARE PROTECTED.

WOODS, ET AL. V. HARRIS COUNTY, ET AL.; STATE OF TEXAS V. \$41,680

POLICE IN TEXAS'S MOST POPULOUS COUNTY ROUTINELY ASK DRIVERS IF THEY

HAVE CASH IN THE CAR - ONLY TO SEIZE THE CASH, ACCUSE IT OF A CRIME,

AND DRIVE AWAY WITH IT IN THEIR PATROL CAR. AMEAL WOODS AND JORDAN

DAVIS GOT TRAPPED BY HARRIS COUNTY'S FORFEITURE RACKET AND WANT THEIR

LIFE SAVINGS BACK AFTER POLICE SEIZED \$41,680 MEANT FOR BUYING A USED

VEHICLE AND HELD IT WITHOUT NOTICE FOR TWO YEARS. HARRIS COUNTY HAS AN

UNCONSTITUTIONAL FINANCIAL INCENTIVE TO SEIZE AND FORFEIT CASH AND

OTHER PROPERTY WITHOUT PROBABLE CAUSE AND TO DO SO EXCESSIVELY,

SWEEPING IN INNOCENT PEOPLE AND PROPERTY. THAT IS WHY AMEAL AND JORDAN

HAVE TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO FILE A MAJOR CLASS-ACTION LAWSUIT CHALLENGING

THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF HARRIS COUNTY'S CIVIL FORFEITURE PROGRAM.

MEANWHILE, A TEXAS TRIAL COURT ALLOWED THE GOVERNMENT TO KEEP AMEAL AND

JORDAN'S MONEY, AND WE HAVE APPEALED.

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RICHARDSON, ET AL. V. \$20,771.00, ET AL.

IN JULY 2020, IJ INTERVENED ON BEHALF OF TRAVIS GREEN, A SOUTH CAROLINA

MAN FROM WHOM OFFICIALS AND PROSECUTORS SEIZED AND ATTEMPTED TO

PERMANENTLY TAKE MONEY. INITIALLY, AFTER HEARING ARGUMENTS FROM BOTH

SIDES, A JUDGE RULED THAT THE STATUTES PROSECUTORS TRIED TO USE TO

FORFEIT TRAVIS' MONEY VIOLATED DUE PROCESS RIGHTS AND AN INDIVIDUAL'S

RIGHT TO BE FREE FROM EXCESSIVE FINES. THE PROSECUTORS APPEALED THE

DECISION TO THE STATE SUPREME COURT, AND IJ PARTNERED WITH TRAVIS TO

DEFEND HIS VICTORY AND PROPERTY RIGHTS FOR SOUTH CAROLINIANS. IN

SEPTEMBER 2022, IN A STUNNING DECISION, THE SOUTH CAROLINA SUPREME

COURT UPHELD THE STATE'S CIVIL FORFEITURE LAWS, CLAIMING THAT ITS HANDS

ARE TIED, AND REFORM MUST COME FROM THE LEGISLATURE.

PAUL SNITKO, ET AL. V. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, ET AL.

USING CIVIL FORFEITURE, THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE SOUGHT TO

PERMANENTLY TAKE THE CONTENTS OF HUNDREDS OF SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES,

INCLUDING OVER \$85 MILLION IN CASH AND PRECIOUS METALS, JEWELRY, AND

OTHER VALUABLES WORTH MILLIONS MORE. BUT THE BOXES' OWNERS WERE NOT

ACCUSED OF ANY CRIME. IN MAY 2021, SEVERAL OF THOSE OWNERS JOINED WITH

IJ TO STOP THE GOVERNMENT'S FORFEITURE PLANS IN THEIR TRACKS. AFTER

GRANTING PRELIMINARY RELIEF HOLDING THAT THE GOVERNMENT VIOLATED THE

FOURTH AMENDMENT AND THE DUE PROCESS CLAUSE BY TRYING TO FORFEIT SEIZED

PROPERTY WITHOUT GIVING A REASON WHY, THE COURT IN OCTOBER 2021

CERTIFIED THE CASE AS A CLASS ACTION. NOW, IJ AND THE BOX OWNERS ARE

APPEALING A DISTRICT COURT DECISION ISSUED IN SEPTEMBER 2022 THAT SAID

THE SEARCH AND SEIZURE WAS CONSTITUTIONAL.

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MARTIN V. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION, ET AL.

LINDA MARTIN AND HER HUSBAND REGGIE WERE CAUGHT UP IN THE SAME DOJ RAID

OF SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES DESCRIBED ABOVE. AFTER THE FBI SEIZED THE MONEY

LINDA AND REGGIE WERE SAVING TO BUY A HOUSE, THEY AND HUNDREDS OF OTHER

BOX RENTERS RECEIVED FORFEITURE NOTICES TELLING THEM THE GOVERNMENT

WANTED TO TAKE THEIR PROPERTY FOREVER, EVEN THOUGH THEY WERE NOT NAMED

IN THE INDICTMENT AGAINST THE SAFE DEPOSIT BOX COMPANY. LINDA'S FORM

DID NOT SAY WHAT THE FBI THOUGHT LINDA HAD DONE WRONG, AND SHE HAS NOT

BEEN CHARGED WITH ANY CRIME. LINDA DID NOT REALIZE THAT BY SELECTING

THE FIRST OPTION ON THE CONFUSING FORM, "FILE A PETITION FOR

REMISSION," SHE WAS LEAVING IT COMPLETELY IN THE HANDS OF THE FBI

WHETHER TO RETURN ANY OF HER SAVINGS. SO, LINDA TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO

FILE A NATIONWIDE CLASS-ACTION LAWSUIT CHALLENGING THE FBI'S FORFEITURE

NOTICES. IF THE GOVERNMENT WANTS TO FORFEIT SOMEONE'S PROPERTY, IT

SHOULD TELL THEM WHAT IT THINKS THEY DID WRONG.

U.S. V. \$8,040

CRISTAL STARLING RUNS A MOBILE FOOD CART IN ROCHESTER, NEW YORK, TO

PROVIDE FOR HERSELF AND HER GRANDNEPHEW. BUT IN THE FALL OF 2020, THE

LOCAL POLICE RAIDED HER APARTMENT AND SEIZED \$8,040. POLICE ACCUSED

CRISTAL'S THEN-BOYFRIEND OF DEALING DRUGS, BUT HE WAS ACQUITTED BY A

JURY. THAT DIDN'T STOP LAW ENFORCEMENT FROM TRYING TO KEEP HER MONEY

PERMANENTLY THROUGH CIVIL FORFEITURE. UNABLE TO HIRE A LAWYER, CRISTAL

FOUGHT FOR HER MONEY AS BEST SHE COULD, BUT MISSED THE DEADLINE TO FILE

ONE REQUIRED PIECE OF PAPER. IN A NON-FORFEITURE CASE, THE COURT WOULD

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HAVE LET CRISTAL CONTINUE HER CASE. IJ HAS JOINED WITH CRISTAL TO

APPEAL A LOWER COURT'S DECISION THAT CRISTAL CANNOT CONTINUE

CHALLENGING THE FORFEITURE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA V. BRIAN MOORE, JR.

IN 2021, DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION (DEA) AGENTS SEIZED \$8,500 IN CASH FROM BRIAN MOORE AT ATLANTA'S AIRPORT WHILE HE WAS WAITING TO BOARD A FLIGHT. BRIAN SUED TO GET THE MONEY BACK AND, AFTER ABOUT A YEAR OF LITIGATION, THE GOVERNMENT EVENTUALLY RETURNED HIS MONEY. BUT THE FEDERAL COURT REFUSED TO ACKNOWLEDGE BRIAN'S VICTORY. AFTER THE COURT DISMISSED THE CASE, BRIAN ASKED FOR THE \$15,200 IN FEES THAT HIS ATTORNEYS HAD ACCRUED WHILE DEFENDING HIS PROPERTY FROM FORFEITURE. YET THE COURT RULED THAT BRIAN DID NOT REALLY WIN THE CASE - DESPITE GETTING HIS MONEY BACK AND GETTING THE ENTIRE CASE DISMISSED - BECAUSE THE GOVERNMENT HAD VOLUNTARILY ASKED FOR ITS CASE TO BE DISMISSED. NOW, BRIAN HAS TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO APPEAL HIS CASE TO THE 11TH U.S. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS. IT COSTS MONEY TO DEFEND YOUR PROPERTY AGAINST CIVIL FORFEITURE AND THOSE WHO SUCCESSFULLY FIGHT THE GOVERNMENT'S ATTEMPT TO TAKE THEIR PROPERTY DESERVE TO BE MADE WHOLE. IF THEY ARE NOT COMPENSATED FOR THE COST OF SUCCESSFULLY LITIGATING THEIR CASE, EVEN MORE PROPERTY OWNERS WILL SIMPLY GIVE UP RATHER THAN CONTEST THIS GOVERNMENT ABUSE.

SPARGER-WITHERS V. TAYLOR, ET AL.

UNLIKE EVERY OTHER STATE IN THE NATION, INDIANA OUTSOURCES CIVIL

FORFEITURE SUITS TO PRIVATE LAWYERS ON A CONTINGENCY-FEE BASIS. THE

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Schedule O (Form 990) 2022 **Employer identification number** Name of the organization 52-1744337 INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE MORE PROPERTY THE STATE FORFEITS, THE MORE MONEY THE LAWYERS POCKET. HUNDREDS OF THESE FOR-PROFIT CIVIL FORFEITURE CASES ARE FILED EACH YEAR. IN FALL 2021, IJ PUSHED BACK WITH A FEDERAL CLASS-ACTION LAWSUIT AGAINST ONE OF THE STATE'S MOST PROLIFIC CONTINGENCY-FEE PROSECUTORS. THE CLAIM IS AS SIMPLE AS IT IS IMPORTANT: UNDER BASIC DUE-PROCESS PRINCIPLES, PROSECUTORS CANNOT HAVE A PERSONAL FINANCIAL STAKE IN THE CASES THEY PROSECUTE. SUCH A SYSTEM DELEGITIMIZES THE JUSTICE SYSTEM AND SKEWS PROSECUTORIAL INCENTIVES. IT'S PAST TIME TO PUT AN END TO FOR-PROFIT PROSECUTIONS. IN SEPTEMBER 2022, A FEDERAL COURT ALLOWED THE LAWSUIT TO PROCEED AND AUTHORIZED THE CASE AS A CLASS ACTION. STATE OF INDIANA V. \$2,435 IN UNITED STATES CURRENCY, ET AL. MOST STATES, INCLUDING INDIANA, HAVE CONSTITUTIONAL PROVISIONS SECURING THE RIGHT TO JURY TRIALS IN CIVIL CASES. IN SEPTEMBER 2022, THE INDIANA COURT OF APPEALS HELD THAT THIS PROTECTION IN THE INDIANA CONSTITUTION DOESN'T APPLY WHEN THE GOVERNMENT BRINGS CIVIL FORFEITURE ACTIONS. THIS RULING DEPRIVES INDIVIDUALS STATEWIDE OF VITAL CONSTITUTIONAL PROTECTION IN THE PROCESS. IN NOVEMBER 2022, IJ PETITIONED THE INDIANA SUPREME COURT TO TAKE THE CASE AND CONFIRM WHAT SHOULD ALREADY BE OBVIOUS: WHEN THE GOVERNMENT SUES TO FORFEIT YOUR PROPERTY, YOU'RE ENTITLED TO MAKE YOUR CASE TO A JURY. PLATT V. MOORE, ET AL.

ARIZONA'S FORFEITURE LAWS ARE SO COMPLICATED THAT EVEN LAWYERS OFTEN STRUGGLE TO UNDERSTAND THEM - LET ALONE THE AVERAGE PERSON. TWO VICTIMS OF THIS MAZE ARE TERRY AND RIA PLATT, AN ELDERLY COUPLE WHO HAD THEIR

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CAR SEIZED AFTER POLICE PULLED OVER THEIR SON, WHO DID NOT OWN THE CAR,
FOR A WINDOW TINT VIOLATION. THE POLICE FOUND CASH AND A SMALL AMOUNT
OF PERSONAL USE MARIJUANA, BOTH OF WHICH THE SON SAID WERE HIS.

PROSECUTORS TRIED TO IGNORE THE LAW AND FORFEIT THE CAR. WHEN THE

PLATTS TRIED TO GET THEIR CAR BACK, THE GOVERNMENT DENIED THEM THEIR

DAY IN COURT USING A LOOPHOLE IN ARIZONA'S "UNCONTESTED" FORFEITURE

SYSTEM. SHORTLY AFTER IJ GOT INVOLVED, THE PROSECUTORS RETURNED THE

CAR, AND THE CASE MOTIVATED SOME REFORMS OF ARIZONA FORFEITURE LAW. BUT

ARIZONA STILL ALLOWS "UNCONTESTED FORFEITURES." A FEDERAL APPELLATE

COURT REINSTATED THE PLATTS' LONG-RUNNING CONSTITUTIONAL CHALLENGE

AGAINST FORFEITURE ABUSE IN ARIZONA, BUT IN JUNE 2023, THE STATE

SUPERIOR COURT RULED AGAINST IJ'S ARGUMENT THAT THE PLATTS'

CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS WERE VIOLATED.

DAVID AND AMY CARSON V. COMMISSIONER OF THE MAINE DEPARTMENT OF
EDUCATION

OUR LAWSUIT ON BEHALF OF THE CARSON FAMILY WAS IJ'S VEHICLE TO CLOSE A
LOOPHOLE IN OUR 2020 U.S. SUPREME COURT VICTORY IN ESPINOZA V. MONTANA,
IN WHICH THE COURT DECLARED STATES COULD NOT EXCLUDE SCHOOLS FROM
PARTICIPATING IN AN EDUCATIONAL CHOICE PROGRAM DUE TO THEIR RELIGIOUS
STATUS. MAINE HAD BEEN PROVIDING TUITION FUNDS TO FAMILIES IN AREAS
WITHOUT PUBLIC SCHOOLS SO THAT THE FAMILIES COULD ATTEND THE PRIVATE
SCHOOL OF THEIR CHOICE, EXCEPT RELIGIOUS PRIVATE SCHOOLS. SEIZING ON A
GREY AREA IN THE ESPINOZA OPINION, THE STATE OF MAINE INSISTED ITS
TUITIONING PROGRAM DIDN'T REJECT RELIGIOUS SCHOOLS BECAUSE OF THEIR
RELIGIOUS STATUS, BUT BECAUSE PUBLIC FUNDS COULD BE PUT TO RELIGIOUS
USE, A SUPPOSEDLY ACCEPTABLE FORM OF DISCRIMINATION. IJ AND OUR CLIENTS

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STATE OF MAINE \$800,000 IN ATTORNEYS' FEES.

ARGUED OTHERWISE: A STATE MUST REMAIN NEUTRAL WITH REGARD TO RELIGION. IN A 6-3 VICTORY IN JUNE 2022, THE JUSTICES HELD THAT MAINE'S REFUSAL TO LET FAMILIES SPEND EDUCATION BENEFITS AT SCHOOLS THAT OFFER RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION VIOLATED THE CONSTITUTION. IJ RECEIVED FROM THE

MICHAEL AND NANCY VALENTE ET AL. V. VERMONT AGENCY OF EDUCATION ET AL.

SINCE 1869, VERMONT HAS GIVEN PARENTS A CHOICE: IF THEIR LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT DOES NOT PROVIDE INSTRUCTION FOR THEIR CHILD'S GRADE-LEVEL, THEN THE STATE GIVES PARENTS A STIPEND TO SPEND AT ANY SCHOOL, PUBLIC OR PRIVATE, EXCEPT PRIVATE RELIGIOUS SCHOOLS. DESPITE IJ'S VICTORY IN ESPINOZA V. MONTANA IN JUNE 2020, WHICH CONFIRMED THAT THE CONSTITUTION OUTLAWS RELIGIOUS STATUS-BASED DISCRIMINATION, VERMONT CONTINUED TO EXCLUDE PRIVATE RELIGIOUS SCHOOLS FROM ITS TUITIONING PROGRAM. THUS, THREE VERMONT FAMILIES TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO FILE A LAWSUIT. LITIGATION IN VERMONT WAS STAYED PENDING THE OUTCOME OF CARSON - WHICH ADDRESSED THE SAME LEGAL ISSUE - AT THE U.S. SUPREME COURT. IN FEBRUARY 2023, A FEDERAL JUDGE APPROVED A SETTLEMENT THAT ENDED THE LAWSUIT, GUARANTEEING VERMONT PARENTS WHO QUALIFY FOR TUITION BENEFITS CAN SPEND THOSE BENEFITS ON THE PRIVATE SCHOOL OF THEIR CHOICE, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE SCHOOL IS RELIGIOUS. THE CLIENTS ALL RECEIVED THE TUITION BENEFITS FOR THE YEARS THAT THEY HAD BEEN DENIED. IJ RECEIVED FROM THE STATE OF VERMONT \$54,369.40 IN ATTORNEYS' FEES, AND RECEIVED FROM THE VERMONT SCHOOL BOARD INSURANCE TRUST \$110,000 IN ATTORNEYS' FEES.

KELLY, ET AL., V. STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, ET AL.

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PASSED INTO LAW IN 2013, THE OPPORTUNITY SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM (OSP)

PROVIDES SCHOLARSHIPS TO OVER 12,000 K-12 STUDENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA

WHO USE THE PROGRAM TO ATTEND PARTICIPATING SCHOOLS. THE OSP FACED A

CONSTITUTIONAL CHALLENGE FOR THE SECOND TIME. ALONG WITH A COALITION OF

NORTH CAROLINA PARENTS, IJ FOUGHT TO SECURE THE OPPORTUNITIES THE OSP

HAS BROUGHT FOR THOSE WHO RELY ON THE PROGRAM. IN APRIL 2023, THE

PLAINTIFFS CHALLENGING THE PROGRAM DISMISSED THEIR LAWSUIT, ENSURING

THAT CHILDREN CAN ACCESS THE BEST OPPORTUNITIES TO EDUCATION IN NORTH

CAROLINA.

METRO. GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY, ET AL., V.
TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, ET AL.

IN MAY 2019, TENNESSEE ENACTED THE TENNESSEE EDUCATION SAVINGS ACCOUNT
PILOT PROGRAM ACT, WHICH PROVIDES SCHOLARSHIPS WORTH UP TO \$7,300 TO

FAMILIES FROM SHELBY COUNTY AND METRO NASHVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICTS TO

SEND THEIR CHILDREN TO PRIVATE SCHOOLS. IJ IS INTERVENING ON BEHALF OF

TWO PARENTS TO DEFEND THE PROGRAM FROM A LAWSUIT CHALLENGING ITS

CONSTITUTIONALITY. IJ AND OUR CLIENTS APPEALED OUR LOSS AT CHANCERY

COURT TO THE TENNESSEE SUPREME COURT, AND WE RE-ARGUED THE APPEAL IN

FEBRUARY 2022 AFTER THE UNEXPECTED DEATH OF A JUSTICE. IN MAY 2022, THE

JUSTICES RULED IN OUR FAVOR AND DIRECTED THE LOWER COURT TO REOPEN THE

CASE AND CONSIDER THE REMAINING CLAIMS THAT WERE NOT ANALYZED IN THE

INITIAL RULING AGAINST IJ. IN NOVEMBER 2022, THE CHANCERY COURT FOR

DAVIDSON COUNTY DISMISSED ALL LEGAL CLAIMS RAISED IN TWO LAWSUITS

CHALLENGING THE PROGRAM.

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COUNCIL FOR BETTER EDUCATION, INC., ET AL. V. KENTUCKY FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION CABINET, ET AL.

IN JUNE 2021, IJ INTERVENED IN A KENTUCKY LAWSUIT IN ORDER TO PROTECT

THE STATE'S NEW EDUCATIONAL CHOICE PROGRAM, THE EDUCATION OPPORTUNITY

ACCOUNT PROGRAM. THE PROGRAM GIVES THOUSANDS OF LOW- AND MIDDLE-INCOME

FAMILIES IN KENTUCKY INCREASED EDUCATIONAL FREEDOM AND IS FUNDED

ENTIRELY BY PRIVATE DONATIONS. BUT A GROUP REPRESENTING KENTUCKY PUBLIC

SCHOOL DISTRICTS FILED A LAWSUIT CHALLENGING THE PROGRAM'S

CONSTITUTIONALITY. IN OCTOBER 2021, A TRIAL COURT JUDGE RULED THE

PROGRAM UNCONSTITUTIONAL ON TWO GROUNDS. THE KENTUCKY SUPREME COURT

ACCEPTED OUR APPEAL, BUT SIDED WITH OPPONENTS OF THE PROGRAM, AND

DECLARED THE PROGRAM UNCONSTITUTIONAL IN DECEMBER 2022.

COLUMBUS CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT ET AL. VS. OHIO ET AL.

IN JANUARY 2022, A GROUP REPRESENTING FIVE PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICTS

FILED A LEGAL CHALLENGE TO STRIKE DOWN TWO OF OHIO'S EIGHT PRIVATE

SCHOOL CHOICE PROGRAMS. THIS CASE INVOLVES A FLURRY OF ALLEGATIONS,

LIKE THAT THE PROGRAMS UNCONSTITUTIONALLY DIVERT MONEY FROM THE STATE'S

PUBLIC SCHOOLS TO PRIVATE SCHOOLS. THE MOST UNIQUE CLAIM IS AN

ACCUSATION THAT OHIO'S VOUCHER PROGRAMS RESULT IN SEGREGATED PUBLIC

SCHOOLS: SINCE AN ALLEGEDLY DISPROPORTIONATE PERCENTAGE OF NON-MINORITY

STUDENTS USE THE PROGRAM, THE PERCENTAGE OF MINORITY STUDENTS IN SOME

PUBLIC SCHOOL DISTRICTS HAS INCREASED. THEIR COMPLAINT DISREGARDS THE

INTERESTS OF THOUSANDS OF HARDWORKING FAMILIES (LIKE OUR CLIENTS) OF

ALL RACES WHO FOR YEARS HAVE DEPENDED ON THIS PROGRAM TO ACCESS SCHOOLS

THEY WOULD OTHERWISE BE UNABLE TO AFFORD. IN JANUARY 2022, IJ TEAMED UP

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WITH FIVE OHIO FAMILIES TO DEFEND THE OPPORTUNITIES OHIO'S CHOICE PROGRAMS OFFER.

HOWES V. EDELBLUT, ET AL.

IN JUNE 2021, NEW HAMPSHIRE ENACTED THE EDUCATION FREEDOM ACCOUNT (EFA)

PROGRAM, PROVIDING GRANITE STATE FAMILIES WITH EDUCATIONAL CHOICE. BUT

WHILE PARENTS COUNT ON THE PROGRAM TO HELP THEM EDUCATE THEIR CHILDREN,

OPPONENTS THINK THOSE PARENTS - EVEN PARENTS WHO CANNOT AFFORD OTHER

OPTIONS - SHOULD ONLY BE ABLE TO SEND THEIR CHILDREN TO PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

TO THAT END, THE HEAD OF THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF TEACHERS IN NEW

HAMPSHIRE FILED A LAWSUIT AGAINST THE PROGRAM. IF THE EFA PROGRAM'S

OPPONENTS SUCCEED, THEY WILL DEPRIVE LOW-INCOME FAMILIES OF THE

OPPORTUNITY TO SEND THEIR CHILDREN TO SCHOOLS THAT BETTER MEET THEIR

NEEDS. IJ IS DEFENDING THE PROGRAM ON BEHALF OF THREE PARENTS WHOSE

CHILDREN ARE ELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE EFAS UNDER THE PROGRAM.

ALEXANDER, ET AL. V. ACTING COMMISSIONER HEIDI TESHNER

AS A SPARSELY POPULATED STATE, ALASKA FACES UNIQUE CHALLENGES IN

ENSURING THAT ALL CHILDREN CAN RECEIVE AN EDUCATION. TO ADDRESS THIS

CONCERN, THE STATE CREATED "CORRESPONDENCE PROGRAMS," IN WHICH A

STUDENT'S PUBLIC SCHOOL USES THE POST OFFICE OR FLOAT PLANES TO DELIVER

LESSONS TO STUDENTS ACROSS THE STATE AND THEN PICKS UP AND GRADES

ASSIGNMENTS. IN JANUARY 2023, A LAWSUIT WAS FILED CHALLENGING THE

CORRESPONDENCE PROGRAM. A GROUP OF ALASKA FAMILIES WHO BENEFIT FROM THE

PROGRAM TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO DEFEND IT AGAINST THIS LAWSUIT, BECAUSE

ALL PARENTS SHOULD BE ABLE TO DIRECT THEIR CHILD'S EDUCATION.

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REGULUS BOOKS, LLC, V. CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE AND DIVERS; HART V.

COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE

THE CITY OF CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA, AND ALBEMARLE COUNTY, VIRGINIA, DECIDED TO REQUIRE A BUSINESS LICENSE TO WRITE NOVELS, AND THEY ASSESSED THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS IN BACK TAXES AGAINST SOME OF THEIR HARDWORKING FREELANCE WRITERS, WHILE EXEMPTING NEWSPAPERS, MAGAZINES, RADIO, AND TELEVISION. CHARLOTTESVILLE'S MONEY-GRAB IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL, SO BESTSELLING NOVELISTS CORBAN ADDISON AND JOHN HART TEAMED UP WITH IJ IN JULY 2019 TO FILE LAWSUITS AGAINST THE CITY AND COUNTY ASKING FOR REFUNDS OF THEIR BUSINESS LICENSE TAXES AND CHALLENGING THE TAXES' CONSTITUTIONALITY UNDER THE FIRST AND 14TH AMENDMENTS. IN JUNE 2022, THE VIRGINIA SUPREME COURT UPHELD A LOWER COURT'S DECISION THAT DISMANTLED THE TAX LEVIED BY THE CITY. AS A RESULT, CORBAN WILL RECEIVE A TAX REFUND AND WILL NO LONGER BE SUBJECT TO THE BUSINESS LICENSE TAX. AFTER THE VIRGINIA SUPREME COURT DECISION, ALBEMARLE COUNTY RETURNED JOHN HART'S IMPROPER TAXES. IJ RECEIVED FROM THE COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA, \$217.00 IN ATTORNEYS' FEES AND RECEIVED FROM TAXING AUTHORITY CONSULTING SERVICES \$1,015.70 IN ATTORNEYS' FEES.

MILLS AND SOUTHWEST ENGINEERING CONCEPTS, LLC V. ARIZONA BOARD OF
TECHNICAL REGISTRATION, ET AL.

FOR 12 YEARS, GREG MILLS HAS RUN AN ARIZONA ENGINEERING FIRM. LIKE 80%

OF AMERICAN ENGINEERS, HE DOES NOT HAVE AN ENGINEER'S LICENSE, WHICH IS

NOT LEGALLY REQUIRED FOR THE PROJECTS THAT HE WORKS ON. BUT IN MAY

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2019, THE ARIZONA BOARD OF TECHNICAL REGISTRATION THREATENED TO SHUT

DOWN GREG'S COMPANY AND FINE HIM BECAUSE HE DOES NOT HAVE A

STATE-ISSUED LICENSE, WHICH THE BOARD'S RULES SAY HE WOULD NOT NEED IF

HE WORKED AT A MANUFACTURING COMPANY. GREG PARTNERED WITH IJ SO THAT HE

AND OTHER ARIZONA ENGINEERS CAN DO THE WORK THEY ARE QUALIFIED TO DO

WITHOUT UNCONSTITUTIONAL INTERFERENCE FROM THE BOARD. IN MAY 2020, THE

MARICOPA COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT RULED THAT GREG COULD NOT SUE TO PROTECT

HIS RIGHTS UNTIL THE BOARD FINISHED ITS ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESS AGAINST

HIM. WE APPEALED, AND IN A UNANIMOUS DECISION, THE ARIZONA SUPREME

COURT RULED THAT GREG CAN SUE THE BOARD OF TECHNICAL REGISTRATION TO

PROTECT HIS CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO CALL HIMSELF AN ENGINEER AND

CONTINUE HIS ENGINEERING CAREER. GREG IS GOING BACK TO MARICOPA COUNTY

SUPERIOR COURT TO ARGUE THAT THE BOARD'S BAN ON CALLING HIMSELF AN

ENGINEER OR OFFERING HIS ENGINEERING SERVICES TO CLIENTS, VIOLATES HIS

CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS, AS WELL AS OTHERS LIKE HIM.

HINES V. TEXAS STATE BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICAL EXAMINERS, ET AL.

DR. RON HINES IS A RETIRED AND PHYSICALLY DISABLED LICENSED

VETERINARIAN IN TEXAS. FROM 2002 TO 2012, HE GAVE PET OWNERS AROUND THE

COUNTRY VETERINARY ADVICE ONLINE, MOSTLY TO THOSE WHO LACKED ACCESS TO

VETERINARIANS AND OFTEN FOR FREE. THE TEXAS STATE BOARD OF VETERINARY

MEDICAL EXAMINERS SHUT RON DOWN, SUSPENDED HIS LICENSE, AND FINED HIM.

RON AND IJ FILED A FEDERAL LAWSUIT TO VINDICATE HIS FIRST AMENDMENT

RIGHT TO FREE SPEECH, BUT AN APPEALS COURT RULED THAT RON'S SPEECH

WASN'T PROTECTED BECAUSE HE WAS SPEAKING AS PART OF A LICENSED

OCCUPATION. SINCE THEN, THE U.S. SUPREME COURT HAS ADOPTED IJ'S

ARGUMENTS ON THIS TYPE OF SPEECH AND AFFIRMED THAT THE FIRST AMENDMENT

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PROTECTS IT, SO RON AND IJ FILED A NEW LAWSUIT TO VINDICATE HIS RIGHT

TO GIVE VETERINARY ADVICE TO PET OWNERS. IN DECEMBER 2020, THE U.S.

COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE 5TH CIRCUIT HELD THAT RESTRICTING DR. HINES'

ONLINE PET ADVICE IMPLICATED HIS FIRST AMENDMENT RIGHTS. THE APPELLATE

DECISION WILL PROTECT SPEAKERS THROUGHOUT TEXAS. THE CASE CONTINUES IN

THE DISTRICT COURT, WHICH RULED IN DECEMBER 2021 THAT TEXAS MUST

SATISFY THE CONSTITUTION'S MOST DEMANDING FREE SPEECH STANDARD.

UPSOLVE, INC., ET AL. V. JAMES

UPSOLVE BEGAN BY OFFERING A FREE APP TO WALK PEOPLE THROUGH CHAPTER 7

BANKRUPTCY - AN AWARD-WINNING INNOVATION THAT HAS NOW HELPED RELIEVE

HUNDREDS OF MILLIONS OF DOLLARS IN DEBT. UPSOLVE'S NEXT PROJECT, THE

AMERICAN JUSTICE MOVEMENT, WAS DESIGNED TO TRAIN VOLUNTEERS, LIKE

REVEREND JOHN UDO-OKON, TO GIVE BASIC LEGAL ADVICE PEOPLE NEED TO

DEFEND THEMSELVES AGAINST DEBT-COLLECTION SUITS THAT PLAGUE SO MANY NEW

YORKERS. THE SORT OF ADVICE CONTEMPLATED BY UPSOLVE'S NEW PROJECT IS A

CRIME AND COULD JAIL REVEREND JOHN FOR UP TO FOUR YEARS FOR ENGAGING IN

THE "UNAUTHORIZED PRACTICE OF LAW." THAT IS WHY REVEREND JOHN AND

UPSOLVE HAVE JOINED WITH IJ TO CHALLENGE NEW YORK'S PROHIBITION ON

LEGAL ADVICE FROM PEOPLE WHO ARE NOT LAWYERS UNDER THE FIRST AMENDMENT.

IT CANNOT BE A CRIME SIMPLY TO GIVE SOMEONE ADVICE.

YOUNG, ET AL. V. TOWN OF CONWAY, NEW HAMPSHIRE

HAMPSHIRE, FOR OVER 45 YEARS. THE BAKERY'S OWNER, SEAN YOUNG, ALLOWED A
GROUP OF LOCAL HIGH SCHOOL ART STUDENTS TO PAINT OVER THE BLANK FAADE

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ABOVE ITS FRONT DOOR. THE RESULT WAS A WHIMSICAL DEPICTION OF A SUNNY

NEW ENGLAND MOUNTAIN LANDSCAPE MADE ENTIRELY OF BAKED GOODS. BUT THE

TOWN'S ZONING OFFICIALS INSIST THE MURAL MUST COME DOWN - INSISTING THE

MURAL IS NO MURAL AT ALL - RATHER, IT IS A SIGN LARGER THAN WHAT THE

TOWN'S SIGN CODE ALLOWS. GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS DON'T GET TO TELL PEOPLE,

INCLUDING ENTREPRENEURS AND BUSINESSES, WHAT THEY CAN AND CAN'T PAINT.

TO PROTECT HIS RIGHTS, SEAN HAS TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO FILE A FEDERAL

LAWSUIT CHALLENGING CONWAY'S UNCONSTITUTIONAL SIGN CODE.

PRZYBOCKI, ET AL. V. U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE, ET AL.

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MICHELLE PRZYBOCKI AND ENTREPRENEUR KETAN VAKIL SUFFER FROM DIGESTIVE

ISSUES. WHEN KETAN SAW HOW DIFFICULT IT WAS TO DETERMINE WHICH FOODS

WERE LOW FODMAP (AN ACRONYM FOR DIFFICULT-TO-DIGEST SUGARS), HE STARTED

A BUSINESS TO PROVIDE LOW-FODMAP FOODS TO INDIVIDUALS WITH DIGESTIVE

ISSUES. BUT THEN THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE (USDA) INFORMED HIM

THAT A FEDERAL LAW BANNED PROVIDING THIS INFORMATION ON FOOD LABELS 
NOT BECAUSE SUCH LABELING WOULD BE FALSE, BUT MERELY BECAUSE IT IS NOT

INCLUDED ON THE GOVERNMENT'S LIST OF PREAPPROVED "NUTRIENT CONTENT

CLAIMS." MICHELLE AND KETAN HAVE JOINED WITH IJ TO FILE A FIRST

AMENDMENT LAWSUIT IN FEDERAL COURT CHALLENGING THE USDA'S CENSORSHIP OF

LOW-FODMAP LABELS. VICTORY WILL MEAN THAT TENS OF MILLIONS OF AMERICANS

WILL FINALLY BE ABLE TO IDENTIFY WHICH FOODS WILL HELP THEM AVOID

DEBILITATING PAIN, AND IT WILL REMIND THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT THAT

CENSORSHIP HURTS CONSUMERS AND IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

DEL CASTILLO V. FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

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IN 2014, HEATHER DEL CASTILLO STARTED A BUSINESS PROVIDING PERSONALIZED HEALTH COACHING. SHE NEVER CLAIMED TO BE A LICENSED NUTRITIONIST OR DIETITIAN, BUT THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH ORDERED HER TO CEASE PROVIDING NUTRITIONAL ADVICE AND DEMANDED THAT SHE PAY OVER \$750 IN FINES. HEATHER COULD NOT AFFORD TO SPEND YEARS AND THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS GETTING THE DEGREE TO BECOME A LICENSED DIETICIAN, SO SHE SHUT HER BUSINESS DOWN. THESE SORTS OF OCCUPATIONAL LICENSING LAWS PROTECT THE ECONOMIC INTERESTS OF LICENSE HOLDERS BY CENSORING WHAT OTHERS CAN SAY AND HEAR. HEATHER AND IJ FILED A FEDERAL LAWSUIT CHALLENGING FLORIDA'S UNCONSTITUTIONAL RESTRICTION ON GIVING DIETARY ADVICE. UNFORTUNATELY, IN JULY 2019, A FEDERAL DISTRICT UPHELD THE LICENSING REQUIREMENT ON THE BASIS THAT HEATHER'S ADVICE WAS "CONDUCT" NOT "SPEECH" AND THEREFORE EXEMPT FROM FIRST AMENDMENT PROTECTIONS. WE APPEALED THE DECISION TO THE U.S. COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE 11TH CIRCUIT, WHICH UPHELD THE LOWER COURT'S DECISION IN FEBRUARY 2022, AND IN DECEMBER 2022, THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES DECLINED OUR PETITION FOR REVIEW.

SYLVIA GONZALEZ V. CITY OF CASTLE HILLS, TEXAS

SYLVIA GONZALEZ, A RETIRED RESIDENT OF CASTLE HILLS, TEXAS, RAN FOR

LOCAL OFFICE IN 2019 AND DEFEATED A WELL-CONNECTED AND POWERFUL

INCUMBENT AFTER KNOCKING ON MORE THAN 500 DOORS AND TALKING WITH

HUNDREDS OF RESIDENTS. SYLVIA HELPED ORGANIZE A NON-BINDING PETITION

CALLING FOR THE REMOVAL OF THE CASTLE HILLS CITY MANAGER. INCENSED BY

THE CRITICISM, CITY OFFICIALS RETALIATED WITH A CAMPAIGN OF HARASSMENT

THAT CULMINATED IN SYLVIA BEING ARRESTED AND SPENDING A DAY IN JAIL,

ACCUSED OF STEALING HER OWN PETITION. IN SEPTEMBER 2020, SYLVIA TEAMED

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UP WITH IJ TO HOLD ACCOUNTABLE THE CITY OFFICIALS WHO VIOLATED HER CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS. CITY OFFICIALS CLAIMED THEY COULD NOT BE SUED BECAUSE OF QUALIFIED IMMUNITY. IN MARCH 2021, A FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT JUDGE DENIED THE OFFICIALS IMMUNITY, RULING THAT THROWING SOMEONE IN JAIL FOR EXERCISING THEIR RIGHT TO FREE SPEECH IS A CLEARLY ESTABLISHED VIOLATION OF THE FIRST AMENDMENT. CITY OFFICIALS APPEALED THE RULING, AND THE 5TH CIRCUIT HELD THAT THE OFFICIALS WERE ENTITLED TO IMMUNITY. IJ FILED A PETITION FOR CERTIORARI WITH THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT ON BEHALF OF SYLVIA IN APRIL 2023, AND WE AWAIT A DECISION.

ERICA BREWER AND ZACHARY MALLORY V. TOWN OF EAGLE ET AL.; ANNALYSE AND JOSEPH VICTOR V. TOWN OF EAGLE ET AL.

IJ REPRESENTS ANNALYSE AND JOSEPH VICTOR IN ONE LAWSUIT AND ERICA BREWER AND ZACH MALLORY IN ANOTHER AGAINST THE TOWN OF EAGLE, WISCONSIN. THE TOWN IMPOSED \$87,900 IN FINES AND FEES ON ANNALYSE AND JOSEPH VICTOR FOR A VARIETY OF VIOLATIONS RELATED TO A FEW TRUCKS THAT WERE PARKED ON THEIR NEARLY 10 ACRES OF RURAL PROPERTY. SIMILARLY, THE TOWN TARGETED ERICA AND ZACH AFTER ERICA SPOKE IN SUPPORT OF A NEIGHBOR AT A TOWN MEETING. SOON, THE TOWN THREATENED THEM WITH \$20,000 IN FINES AND FEES FOR VIOLATIONS LIKE AN UNPERMITTED FLOWER PLANTER, TALL GRASS, AND THE LOCATION OF A BARN THAT WAS ON THE PROPERTY WHEN THEY PURCHASED THE LAND. LOCAL GOVERNMENTS CANNOT LEVY DISPROPORTIONATE FINES TO RAISE MONEY OR TARGET PEOPLE AS RETALIATION, SO WE ARE FIGHTING IN COURT TO STOP THIS ABUSE. IN AUGUST 2021, A COURT GRANTED OUR REQUEST FOR A PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION PROTECTING ERICA AND ZACH FROM CONTINUED HARASSMENT BY THE TOWN WHILE THEY SEEK TO VINDICATE THEIR CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS. AFTER A COURT DENIED OUR MOTION TO VACATE THE

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FINES AGAINST THE VICTORS, IJ AND THE VICTORS APPEALED AND ULTIMATELY

REACHED A SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE TOWN. THE CASE ON BEHALF OF

ERICA BREWER AND ZACH MALLORY CONTINUES IN THE TRIAL COURT.

PULLIAM V. COUNTY OF FORT BEND, TEXAS, ET AL.

THIS FEDERAL LAWSUIT SEEKS TO VINDICATE THE FREE-SPEECH RIGHTS OF

JUSTIN PULLIAM, A CITIZEN JOURNALIST WHO WAS EXCLUDED FROM A POLICE

PRESS CONFERENCE AND ARRESTED FOR FILMING A POLICE ENCOUNTER WITH A

MENTALLY ILL MAN. AS PART OF HIS PROJECT TO INSTILL MORE ACCOUNTABILITY

AND TRANSPARENCY INTO THE ACTIONS OF PUBLIC OFFICIALS, JUSTIN TRACKS

CALLS ON A SCANNER AND DRIVES TO THE SCENE TO DOCUMENT LAW ENFORCEMENT

RESPONSES. THE FORT BEND COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE BEGAN TO SINGLE JUSTIN

OUT AND INTIMIDATE HIM, AND AUTHORITIES ARE NOW PROSECUTING HIM FOR

INTERFERING WITH POLICE DUTIES, EVEN THOUGH HE DID NOT INTERFERE WITH

THE OFFICERS IN ANY WAY. NOW, JUSTIN AND IJ ARE FIGHTING BACK AGAINST

THE FORT BEND DEPUTIES' UNLAWFUL BEHAVIOR. HE HAS FILED A FEDERAL

LAWSUIT TO PROTECT HIS FIRST AND 14TH AMENDMENT RIGHTS AND TO ENSURE

THE CONSTITUTIONAL ACCOUNTABILITY OF GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS WHO VIOLATE

THEM.

WILLIAM FAMBROUGH V. EAST CLEVELAND ET AL.

IN 2021, WILLIAM FAMBROUGH USED HIS VAN - OUTFITTED AS A SOUND TRUCK

WITH A CANDIDATE POSTER - TO CAMPAIGN FOR A CHALLENGER TO THE INCUMBENT

MAYOR OF EAST CLEVELAND. RATHER THAN RESPECT WILLIAM'S FIRST AMENDMENT

RIGHTS, THE CITY GOVERNMENT RETALIATED AGAINST HIM. POLICE OFFICERS

REPEATEDLY SHOWED UP AT WILLIAM'S HOME, FINED HIM, AND TOWED HIS VAN.

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AND THEY CITED WILLIAM FOR "NOISE POLLUTION," DESPITE HIS OBTAINING A

PERMIT TO BROADCAST CAMPAIGN MESSAGES FROM HIS VAN. WILLIAM AND IJ ARE

FIGHTING BACK WITH A LAWSUIT AGAINST EAST CLEVELAND SO THAT OTHER

CITIES DO NOT USE THEIR CODES OR ORDINANCES AS PRETEXTS TO VIOLATE

THEIR RESIDENTS' FREE SPEECH RIGHTS.

NOVAK V. CITY OF PARMA, OHIO

ANTHONY NOVAK DECIDED TO CREATE A FACEBOOK PAGE PARODYING THE PARMA

POLICE DEPARTMENT'S PAGE. THE PARMA POLICE DEPARTMENT DID NOT

APPRECIATE ANTHONY'S CRITICISM; POLICE OBTAINED A WARRANT FOR HIS

ARREST, SEARCHED HIS APARTMENT, SEIZED HIS ELECTRONICS, AND CHARGED HIM

WITH A FELONY UNDER AN OHIO LAW THAT CRIMINALIZES USING A COMPUTER TO

"DISRUPT" "POLICE OPERATIONS." ANTHONY SPENT FOUR DAYS IN JAIL BUT WAS

EVENTUALLY FOUND NOT GUILTY IN A JURY TRIAL. WHEN ANTHONY TRIED TO

VINDICATE HIS RIGHTS BY FILING A CIVIL RIGHTS LAWSUIT, THE COURTS

REFUSED TO HOLD THE POLICE OFFICERS ACCOUNTABLE FOR VIOLATING ANTHONY'S

FIRST AND FOURTH AMENDMENT RIGHTS. IF THE POLICE CAN USE THEIR

AUTHORITY TO ARREST THEIR CRITICS WITHOUT CONSEQUENCE, EVERYONE'S

RIGHTS ARE AT RISK. WITH THE HELP OF IJ, ANTHONY ASKED THE SUPREME

COURT TO TAKE UP HIS CASE, BUT UNFORTUNATELY, THE COURT DECLINED TO

WAYLON BAILEY V. ILES

TI'S NOT A CRIME TO MAKE A JOKE ON THE INTERNET. BUT WHEN WAYLON BAILEY

POSTED AN INNOCUOUS JOKE ON FACEBOOK COMPARING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC TO

A ZOMBIE APOCALYPSE, HE LEARNED THE HARD WAY OVERZEALOUS LOCAL

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OFFICIALS DON'T ALWAYS HONOR THAT CONSTITUTIONAL GUARANTEE. THOUGH THE

POST WAS CLEARLY SATIRICAL, THE SHERIFF'S OFFICE STORMED UPON WAYLON'S

HOUSE WITH GUNS DRAWN, ARRESTED WAYLON, AND TOOK HIM TO JAIL. EVEN

THOUGH ARRESTING WAYLON TRAMPLED HIS FREE SPEECH RIGHTS, THE COURTS

HAVE REFUSED TO HOLD THE SHERIFF'S OFFICE ACCOUNTABLE AND GRANTED THE

SHERIFFS QUALIFIED IMMUNITY. NOW, WAYLON HAS TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO

APPEAL THIS DECISION. IF WAYLON'S CASUAL ONLINE JOKING CAN RESULT IN AN

ARREST, THEN NOBODY'S ONLINE SPEECH IS SAFE.

#### GIBSON V. GOLDSTON

DURING DIVORCE PROCEEDINGS BETWEEN MATTHEW GIBSON AND HIS EX-WIFE, THE

JUDGE IN THE CASE, RALEIGH COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA, FAMILY-COURT JUDGE

LOUISE GOLDSTON, PERSONALLY FORCED HER WAY INTO MATTHEW'S HOME TO

SEARCH FOR ITEMS THAT WERE IN DISPUTE. GOLDSTON WAS ULTIMATELY CENSURED

AND FINED BY THE WEST VIRGINIA HIGH COURT FOR VIOLATING THE STATE'S

CODE OF JUDICIAL CONDUCT. WHEN MATTHEW SUED FOR THESE EGREGIOUS

VIOLATIONS OF HIS PRIVACY AND FREE SPEECH RIGHTS, GOLDSTON ARGUED THAT

SHE WAS NOT LIABLE BY INVOKING A COURT-MADE DOCTRINE CALLED JUDICIAL

IMMUNITY. BUT JUDICIAL IMMUNITY IS RESERVED FOR JUDICIAL ACTIONS, AND

SEARCHING SOMEONE'S HOME IS NOT A JUDICIAL ACT. THE TRIAL COURT

CORRECTLY RECOGNIZED THIS PRINCIPLE AND DENIED GOLDSTON JUDICIAL

IMMUNITY FOR HER ACTIONS. NONETHELESS, GOLDSTON IS NOW APPEALING THAT

DECISION TO THE 4TH U.S. CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS. ON APPEAL, MATTHEW

IS TEAMING UP WITH IJ TO PROTECT IMPORTANT CONSTITUTIONAL GUARANTEES BY

HOLDING JUDGES ACCOUNTABLE.

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IN 2014, JAMES KING, AN INNOCENT COLLEGE STUDENT, WAS MISTAKEN FOR A PETTY THIEF BY PLAINCLOTHES OFFICERS ACTING AS PART OF A JOINT FEDERAL-STATE TASK FORCE. WHEN THEY TOOK HIS WALLET, JAMES THOUGHT HE WAS BEING MUGGED AND TRIED TO FLEE. THE OFFICERS TACKLED HIM, BRUTALLY BEAT HIM, AND CHOKED HIM UNCONSCIOUS. WHEN THE OFFICERS RESPONSIBLE REALIZED THEIR MISTAKE, THEY CHARGED JAMES WITH SEVERAL VIOLENT FELONIES. EVENTUALLY, JAMES WAS FULLY ACQUITTED ON ALL CHARGES BY A JURY. BUT THE PROCESS OF CLEARING HIS NAME COST JAMES YEARS OF HIS LIFE AND HIS FAMILY'S ENTIRE SAVINGS. IN 2016, HE FILED A FEDERAL LAWSUIT AGAINST THE TASK FORCE MEMBERS. BUT GOVERNMENT IMMUNITY DOCTRINES MADE JAMES' OPTIONS EXTREMELY LIMITED AND PRACTICALLY IMPOSSIBLE. HE TEAMED UP WITH IJ TO VINDICATE HIS RIGHTS AND ENSURE THAT OTHER AMERICANS COULD HOLD THE GOVERNMENT TO ACCOUNT WHEN IT VIOLATES THE CONSTITUTION. IN FEBRUARY 2021, THE U.S. SUPREME COURT ISSUED ITS DECISION REJECTING THE GOVERNMENT'S REQUEST TO CREATE A NEW KIND OF IMMUNITY FOR THE OFFICERS. THE DECISION WAS MIXED IN THAT IT DIDN'T CATEGORICALLY RULE FOR POLICE VICTIMS EITHER. INSTEAD, IT SENT THE CASE BACK TO THE U.S. COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE 6TH CIRCUIT TO RESOLVE AN ISSUE ABOUT WHETHER POLICE VICTIMS CAN BRING SEVERAL DIFFERENT CLAIMS IN A SINGLE SUIT. UNFORTUNATELY, THE 6TH CIRCUIT CITED OUTDATED CASE LAW TO APPLY IMMUNITY AND LET THE GOVERNMENT OFF THE HOOK. NOW, IJ IS ASKING THE U.S. SUPREME COURT TO HEAR THE CASE ONCE AGAIN.

ROSALES V. BRADSHAW

IN 2018, MARIO ROSALES WAS DRIVING HOME WHEN HE PASSED AN OFF-DUTY

CHAVES COUNTY, NEW MEXICO SHERIFF'S DEPUTY. IN A FIT OF ROAD RAGE, THE

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DEPUTY FOLLOWED MARIO HOME, BLOCKED HIM IN THE DRIVEWAY, AND ULTIMATELY

POINTED A GUN AT HIM. THE DEPUTY LOST HIS JOB AND WAS CONVICTED OF

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT, BUT WHEN MARIO SUED HIM, A FEDERAL COURT DISMISSED

HIS SUIT BECAUSE OF QUALIFIED IMMUNITY. GOVERNMENT AGENTS ARE NOT

ENTITLED TO IMMUNITY FOR ACTIONS OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF THEIR JOB, AND

POINTING A GUN AT A NON-THREATENING PERSON IS CLEARLY ESTABLISHED AS

UNCONSTITUTIONAL. MARIO HAS JOINED WITH IJ TO APPEAL THIS DECISION TO

THE 10TH CIRCUIT AND HOLD THE OFFICER ACCOUNTABLE.

ROSALES V. LEWIS, ET AL.

NOW LIVING IN LOUISIANA, IN JUNE 2022, MARIO ROSALES FROM THE CASE

DESCRIBED ABOVE AND HIS GIRLFRIEND GRACIE WERE DRIVING HOME FROM WORK.

THEY WEREN'T DOING ANYTHING SUSPICIOUS, AND MARIO WAS FOLLOWING THE

TRAFFIC LAWS. DESPITE THAT, A POLICE VEHICLE FOLLOWED AND IMMEDIATELY

PULLED MARIO OVER. WHEN MARIO AND GRACIE ASKED WHY THEY HAD BEEN PULLED

OVER, THE OFFICERS ANSWERED THAT MARIO FAILED TO USE HIS TURN SIGNAL 
BUT MULTIPLE RECORDINGS OF THE INCIDENT CLEARLY SHOW THAT MARIO USED

HIS BLINKER. OVER 20 MINUTES AFTER PULLING OVER MARIO AND GRACIE, THE

OFFICERS LET THEM GO. THE CONSTITUTION PROTECTS AGAINST THIS

STOP-FIRST-JUSTIFY-LATER FORM OF POLICING. THAT IS WHY MARIO AND GRACIE

HAVE SUED THE POLICE OFFICERS AND THE CITY OF ALEXANDRIA, LOUISIANA 
TO ENFORCE THE CONSTITUTIONAL BOUNDARIES THAT ARE SUPPOSED TO PROTECT

MOTORISTS FROM BOGUS TRAFFIC STOPS THAT TURN INTO FREE-FOR-ALL FISHING

EXPEDITIONS FOR CRIMES.

REEVES V. COUNTY OF WAYNE, ET AL.

**Employer identification number** Name of the organization 52-1744337 INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE FOUR YEARS AGO, ROBERT REEVES' CAR WAS SEIZED BY POLICE IN DETROIT USING CIVIL FORFEITURE. IN 2020, HE PARTNERED WITH IJ TO FILE THE FEDERAL CLASS ACTION LAWSUIT TO PUT AN END TO WAYNE COUNTY'S UNCONSTITUTIONAL PRACTICE OF SEIZING CARS FROM INNOCENT MOTORISTS DESCRIBED ABOVE. WITHIN TWO WEEKS OF FILING THE SUIT, WAYNE COUNTY PROSECUTORS BEGAN TO WAGE A WAR OF RETRIBUTION AGAINST ROBERT. THEY FILED TWO FELONY CHARGES AGAINST ROBERT AND THEN ATTEMPTED TO LEVERAGE THOSE CHARGES TO DERAIL HIS FEDERAL CLASS ACTION LAWSUIT. WHEN A JUDGE DISMISSED THAT, THEY DIDN'T GIVE UP. INSTEAD, THEY FILED A SECOND SET OF IDENTICAL CHARGES, WHICH WERE ONCE AGAIN DISMISSED FOR LACK OF EVIDENCE. TO ENSURE THAT NO ONE ELSE IS THREATENED WITH JAIL TIME FOR DARING TO HOLD GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS ACCOUNTABLE, ROBERT JOINED IJ TO FILE A SECOND LAWSUIT AGAINST WAYNE COUNTY FOR THEIR HARASSMENT AGAINST HIM.

# POLLREIS V. MARZOLF

IN DECEMBER 2021, IJ FILED A CERT PETITION ASKING THE U.S. SUPREME

COURT TO TAKE UP AN UNCONSTITUTIONAL ARREST CASE ON BEHALF OF TWO BOYS

WHO WERE HANDCUFFED AND HELD AT GUNPOINT WHILE WALKING HOME FROM THEIR

GRANDMOTHER'S HOUSE IN 2018. A DISTRICT COURT FOUND THAT THE OFFICER

WAS NOT ENTITLED TO QUALIFIED IMMUNITY FOR VIOLATING THE BOYS' FOURTH

AMENDMENT RIGHTS, BUT THE 8TH CIRCUIT HELD THAT QUALIFIED IMMUNITY

SHIELDS THE OFFICER BECAUSE THE BOYS HAD NEVER BEEN "ARRESTED" AT ALL.

THIS CONTINUES A GROWING TREND OF FEDERAL COURTS CONSIDERING HIGHLY

INTRUSIVE, SOMETIMES VIOLENT LAW ENFORCEMENT CONDUCT AS

CONSTITUTIONALLY PERMISSIBLE ENCOUNTERS. IN JANUARY 2022, THE HIGH

COURT DENIED THE BOYS' PETITION. THE CASE CONTINUES THROUGH IJ'S

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SEPARATE APPEAL TO THE 8TH CIRCUIT ON BEHALF OF THE BOYS' MOTHER, CASSI

POLLREIS, WHO AN OFFICER THREATENED WITH A TASER, DESPITE DENYING THE

OFFICER QUALIFIED IMMUNITY ON THE BOYS' CLAIMS, THE DISTRICT COURT

GRANTED IMMUNITY ON CASSI'S. BUT POLICE CANNOT DRAW WEAPONS ON

BYSTANDERS WHO POSE NO THREAT.

SCHOTT V. BABB, MOLINA, SALAZAR, AND BEXAR CO., TEXAS

ALEK SCHOTT WAS DRIVING HOME FROM A WORK TRIP WHEN A BEXAR COUNTY

SHERIFF'S DEPUTY PULLED HIM OVER. THE DEPUTY CALLED A DRUG DOG TO

SEARCH HIS TRUCK, AND THE DOG ALLEGEDLY ALERTED TO THE PRESENCE OF

DRUGS. POLICE PROCEEDED TO TEAR APART ALEK'S TRUCK, BUT THEY FOUND

NOTHING BECAUSE THERE WAS NOTHING TO FIND. FROM THE VERY BEGINNING, THE

TRAFFIC STOP WAS UNCONSTITUTIONAL. FOOTAGE FROM ALEK'S OWN DASHCAM

SHOWS HE NEVER DRIFTED LANES. THE FOURTH AMENDMENT PROHIBITS

STOP-FIRST, JUSTIFY-LATER POLICING. IN ALEK'S CASE, THE DEPUTY USED AN

UNJUSTIFIED TRAFFIC STOP TO PROBE INTO CRIMES ALEK HADN'T COMMITTED.

ALEK IS PARTNERING WITH IJ TO SUE THE DEPUTIES AND BEXAR COUNTY FOR

VIOLATING HIS FOURTH AMENDMENT RIGHTS BECAUSE IF WE THE PEOPLE MUST

FOLLOW THE LAW, GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS MUST FOLLOW THE CONSTITUTION.

ERMA WILSON V. MIDLAND COUNTY

FORMER ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY RALPH PETTY OF MIDLAND, TEXAS, SPENT

HIS DAYS PROSECUTING CRIMINAL CASES AND HIS NIGHTS ACTING AS A LAW

CLERK ON THE VERY CASES HE WAS PROSECUTING. IJ CLIENT ERMA WILSON

CANNOT PURSUE HER DREAM OF BECOMING A NURSE BECAUSE OF A FELONY DRUG

CONVICTION FOLLOWING A TAINTED TRIAL PROSECUTED BY PETTY - WHO AS A

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CLERK ALSO DRAFTED THE FINAL JUDGMENT AND SENTENCING ORDER AGAINST HER.

FOR 20 YEARS, PETTY ACTED ON BOTH SIDES OF THE BENCH IN MORE THAN 300

CASES. SUCH A PLAIN CONFLICT OF INTEREST VIOLATES THE RIGHT TO A FAIR

AND IMPARTIAL COURT OF LAW. SO, IN APRIL 2022, ERMA JOINED WITH IJ TO

FILE A LAWSUIT AGAINST PETTY, OTHER RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS, AND MIDLAND

COUNTY ITSELF. A VICTORY IN THIS CASE WILL PUT OTHER PROSECUTORS AND

JUDGES ON NOTICE ABOUT THE LIMITS OF THEIR IMMUNITY.

CENTRAL SPECIALTIES INC. V. LARGE

IN 2017, A COUNTY TRAFFIC ENGINEER IN MINNESOTA CREATED A NEW WEIGHT

LIMIT FOR TRUCKS TRAVELING ON THE HIGHWAY. THEN, AN HOUR LATER, HE

PRETENDED TO BE A TRAFFIC COP BY PULLING OVER TWO TRUCKS, DETAINING THE

DRIVERS FOR HOURS, AND CALLING STATE TROOPERS TO COME GIVE THE DRIVERS

TICKETS. DESPITE TRAFFIC STOPS BEING COMPLETELY OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF

THE ENGINEER'S JOB, THE 8TH CIRCUIT COURT GRANTED HIM QUALIFIED

IMMUNITY FOR THE UNCONSTITUTIONAL STOPS. THIS DECISION RUNS IN THE FACE

OF THE U.S. SUPREME COURT'S PRECEDENT ON QUALIFIED IMMUNITY AND THIS

NATION'S HISTORICAL PRACTICES. SO, IJ AND OWNER OF THE TRUCKS, CENTRAL

SPECIALTIES, INC. (CSI), TEAMED UP TO ASK THE HIGH COURT TO WEIGH IN

AND STOP THIS EXPANSION OF QUALIFIED IMMUNITY FOR ROGUE GOVERNMENT

AGENTS. IN OCTOBER 2022, THE SUPREME COURT REJECTED IJ'S APPEAL TO

REVIEW THE CASE.

ANILAO, ET AL. V. SPOTA, ET AL.

A GROUP OF IMMIGRANT NURSES (UNDER THE GUIDANCE OF ATTORNEY FELIX

VINLUAN) RESIGNED FROM SENTOSA NURSING HOME AFTER SENTOSA BROKE ITS

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CONTRACT WITH THE WORKERS. SENTOSA THEN ATTEMPTED MULTIPLE EFFORTS TO

PUNISH THE NURSES, DESPITE THE FACT THE NURSES WERE REPEATEDLY FOUND TO

HAVE DONE NOTHING WRONG. IN 2009, A NEW YORK APPELLATE COURT ORDERED

THAT THE PROSECUTION OF THE NURSES BE STOPPED BECAUSE THE SUFFOLK

COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY OFFICE BROUGHT CHARGES "WITHOUT OR IN EXCESS

OF JURISDICTION." IN DECEMBER 2022, WITH THE HELP OF IJ, THE NURSES AND

FELIX ASKED THE UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT TO HEAR THEIR CASE AGAINST

THE OFFICIALS FROM THE COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY OFFICE WHO BROUGHT

FORWARD THE BOGUS CHARGES. PROSECUTORS ARE NOT ABOVE THE LAW, AND WHEN

THEY BLATANTLY VIOLATE PEOPLE'S RIGHTS, THEY SHOULD BE HELD

ACCOUNTABLE. SADLY, IN APRIL 2023, THE SUPREME COURT DECLINED TO HEAR

THE CASE.

J.T.H., ET AL. V. COOK

IN MAY 2018, A 15-YEAR-OLD BOY WAS SEXUALLY ABUSED BY BRANDON COOK, A

DEPUTY IN THE SCOTT COUNTY, MISSOURI, SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT. A FEW

MONTHS AFTER THE ASSAULT, THE BOY'S PARENTS THREATENED TO SUE BRANDON

COOK'S EMPLOYER, SCOTT COUNTY, FOR ITS NEGLIGENCE IN ALLOWING BRANDON 
WHO HAD BEEN DISCIPLINED IN PREVIOUS LAW ENFORCEMENT JOBS - TO SERVE AS

A DEPUTY. ONLY SEVEN WEEKS AFTER THAT THREAT, THE PARENTS FOUND

THEMSELVES SUBJECT TO AN INTRUSIVE INVESTIGATION FOR CHILD NEGLECT BY A

CHILD-WELFARE INVESTIGATOR IN SCOTT COUNTY, SPRING COOK, WHO CLAIMED

THAT THE PARENTS WERE THE ONES TO BLAME FOR LETTING THEIR SON BE

SEXUALLY ABUSED. AFTER THEY WERE EXONERATED, THEY SUED THE CPS OFFICER.

BUT ACCORDING TO THE COURT, THERE IS NO SUCH THING AS CONSTITUTIONAL

PROTECTION FROM RETALIATORY INVESTIGATION. INVESTIGATIONS CAN BE AN

EFFECTIVE TOOL FOR INTIMIDATION, AND GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS ACROSS THE

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IDEOLOGICAL SPECTRUM WEAPONIZE THIS POWER TO PUNISH THOSE WHO SPEAK OUT

AGAINST THEM. IJ TEAMED UP WITH THE PARENTS IN THE U.S. SUPREME COURT

TO GIVE THEM THEIR DAY IN COURT. THE COURT DECLINED TO HEAR THE CASE IN

JANUARY 2023.

### YASSIN V. WEYKER

IFRAH YASSIN WAS ONE OF SEVERAL IMMIGRANTS WHOSE LIVES WERE UPENDED BY ST. PAUL POLICE OFFICER HEATHER WEYKER. IT IS WELL DOCUMENTED THAT WEYKER FABRICATED A CRIME RING AND SINGLE-HANDEDLY RUINED THE LIVES OF DOZENS OF PEOPLE SHE LANDED IN FEDERAL PRISON OVER A FICTITIOUS STORY. IFRAH STOOD TRIAL - FACING LIFE IN PRISON - AND WAS ULTIMATELY FOUND NOT GUILTY. A FEDERAL APPEALS COURT HAS STATED CLEARLY THAT WEYKER LIED. BECAUSE WEYKER WAS ALSO DEPUTIZED AS A FEDERAL OFFICER TO WORK ON A JOINT STATE-FEDERAL TASK FORCE, BOTH FEDERAL AND STATE COURTS REJECTED IFRAH'S EFFORTS TO HOLD WEYKER ACCOUNTABLE. NO POLICE OFFICER SHOULD BE ABLE TO LIE, RUIN AN INNOCENT PERSON'S LIFE, AND GET AWAY WITH IT. YET, NATIONWIDE, COURTS NOW GRANT OFFICERS WHO SERVE ON JOINT STATE-FEDERAL TASK FORCES BLANKET IMMUNITY FROM ACCOUNTABILITY WHEN THEY VIOLATE SOMEONE'S CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS. THAT'S WHY IJ, ON IFRAH'S BEHALF, ASKED THE U.S. SUPREME COURT TO HEAR IFRAH'S CASE. UNFORTUNATELY, IN FEBRUARY 2023, THE SUPREME COURT DECLINED TO HEAR HER APPEAL.

# MOHAMUD V. WEYKER

IN AUGUST 2021, IJ FILED A PETITION ASKING THE U.S. SUPREME COURT TO

TAKE UP A CASE CHALLENGING BLANKET IMMUNITY FOR FEDERAL OFFICIALS. A

Name of the organization **Employer identification number** 52-1744337 INSTITUTE FOR JUSTICE SOMALI REFUGEE NAMED HAMDI MOHAMUD WAS FRAMED BY A MINNESOTA POLICE

OFFICER (THE SAME OFFICER MENTIONED ABOVE) IN AN ATTEMPT TO SALVAGE A FABRICATED INVESTIGATION. THE OFFICER'S LIES SENT HAMDI TO FEDERAL DETENTION FOR TWO YEARS. ACCORDING TO THE 8TH CIRCUIT, THE OFFICER'S ROLE ON A JOINT FEDERAL-STATE TASK FORCE MEANS SHE CANNOT BE HELD ACCOUNTABLE AS A FEDERAL OFFICER FOR DERAILING A TEENAGER'S FUTURE. UNFORTUNATELY, THE HIGH COURT DENIED HER PETITION IN JUNE 2022. EVEN SO, THE 8TH CIRCUIT HELD THAT, IF HAMDI COULD SHOW THE OFFICER WAS ACTING AS A STATE OFFICER WHEN SHE VIOLATED THE CONSTITUTION, HAMDI'S CASE COULD MOVE FORWARD. WITH NEWLY DISCOVERED DOCUMENTS, HAMDI HAS RETURNED TO THE FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT TO PROVE THE OFFICER WAS ACTING AS A STATE OFFICER, EVEN WHILE SHE ACTED AS A FEDERAL OFFICER. IJ WILL CONTINUE THIS FIGHT UNTIL JUSTICE IS SECURED FOR THOSE WHOSE RIGHTS ARE VIOLATED BY FEDERAL OFFICERS AND OFFICIALS.

AMICUS BRIEFS FILED FY23 (JULY 1, 2022 - JUNE 30, 2023)

SEC V. MICHELLE COCHRAN

DAMIAN STINNIE, ET AL. V. RICHARD D. HOLCOMB, ET AL.

ARIYAN INC., DOING BUSINESS AS DISCOUNT CORNER, ET AL. V. SEWERAGE &

WATER BOARD OF NEW ORLEANS

LAFAYETTE CITY-PARISH CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT V. BENDEL PARTNERSHIP, ET

AL.

UNITED STATES V. LUIS SANCHEZ, ET AL.

HEALTH AND HOSPITAL CORP. OF MARION COUNTY, ET AL. V. IVANKA TALEVSKI,

ET AL.

SEATTLE EVENTS V. STATE OF WASHINGTON

STATE OF WASHINGTON V. CHARLES TATUM

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BRIAN TINGLEY V. ROBERT W. FERGUSON, ET AL.

BLACK LIVES MATTER D.C., ET AL. V. WILLIAM P. BARR, ET AL.

JAMES CERISIER V. CITY OF NEW YORK, ET AL.

RICHARD RODGERS V. CHARLES H. HUCKELBERRY, ET AL.

STATE OF INDIANA V. JEFFREY DIAZ, ET AL.

DAPHNE MOORE V. UNITED STATES

RAFAEL MARFIL, ET AL. V. CITY OF NEW BRAUNFELS, TX

CINDY MENDOZA, ET AL. V. KRIS STRICKLER, ET AL.

PRISCILLA VILLARREAL V. THE CITY OF LAREDO, TEXAS, ET AL.

RICHARD DEVILLIER, ET AL. V. STATE OF TEXAS

JERRY ROGERS, JR. V. RANDY SMITH, SHERIFF, ET AL.

HANNA KARCHO POLSELLI, ET AL. V. IRS

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF MICHIGAN V. TRAVIS MICHAEL JOHNSON

FLORENCE OWNER 1, LLC, ET AL. V. DUKE ENERGY KENTUCKY, INC.

KEVIN CLARKE, ET AL. V. CFTC

DENISE MEJIA V. WESLEY MILLER, ET AL.

MARK MCDONALD, ET AL. V. KRISTINA D. LAWSON, ET AL.

OYOMA ASINOR, ET AL./ALEXANDER CAMERON, ET AL. V. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,

ET AL. (SIGN ON AMICUS)

THE CIVIL SURVIVAL PROJECT, ET AL. V. STATE OF WASHINGTON, ET AL.

INGE BERGE V. SCHOOL COMMITTEE OF GLOUCESTER, ET AL.

KALEY CHILES V. PATTY SALAZAR, ET AL.

GERALDINE TYLER, ET, AL. V. HENNEPIN COUNTY, ET AL.

SOUTH CAROLINA STATE CONFERENCE OF THE NAACP, ET AL. V. ALAN WILSON

GARRETT SMITH, ET AL. V. STATE OF GEORGIA, EX REL. JOSEPH K. MULHOLLAND

THE GYM 24/7 FITNESS, LLC, ET AL. V. STATE OF MICHIGAN

DIJON SHARPE V. WINTERVILLE POLICE DEPARTMENT, ET AL.

TEXAS DEPT. OF INSURANCE, ET AL. V. STONEWATER ROOFING, LTD. CO.

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